

April 15, 1935

[Treaty on the Protection of Artistic and Scientific
Institutions and Historic Monuments]

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Reading Copy

The President's remarks Monday,
April fifteenth incident to the signing
of the Treaty on the Protection of Artistic
and Scientific Institutions and Historic
Monuments.

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"It is most appropriate that on this day, desig-
nated as Pan American Day by the Chief Executives of
all the Republics of the American Continent, the Gov-
ernments, members of the Pan American Union, should
sign a treaty which marks a step forward in the preser-
vation of the cultural achievements of the nations of
this Hemisphere. In opening this Pact to the adherence
of the nations of the world, we are endeavoring to make
of universal application one of the principles vital to
the preservation of modern civilization.

"This treaty possesses a spiritual significance far
deeper than the text of the instrument itself. It is
but one of the many expressions of that basic doctrine

of continental responsibility and continental
solidarity which means so much to the present and
to the future of the American Republics.

"On the occasion of this celebration of Pan
American Day let us again dedicate ourselves to the
task of translating into deeds the essential unity
of interest of the nations of this Continent. Let
us also bring renewed allegiance to those high prin-
ciples of international cooperation and helpfulness
which, I feel assured, will be a great contribution
to civilization by the Americas."

HOLD FOR RELEASE

FOR THE PRESS

April 13, 1935.

CONFIDENTIAL UNTIL RELEASED

OPTION:

The following remarks of the President to be delivered on Monday, April fifteenth (15th) during the ceremonies incident to the signing of the Treaty on the Protection of Artistic and Scientific Institutions and Historic Monuments, MUST BE HELD in strict confidence until released for publication.

RELEASE UPON DELIVERY, expected about noon.

NOTE: - Please safeguard against premature release.

STEPHEN EARLY
Assistant Secretary to the President

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It is most appropriate that on this day, designated as Pan American Day by the Chief Executives of all the Republics of the American Continent, the Governments, members of the Pan American Union, should sign a treaty which marks a step forward in the preservation of the cultural achievements of the nations of this Hemisphere. In opening this Pact to the adherence of the nations of the world, we are endeavoring to make of universal application one of the principles vital to the preservation of modern civilization.

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April 15, 1935

The following is for release in the AFTERNOON newspapers
of Monday, April 15th.

Please safeguard against premature release.

STEPHEN EARLY
Assistant Secretary to the President

In the presence of President Roosevelt, the Treaty on the Protection of Artistic and Scientific Institutions and Historic Monuments will be signed today at twelve o'clock noon in the Executive Offices. Plenipotentiaries of the United States, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Uruguay, Peru, Colombia and Venezuela will affix their signatures to the instrument, the Honorable Henry A. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, signing for the United States.

This treaty was prepared by the Pan American Union in pursuance of a Resolution of the Seventh International Conference of American States meeting in Montevideo, Uruguay, adopted on December 16, 1933, and recommending the adherence of all States members of the Pan American Union.

April 15, which is Pan American Day, was chosen as a fitting date for the signature of the Treaty. After today the Treaty will be open to signature by all nations of the world including those not members of the Pan American Union.

The Treaty provides for the protection of historic monuments, museums, scientific, artistic, religious and cultural institutions in time of peace as well as in time of war. It provides also for the deposit with the Pan American Union by each signatory nation of a list of the monuments and institutions for which protection is desired. It is the duty of the Pan American Union to furnish all adhering nations with copies of such lists.

Following the President's address, speeches will be made by the Honorable Henry A. Wallace, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Honorable Ricardo J. Alfaro, Minister of Panama to the United States, and Dr. Louis L. Horch, President of the Roerich Museum of New York.

Those present at the ceremony will include: The Secretary of State, the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Sumner Welles, Mr. Edwin C. Wilson, Chief of the Division of Latin American Affairs of the Department of State, Mr. Richard Southgate, Acting Chief, Division of Protocol and Conferences of the Department of State; Mr. Sydney Y. Smith, Department of State; Dr. Leo S. Rowe, Director General, and Mr. E. Gil Borges, Assistant Director, Pan American Union; the members of the Governing Board of the Pan American Union, and the Officers and Trustees of the Roerich Museum of New York.

(NOTE: Further information will be given by the Pan American Union. This will include an advance on the address to be delivered by Secretary Wallace and texts of other speeches.
STEPHEN EARLY)

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"It is most appropriate that on this day, designated as Pan American Day by the Chief Executives of all the Republics of the American Continent, the Governments, members of the Pan American Union, should sign a treaty which marks a step forward in the preservation of the cultural achievements of the nations of this Hemisphere. In opening this Pact to the adherence of the nations of the world, we are endeavoring to make of universal application one of the principles vital to the preservation of modern civilization.

"This treaty possesses a spiritual significance far deeper than the text of the instrument itself. It is but one of the many expressions of that basic doctrine

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ciples of international cooperation and helpfulness
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PRESS RELEASE

THE WHITE HOUSE

APRIL 15, 1935.

In the presence of President Roosevelt, the Treaty on the Protection of Artistic and Scientific Institutions and Historic Monuments ^{will be} ~~was~~ signed today at twelve o'clock noon in the Executive Offices. Plenipotentiaries of the United States, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Uruguay and Venezuela ^{will} ~~A~~ affixed their signatures to the instrument, the Honorable Henry A. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, signing for the United States.

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Union

Union by each signatory nation of a list of the monuments and institutions for which protection is desired. It is the duty of the Pan American Union to furnish all adhering nations with copies of such lists.

At the conclusion of the ceremony of signing the Treaty the President ^{will make} ~~make~~ the following remarks in an international radio broadcast:

Reading copy for the President

"It is most appropriate that on this day, designated as Pan American Day by the Chief Executives of all the Republics of the American Continent, the Governments, members of the Pan American Union, should sign a treaty which marks a step forward in the preservation of the cultural achievements of the nations of this Hemisphere. In opening this Pact to the adherence of the nations of the world, we are endeavoring to make of universal application one of the principles vital to the preservation of modern civilization.

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us also bring renewed allegiance to those high principles of international cooperation and helpfulness which, I feel assured, will be a great contribution to civilization by the Americas."

Following the President's address, speeches ~~were~~^{would be} made by the Honorable Henry A. Wallace, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Honorable Ricardo J. Alfaro, Minister of Panama to the United States, and Dr. Louis L. Horch, President of the Roerich Museum of New York.
~~and~~^{would include:} Present at the ceremony ~~were~~^{would be}: The Secretary of State, the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Sumner Welles, Mr. Edwin F. Wilson, Chief of the Division of Latin American Affairs of the Department of State, Mr. Richard Southgate, Acting Chief, Division of Protocol and Conferences of the Department of State; Mr. Sydney Y. Smith, Department of State; Dr. Leo S. Rowe, Director General, and Mr. E. Gil Borges, Assistant Director, Pan American Union; the members of the Governing Board of the Pan American Union, and the Officers and Trustees of the Roerich Museum of New York.

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Nations signing Roerich Pact-April 1b, 1936

↳ United States

↳ Brazil	Mr. Oswaldo Aranha (Amb)	Potomac 1034
↳ Chile	Senor Don Manuel Trucco (Amb)	North 0747
↳ Dominican Republic	Senor Don Rafael Brache (Min)	Adams 5745
↳ Ecuador	Senor Capitan C E Alfarro (Min)	National 3954
↳ El Salvador	Senor D H David Castro (Min)	Columbia 5786
↳ Guatemala	Senor D A Recinos (Min)	Decatur 2240
↳ Honduras	Senor Don M Paz Baraona (Min)	Columbia 2000
↳ Mexico	Senor D F Castillo Majera (Amb)	Columbia 4514
↳ Nicaragua	Senor D Henri De Mayle Charge d'Affaires	Potomac 3265
↳ Panama	Senor R J Alfarro (Min)	Potomac 3780
↳ Uruguay	Mr. J. Michaling (Min)	Me 0831
↳ Bolivia	Senor D E Finot (Min)	Na 0812
↳ Venezuela	Senor D P Manuel Arcaya (Min)	Potomac 0670
↳ Cuba	Senor G. Patterson y de Jauregui (Amb)	Columbia 7984
↳ Costa Rica	Senor Don Manuel Gonzalez-Zeledon (Min)	Columbia 2773
↳ Haiti	Mr. Albert Blanchet (Min)	North 9256
↳ Peru	Senor Don Manuel de Freyre y Santander (Amb)	Potomac 3404
↳ Colombia	Senor Alberto Gonzalez-Fernandez (Secy. of Legation and Charge d'Affaires)	National 7125