Franklin D. Roosevelt — “The Great Communicator”
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1944 July 7

Toast of the President to General Charles DeGaulle
I think we will all agree that this is an historic occasion we will remember all the rest of our lives. A great many of us know France personally. A great many of us were there in our childhood, or in our young manhood. There is something about France that doesn't exist anywhere else in the world. I think you know what I mean. It is the spirit of civilization that endears itself not just to us but to all the world, all the people who ever go there, and that includes the people of France.

During these past four years a great many of us -- all of us -- have been thinking about what France has gone through. And so time has gone on, and we have seen the dawn of the new day for France, the complete liberation of that civilization which will go back not just to what it was before, but to something even more appealing, something even greater than before this war.

We are enlisted in this country in the great task of bringing that great day, the liberation of France, even closer. When that day has come, and the government of France is restored to its own people, a great many of us will want to be there and see France, see the rejuvenated France, and taking its rightful place among all the nations.
This is a transcript made by the White House stenographer from his shorthand notes taken at the time the speech was made. Underlining indicates words extemporaneously added to the previously prepared reading copy text. Words in parentheses are words that were omitted when the speech was delivered, though they appear in the previously prepared reading copy text.
So today -- there is going to be another Toast, but this one, first, I want to drink to the speeding up of the complete liberation of France.

(the Toast was drunk)

GENERAL DE GAULLE: (a translation)

I have the honor to answer your Toast, and this reply will be to tell you very simply that I reciprocate your feelings. You have spoken of France as a friend. You are this friend. The French people know this and thank you.

France has been completely submerged, but there are no events which can change her nature. When a nation is not dead its greatness can be recreated. I am convinced that the trials we have gone through will be the starting point of France's greatness, which will be in conformity with the principles you have mentioned, and with the deep friendship between our two countries.

Of this friendship you have spoken admirably. We shall remember, and we are resolved that our two countries shall continue in this friendship.

I raise my glass to the President who was, who is and who will remain the great friend of France, and to the American people.

(the Toast was drunk)
THE PRESIDENT:

Now I want to say, shall I call it a personal word. A year ago last January, at Casablanca, General de Gaulle and I met for the first time. I am glad this has been the second time, and most assuredly there will be a third time and many other times.

There are a lot of troublemakers in the world. I won't refer just to certain elements of the press in Algiers, and in Washington. That is with us always. But after all, the profession lives by stirring up controversy. That is an inherent part of our public information, which is not always correct.

There are all kinds of problems, most of them what might be called technical, or detailed, or local, which can be resolved by the meeting of the leaders -- the old idea that if you get around the table with a man you can solve anything.

There are no great problems between the French and the Americans, or between General de Gaulle and myself. They are all working out awfully well, without exception. They are going to work out all right, if they will just leave a few of us alone to sit around the table.

General de Gaulle and I have been talking this morning about all kinds of things all over the world. We have talked about controversial things -- controversial to the press, but really not controversial at all -- things that we are in complete agreement on, things for the future of the
world, things to prevent war in the future of the world, to
disarm Germany, to see that this kind of thing that has been
happening for the last five years shall not happen again for
the next fifty.

And, therefore, it has been a great privilege to have
General de Gaulle come over here to talk about these things,
quietly, and to work out plans not just for the future of
France but also plans for the future of the world, the cause of
our objectives, our common objectives on which we are all
agreed.

Therefore, it seems that at this meeting even now --
and it isn't over yet -- we will do even more.

I call it historic because it is going to have a great
influence on all of humanity, on a great many countries and a
great many continents. We can work these problems out if we
keep on meeting the way we are meeting now.

It is a real pleasure to have him with us, and as I
said before, something is being done for the good of the world.
And that is why I think we can all tell the General from the
bottom of our hearts how very happy we are to have him here in
this common effort. The liberation of France is, of course,
the most important of all. Every German boot we want out of
France, once and for all. And when that day comes, we will all
breathe much more happily and much more safely, not only during
our lifetime but the lifetimes of our children.

So I propose the health of General de Gaulle, our
friend.

(the Toast was drunk)
I think we will all agree that this is an historic
class we will remember all the rest of our lives. A great
many of us know France personally. A great many of us were there
in our childhood, or in our young manhood. There is something about
France that doesn't exist anywhere else in the world. I think you
know what I mean. It's the spirit of civilization that endears
itself, not just to us but to all the world, all the people who ever
go there, and that includes the people of France.

During these past four years a great many of us -- all of
us -- have been thinking about what France has gone through. And
so time has gone on, and we have seen the dawn of the new day for
France, the complete liberation of that civilization which will go
back, not just to what it was before, but something even more appeal-
ing, something even greater than before this war.

We are in this country enlisted in the great task of
bringing that great day, the liberation of France, even closer.
When that day has come, and the government of France is restored to
its own people, a great many of us will want to be there and see
Frances, see rejuvenated France taking its rightful place
among all the nations.

So today -- there is going to be another toast, but this
one, first, I want to drink to the speeding up of the complete
liberation of France.

(the Toast was drunk, and General de Gaulle replied
in French)
GENERAL DE GAULLE: (English translation)

I have the honor to answer your toast, and this reply will be to tell you very simply that I reciprocate your feelings. You have spoken of France as a friend. You are this friend. The French people know this and thank you.

France has been completely submerged, but there are no events which can change her nature. When a nation is not dead its greatness can be recreated. I am convinced that the trials we have gone through will be the starting point of France's greatness, which will be in conformity with the principles you have mentioned, and with the deep friendship between our two countries. Of this friendship you have spoken admirably. We shall remember, and we are resolved that our two countries shall continue in this friendship.

I raise my glass to the President who was, who is and who will remain the great friend of France, and to the American people.

(The toast was drunk)
THE PRESIDENT:

Now I want to say, shall I call it a personal word. Ever since a year ago last January, at Casablanca, General de Gaulle and I met for the first time. I am glad it has been the second time, and most assuredly there will be a third time and many other times.

There are a lot of troublemakers in the world. I won't refer to just certain elements of the press in Algiers, and in Washington. That is with us always. But after all, the profession lives by stirring up controversy. That is an inherent part of our public information, which is not always correct.

There are all kinds of problems, most of them what might be called technical, or detailed, or local, which can be resolved by the meeting of the leaders. The old idea that if you get around the table with a man you can solve anything.

There are no great problems between French and the Americans, or between General de Gaulle and myself. They are all working out awfully well, without exception. They are going to work out all right, if they will just leave a few of us alone to sit around the table.

General de Gaulle and I have been talking about all kinds of things this morning all over the world. We have talked about controversial things -- controversial to the press, but really not controversial at all -- things that we are in complete agreement on, things for the future of the world, things to prevent war in the future of the world, to disarm Germany, to see that this kind of thing that has been happening for the last five years shall not
happen again for the next fifty.

And, therefore, it has been a great privilege to have General de Gaulle come over here to talk about these things, quietly, and to work out plans not just for the future of France but also plans for the future of the world, because of our objectives, our common objectives which we are all agreed.

Therefore, it seems that this meeting even now -- and it isn't over -- we will do even more.

I called it historic because it is going to have a great influence on all of humanity, on a great many countries, and a great many continents. We can work these problems out if we keep on meeting the way we are meeting now.

It is a real pleasure to have him with us, and as I said before, something is being done for the good of the world. And that is why I think we can all, from the bottom of our hearts, tell the General how very happy we are to have him here in this common effort. The liberation of France is, of course, the most important of all. Every German boot we want out of France, once and for all. And when that day comes, we will all breathe much more happily and much more safely, not only during our lifetime but the lifetimes of our children.

So I propose the health of General de Gaulle, our friend.

(the Toast was drunk)
Monsieur le President,

J'ai l'honneur de répondre à votre toast et cette réponse sera pour vous dire très simplement que je partage vos sentiments. Vous avez parlé de la France comme un ami en parle. Vous êtes cet ami. Tous les français le savent et vous en remercient. Cette France a été entièrement submergée mais il n'y a pas d'événements qui puissent changer sa nature. Quant un peuple n'est pas mort on peut faire réapparaître sa grandeur. Je suis persuadé que les événements que nous avons traversés seront le point de départ de sa grandeur et sera conforme aux principes que vous avez énoncés et à l'amitié profonde entre nos deux pays. De cette amitié profonde vous avez admirablement parlée. Nous nous en souviendrons et sommes bien résolus que nos deux pays continueront cette amitié.

Je lève mon verre à Monsieur le President qui fut, qui est, et qui restera le grand ami de la France, et au peuple américain.
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