December 18th, 1941.

The Honorable Franklin D. Roosevelt,

The President.

Dear Mr. President:

It is with pleasure I enclose herewith an expression of approval of your actions from the citizens of a community where I spent several years of my business career. I know these people intimately. They are sincere and fearless.

Cordially yours,

Hugh Butler

[Signature]

Hugh Butler
Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

To Senator Hugh H. Butler, Curtis, Nebr. December 12, 1941

Street and No. Senate Chamber,

Place Washington, D. C.

Democrats and Republicans, Administration Supporters and Opponents, in meeting assembled desire to convey through you to the President of the United States, Franklin D. Roosevelt, our One Hundred percent approval of his message delivered to our Congress on Monday, December 8th, 1941 and advise him of our further approval of all actions taken by himself and Congress since that date.

With many visitors present we are in unison in re-pledging our Allegiance;

To our God; To our Country; To our President;
To our People, and To our Flag,

Curtis Nebraska Rotary Club,

By D. O. Nelson.
December 22, 1941

My dear Senator Butler:

The President has asked me to thank you for your letter of December eighteenth. He is most appreciative of your courtesy in making available to him the splendid message sent to you by Mr. D. O. Nelson.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Honorable Hugh A. Butler,
United States Senate,
Washington, D. C.
B. ND371  MWX75N  30  WX  NEW YORK  NY  8=

PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT=

WHITE HOUSE  WASHINGTON  DC=

WE INTENTLY LISTENED TO YOUR ADDRESS AND WE ARE ALL WITH YOU IN AN ALL OUT EFFORT TO OBTAIN SPEEDY VICTORY AND PERMANENTLY RID OF THE WORLD OF THE FASCIST CANCER=

EMPLOYEES OF FIBRE YARN CO INC MEMBERS OF THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WAREHOUSE LOCAL 65

CIO.

65 CIO.

My dear Friends
December 10, 1941

My dear Friends:

Permit me, in the President's name, to thank you for your telegram. The pledges of patriotic support which have been received from the many, many loyal citizens in all parts of the country have given the President strength and courage to carry out the will of the American people.

Very sincerely yours,

STEPHEN EARLY
Secretary to the President

Fibre Yarn Company, Inc.,
The Wholesale and Retail Warehouse,
Local 65,
New York, N. Y.
My dear Mr. Davison:

Permit me, in the President's name, to thank you for your telegram. The pledges of patriotic support which have been received from the many, many loyal citizens in all parts of the country have given the President strength and courage to carry out the will of the American people.

For the splendid assurance conveyed in your message he is more appreciative than he can say.

Very sincerely yours,

STEPHEN EARLY
Secretary to the President
THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS NOW IN SESSION CONGRATULATE YOU ON YOUR MESSAGE TO CONGRESS. WE WANT YOU TO KNOW THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL SPEAKING FOR MORE THAN 340,000 MACHINISTS HAVE ALSO DECLARED WAR ON THE JAPANESE EMPIRE. WE ARE CALLING UPON OUR ENTIRE MEMBERSHIP TO ROLL UP THEIR SLEEVES AND GIVE EVERYTHING THEY HAVE FOR FULL SPEED AHEAD.

H W BROWN, INTERNATIONAL PRESIDENT
E C DAVISON GENERAL SECRETARY TREASURER
INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS.
December 12, 1941

My dear Joan:

Please accept the President's cordial thanks for your kind letter. Your approval of his address over the radio is especially gratifying to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Joan Harwood Cody,
3133 Standhope Avenue,
Raleigh,
North Carolina.
December 8, 1941

Dear Mr. President,

I heard your speech today at school (Dec. 8, 1941) and I liked it so well that when I got home I wanted to write you a letter. I am a girl of 12 years of age. My school is Fred Olds, name after Mr. Fred Olds, who was a citizen of America. My city and state is Raleigh, North Carolina. While I am writing this letter tonight I hear your speech again. With you as our president Germany and Japan can not win.

Yours Very Truly,
Joan Harwood Cody

P.S.

I am named after "Joan of Arc," and hope some day I can be as brave as she.
Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt
The White House
Washington, D.C.,

My dear Mr. President:

It was with a great deal of satisfaction that I listened to your address to the Congress on Monday; also your radio talk on Tuesday evening — it indeed made me feel proud to know that I am an American.

I have always been a Republican and have opposed many of your policies; in fact I have written in opposition to your foreign policy many times, but I now realize that you have been right in your analysis of the situation ever since Hitler began his overrunning of the various European States.

Our prayer is that you may be guided aright in the prosecution of this conflict and that you will be spared the opportunity to help us win the peace after final victory has been achieved.

Right shall prevail! I just wanted to express my gratitude for what you have already done, and are doing, to preserve America.

Respectfully yours,

John W. Burris

JWB/b
My dear President Roosevelt:

I want to tell you how thrilled I was by your speech to the Congress on Monday and your radio talk the other night.

Both speeches were wonderful! I am sure they inspired in every right-thinking American a keen appreciation of the seriousness of our position and of the fine way in which you are handling the situation.

Sincerely,

Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt
Washington
D. C.
December 12, 1941

My dear Mr. Adelman:

Please accept the President's cordial thanks for your kind letter. Your approval of his address over the radio is especially gratifying to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Frank Adelman, Esq.,
Adelman Bag and Burlap Company,
506-508 South Delaware Avenue,
Philadelphia,
Pennsylvania.
F.D.Roosevelt,
White House,
Washington D.C.

My Dear President;

I did listen to your heart breaking speech on the radio at 12.30 today, and would really try to express my gratitude and sincerity in you, as I and many millions have always wished and hoped for your good health and strength to pull us through this grave crisis that God only knows that we did not wish for.

I have been a constant supporter of your policies, from the day you entered office as Pres. of these U.S., as your foresight and views have always come true, and just as you predicted on all the important matters at home and abroad, same as your dear wife and our brilliant first Lady had said a few months ago when she stopped in this city, that we would wake up after the bombs drop on our city hall, so I hope and can see that we did awake since the terrible war started on us Sunday.

So my dear President and great leader, may God give you strength, health, and the always great courage to lead us to the greatest victory these U.S. ever achieved, and we all know that you can do this great job 100%, as you have proved this to your bitterest political foes and they are with you 100%, so keep up your great chin as the world is in your favor and the majority of the peoples.

And closing this letter we are all hoping and praying for a good and just peace for all the peoples and freedom from the terrible stagnation suffered by the dictators and murderers.

Always sincerely yours,
Adelman Bag & Burlap Co.

Frank Adelman
December 15, 1941

My dear Mr. Burris:

The President asks me to express
his thanks to you for your letter. He deeply
appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit
which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntire
Secretary to the President

John W. Burris, Esq.,
2074 Peasley Street,
Columbus,
Ohio.
Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt
The White House
Washington, D.C.

My dear Mr. President:

It was with a great deal of satisfaction that I listened to your address to the Congress on Monday; also your radio talk on Tuesday evening - it indeed made me feel proud to know that I am an American.

I have always been a Republican and have opposed many of your policies; in fact I have written in opposition to your foreign policy many times, but I now realize that you have been right in your analysis of the situation ever since Hitler began his overrunning of the various European States.

Our prayer is that you may be guided aright in the prosecution of this conflict and that you will be spared the opportunity to help us win the peace after final victory has been achieved.

Right shall prevail! I just wanted to express my gratitude for what you have already done, and are doing, to preserve America.

Respectfully yours,

John W. Burris

JWB/b
December 13, 1941

Dear Mr. Allen:

This is to acknowledge and thank you for your letter of December tenth. I am very glad to inform you that the word to which you call attention has already been corrected to read "unbounded". The interest which prompted you to write is greatly appreciated.

Very sincerely yours,

STEPHEN EARLY
Secretary to the President

Mr. Francis H. Allen,
215 La Grange Street,
West Roxbury, Massachusetts.
Mr. Stephen J. Early

Dear Sir:

May I express the hope that the slip of the tongue that made the President say "unbounded" in his recent address to Congress when he obviously meant "unbounded" may be corrected officially before it is too late? That was an historic address and it would be
unfortunate if the error should be perpetuated whenever the document is quoted in full. "Unfaltering" would perhaps have been a better word, and it seems likely that that may have been the word he really intended to use.

Yours very truly,

[Signature]

[Name]
Wrote to Mr. Early inquiring if the President would object to the distribution of recordings of speech proper of his Message to the Congress on Dec. 8, 1941, if distribution handled in a dignified manner, through such organizations as the National Association of Teachers of Speech, the Michigan Association of Speech Teachers and the National Educational Association, etc., states he would like to see it made available to every school child, every college student and every thinking adult in U.S. Dec. 11, 1941 Mr. Early replied that the White House has no objection whatever to distribution of recordings—and requested that the address be properly identified as to time, place of delivery, and that no commercial announcement or advertisement should be included therein.
December 11, 1941

My dear Miss Binninger:

The President asks me to thank you for your letter of December eighth, expressing approval of his address to the Congress. He also appreciates what you say about your interest in buying Defense Bonds.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Miss Fay Binninger,
320 East 176th Street,
Bronx,
New York.
320 East 176th St.
Bronx, N.Y.

December 8, 1941.

President Franklin D. Roosevelt
White House
Washington, D.C.

Honorable Sir,

May I take this liberty to say that it was a great privilege to hear your radio talk at noon today on the Japanese Act of Aggression and hope you will be staged to the American people for a long time to come.

While I had taken a 75mm Defense Band some time ago
and feel justly proud of my small offering. I hope circumstances will improve so as to permit me to take a larger one sometime in the near future.

Respectfully yours,

J. H. Dillingham.
December 17, 1941

My dear Miss Berger:

In compliance with your request of December eighth, I have pleasure in sending you herewith, the speech you desire.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Miss Katherine Berger,
1267 Sheridan Avenue,
Bronx, New York, N.Y.

Enclosure
December 8th, 1941

Secretary-to-the-President
White House,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Will you kindly send me a copy of the President's address given over the radio on Monday, December 8th, 1941.

Thanking you very much for your courtesy, I am,

Very truly yours,

(Miss) Katherine Berger
December 16, 1941

My dear Barbara:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your letter. He deeply appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Barbara June Caverlee,
1111 Princess Ann Street,
Fredericksburg,
Virginia.
December 8, 1941

My dear Mr. President,

I heard your speech today. It was a wonderful speech. I have never heard a better speech by any President. I know that the people of the U.S. are behind you. They will support you and the Army and Navy in this war.

I am hoping and praying for every boy in the Army and Navy and that they may come home alive. Our ten year old and my father is a Baptist Minister here in Fredericksburg.
Sincerely,

Barbara June Caverlee

130 Princess Anne Street
Fredericksburg, Va.

Barbara June Caverlee
1111 Princess Ann St.
Fredericksburg, Va.
December 12, 1941

My dear Mr. Clyde:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your communication. He deeply appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Lawrence Clyde, Esq.,
340 Riverside Drive,
New York, N. Y.
My dear Mr. Roosevelt,

I am deeply moved by your speech this day, and accept it in accord with your judgment and profound discretion.

340 Riverside Dr. Lawrence Clyde

Ackl 12-12-41 12/8/41
Derby Line, Vermont,
December 9th, 1941.

My dear Mr. McIntyre:

The President's message to Congress yesterday was indeed heartening. I am confident that, with his excellent leadership, we will be victorious in our war with Japan, and that again the forces of aggression shall be banished from the earth.

Yours faithfully,

M. H. McIntyre, Esq.,
The White House,
Washington, D. C.
Dec 8 '41

Dear President,
congratulations on your talk today.
We thank God that you are at the helm.

Mr and Mrs Jack Walter
Jackson Wyo.
December 17, 1941

My dear Mr. and Mrs. Dalton:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your post card. He deeply appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Dalton,
Jackson,
Wyoming.
First of all may
I congratulate you
yours, your wonderful
thought. Brief messages on
yesterday's radio? I think
it was just too marvelous
for Americans are mighty
proud of you.
The thing which worries me after the carelessness of those out at Hawaii, is that the Japs may try again to invade the U.S. from the rest of the Hitler hoodlums come in from the rest. God that you & our lovely country.

Sincerely,

Marjorie D. Daniels.
December 8, 1941

PERSONAL

Mr. Stephen T. Early
Secretary to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Steve:

As an old newspaperman yourself, I know you will understand my thrill today when I read the President's great message to Congress. I think it was the finest bit of writing--and speaking--I have ever seen or heard. I had my radio turned on to listen to it while I had the copy in my hand as it came over the wires.

There can be no doubt now that this country is 100 per cent behind the President in every respect. I am sure that you know, without my saying so, that we are working just hard--or harder--for our country these days as we are in our chosen profession.

I want you to know that I am completely with you in every way, and my services are always at your disposal in any way you want to use them.

Warmest regards,

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

BF:HS
December 12, 1941

PERSONAL

Dear Barry:

I am glad that you took time out of a busy day to write me that splendid letter of December eighth. Of course, I needed no assurance that your organization is working just as hard these days for the country as its members are in discharging the greatly increased duties and responsibilities of their respective jobs. Loyalty is a grand thing, both among men and organizations, and I am very glad that out of a very busy life you took time to tell me that your personal services are at my disposal in any way that they can be useful. This is an assurance that I shall be very happy to bear in mind. The times are serious and fraught with grave consequences. If need for your superior abilities arises, I shall not fail to call on you.

With every good wish,

Sincerely,

STEPHEN EARLY
Secretary to the President

Mr. Barry Faris,
Editor-in-Chief,
International News Service,
235 East 45th Street,
New York, N. Y.
My dear General Watson:

I would appreciate it if you would tell the President that as one plain American citizen I thought his brief address today before the joint session of the Congress was grand; just enough and without heroics. Inasmuch as Japan started this war, we must, of course, finish it—in Japan. But that does not mean that we should become involved in war with any other country that does not declare war against us, or commit a definite act of infamy as Japan did.

I take this opportunity of extending in advance the traditional Season's Greetings to the President and to Mrs. Roosevelt, and to yourself.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

H. T. Goodier

Major General Edwin M. Watson,  
Secretary to the President,  
The White House,  
Washington, D.C.
My dear Mrs. Harrison:

The President asks me to express his thanks for your letter. He deeply appreciates the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Mrs. Duncan B. Harrison,
"Casa Mia",
129 Beechmont Drive,
New Rochelle,
New York.
My dear Mr. President:

Heartiest congratulations upon your forceful, patriotic words uttered yesterday before The Joint Session of Congress. The entire Country I know is with you. It was one of my family who opened...
The door of Japan, he should have returned it instead.
With all good wishes

Sincerely always
Ethel Harrison

December eighth.
IOWAFALLS IOWA DEC 18 1941

HON FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES WHITE HOUSE

OUR HARDIN COUNTY IOWA AMERICAN LEGION AND AUXILIARY ASSOCIATIONS IN REGULAR SESSION COMMENDED YOU FOR YOUR EXCELLENT ADDRESS TO OUR NATION. AND YOUR MESSAGE TO CONGRESS. WE CONGRATULATE YOU FOR THE SKILLFUL MANNER IN WHICH YOU HAVE MET, AND ARE MEETING THE PRESENT EMERGENCY.

WE ARE BEHIND YOU 100 PERCENT

MARTIN RYKEN COUNTY COMMANDER MRS JAMES MCBRIDGE
COUNTY PRESIDENT.

100.

823P.
December 19, 1941

My dear Commander Ryken:

The President has asked me to thank you and Mrs. McBridge for your fine telegram of December eighteenth on behalf of the American Legion and Auxiliary Associations in Hardin County. Your approval of his address over the radio and his message to the Congress is especially gratifying to him. He also wants you to know that he deeply appreciates the expression of confidence in his leadership and pledge of support contained in your message.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Martin Ryken, Esq.,
County Commander, The American Legion,
Iowa Falls,
Iowa.
Dr. J. Glen Harrison  
Physician and Surgeon  
Spokane, Washington.  

466 Paulsen Building  
December 12, 1941  

Honorable Franklin D. Roosevelt  
President of the United States  
Washington, D. C.  

Honorable President:  

Your address to Congress following the dastardly attack on Hawaii and the Philippines was a noble effort, full of confidence that the people of this nation would rally after you to support your declaration of war against Japan, which Congress unanimously granted. The attack of Japan was the electric spark which welded the people of this country into a completely united support of your declaration of war, a unity which, I believe, had never been approached at any other time since you first took office.  

However, there has already been injected into the situation the factor which is going to undermine the confidence of not a few people of this nation. I refer to the enclosed clipping by David Lawrence which appeared in yesterday's local paper. There must be some truth in the article; otherwise, neither honor nor newspapers would consent to publishing such. It is the same old question of strikes, not by the unions themselves so much as by their leaders, who have been "hamstringing" the efforts of this country since the beginning of war preparations; and which, if continued, will render us impotent as a fighting organization. It may even undermine the morale of the army and navy when the boys, who have enlisted at the risk of their lives at a relatively low compensation, find that men who are furnishing the means of prosecuting the war at relatively high wages are going on strike for more money; still worse, are haggling and quarreling over control for government of their individual unions.  

I have just recently returned from a six week's trip east, from Richmond on the south to Portland, Maine on the north, stopping at most of the large cities on the way. Nearly all the newspapers were full of this type of criticism I have referred to, consisting of articles on serious conditions dealing with our internal troubles; and I believe we have more to fear from these troubles among ourselves than we have on account of the war started by the Japanese or any of our other enemies.  

Although I am one of that vast multitude who voted against you a little over a year ago, I have found much in your foreign policy that meets with my approval. I want to assure you that I am now one hundred percent with you in this all out effort against Japan and the other nations of the Axis. I feel willing to pay my income taxes and other taxes without complaint. Last year and this year I have invested in nothing except government bonds and shall continue to do so to the best of my ability.
It seems to me that you have a wonderful opportunity before you, that if you can weld this nation together by overcoming what internal differences there are, you may be named in history on the same plane as George Washington and Abraham Lincoln. It would be possible for any man in your position and with such a condition as confronts you to do this. Personally, I am with you one hundred percent in this total war effort, and I shall refrain from criticisms that I may have indulged in in the past until you have had the time necessary to iron out some of the internal difficulties of this country.

Believe me, Mr. President, most sincerely yours for a united people.

So help us, God.

[Signature]

J. G. Harbison, M. D.
When Will Administration Hit the Ball and Prevent Strikes?

By DAVID LAWRENCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—It has not yet been fully borne in on the Roosevelt administration that a war is on and that the United States navy has already suffered a severe defeat.

The President is still planning "conferences" with labor and management instead of issuing orders for action. Congress, instead of being alert to its responsibility, is still away from work from the executive branch of the government before it determines how to discharge its duties.

A case in point is the way the President is handling labor legislation. He is already lukewarm about restricting strikes, although every body here knows that millions of man-hours have been lost because of strikes. The idea now voiced by the President is to try voluntary cooperation once more. It has been tried and it has failed. In the face of pleas and exhortations by the President that Americans, better work on important naval contracts were suspended and the coal supply of the nation was diminished. Now Mr. Roosevelt proposes to keep on talking and asking for more conferences by those who have failed to discipline their rank and file.

The sad truth which the country has not been told by the administration is that neither the A. F. of L. nor the C. I. O. can maintain discipline over their locals and that they have conceded they have only a sort of moral influence over their constituent locals. With the lend-lease program in effect and upward of 800 lives lost on the Reuben James, the coal strike and the insurrection in the commercial coal mines took place. Yet the administration was talking about giving "voluntary cooperation" a further trial.

Disabling Delays.

The United States faces a serious decade in its Defense program. The country is in for some unpleasant news when it learns how the whole program has been paralyzed through strikes, red tape, inefficiency and the politics of class warfare. America is unprepared for a two-ocean war, in the words of the Berlin radio is broadcasting. And the reason, of course, is that the President has failed to organize the production of the nation on a basis that will make up for the deficiencies in our army, navy and air force.

When Bernard M. Baruch came back from Europe in the autumn of 1938 after the Munich conference, he tried to warn the President of the needs of the army and navy and air force. He said Chamberlain capitulated because England was unprepared. Whatever the mistakes and delays prior to the outbreak of war in September, 1938, there certainly is scant excuse for the dawdling way the Defense program has been handled since that date.

Hiding the Truth.

It has taken the serious defeat in the Pacific to wake up the country to the truth about the way things have been going. In a democracy it is often through political evasion that the truth is concealed. But the facts about production are easy to obtain. The whole industrial mechanism has not been functioning properly. Management has been suspicious of the efforts of the New Dealers to put over their government ownership schemes and labor has been given no word of the demonstrations from the government until recently for ignoring the requests of the administration to stop strikes.

In the midst of this class friction and with an international war raging in the offing, the President resorted to a scheme to put over the compulsory unionization of the local mines which does not look well in the record. John L. Lewis has not been rewarded by a presidential appointment, who has granted him all he asks for. It paid Mr. Lewis handsomely to strike.

Labor Out of Control.

The leaders of labor say they are behind the government and the Defense program. They have said this dozens of times in the last two years but the strikes and interruptions happen just the same. The President, it was believed, would not temporize with the situation any longer. But he is doing so again.

Word that longer hours must be worked and that a seven-day week will be requested has come at last from the President. William S. Knudsen, coordinator of the OPM, begged for this in a public speech just a year ago, but his advice was ignored.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—It has not yet been fully borne in on the Roosevelt administration that a war is on and that the United States navy has already suffered a severe defeat.

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When Bernard M. Baruch came back from Europe in the autumn of 1938 after the Munich conference, he tried to warn the President of the needs of the army and navy and air force. He said Chamberlain capitulated because England was unprepared. Whatever the mistakes and delays prior to the outbreak of war in September, 1938, there certainly is scant excuse for the dawdling way the Defense program has been handled since that date.

Hiding the Truth.

It has taken the serious defeat in the Pacific to wake up the country to the truth about the way things have been going. In a democracy it is often through political evasion that the truth is concealed. But the facts about production are easy to obtain. The whole industrial mechanism has not been functioning properly. Management has been suspicious of the efforts of the New Dealers to put over their government ownership schemes and labor has been given no word of the demonstrations from the government until recently for ignoring the requests of the administration to stop strikes.

In the midst of this class friction and with an international war raging in the offing, the President resorted to a scheme to put over the compulsory unionization of the local mines which does not look well in the record. John L. Lewis has not been rewarded by a presidential appointment, who has granted him all he asks for. It paid Mr. Lewis handsomely to strike.

Labor Out of Control.

The leaders of labor say they are behind the government and the Defense program. They have said this dozens of times in the last two years but the strikes and interruptions happen just the same. The President, it was believed, would not temporize with the situation any longer. But he is doing so again.

Word that longer hours must be worked and that a seven-day week will be requested has come at last from the President. William S. Knudsen, coordinator of the OPM, begged for this in a public speech just a year ago, but his advice was ignored.
December 17, 1941

My dear Dr. Harbison:

Your letter of December twelfth has been received and will be placed before the President. In the meantime, I know he would want me to thank you for your assurance of support in these critical days.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McINTYRE
Secretary to the President

Dr. J. G. Harbison,
466 Paulsen Building,
Spokane,
Washington.
Dear Mr. President,

War has come to us, and it is as foreboding to us as it is to you, and leads us to victory.

Your voice today was so firm and strong — it gave me some of the courage I need for my son — who is in the Army — a volunteer since July 1917; 3 months ago, and 3 men come to me in the church

How sorry for the parents whose sons have been called to do this service. That will be worse their anxiety for their safety.

I'm glad you have my letter.
to Kentucky, my old home state. Very little matters if rest are my necessaries here and in my necessaries to go. Many times as I kept busy at Rome, many times as I kept busy at Rome (I'm chairman of the Army of the North, went on leave to Christmas dinner of friends.) and here, as I keep busy a prayer for the safety and safety of my boy, that he may come in, as does many another heart and home. Roosevelt touched our hearts with his little last night:

God bless and keep him both.

Madeleine Stevenson Wright
December 16, 1941

My dear Mrs. Knight:

Please accept the President's cordial thanks for your kind letter. Your approval of his address over the radio is especially gratifying to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Mrs. Madeline Downing Knight,
Glynlea,
South Jacksonville,
Florida.
Mrs. H. S. Knuckles

509-10 Avenue Avenue

December 8, 1941

Mr. President:

The men lose as many sleepless nights as can upon your shoulders, and the fate of your country. You have done more than anyone should expect of anyone person.

God bless you and your kind family!
It is such a great thing to have good people to lead us in these sad days. I hope you want Worry to worry in you like you have. The Whole World to Worry about. I think about the Lord said to Jacob fear not, for I have redeemed thee. When thou passest through the river, I will be with thee and through the wilderness they shall not overflow thee. And thou shalt overflowing there will be one of the good times. The Christians may the Bible speak about. I will do all I can at any time to help all by my own have not been always as you know is in class. As at any time, she is working as hospital in Hartford. Well this war is something that was bound to happen. It seems everybody here in Hartford, and by you guide I was placed. May difficult to stand to hear the news.
lay for the people in this country
will pull together in time of trouble
they make your lay and then they
make your laughter, they change so
quickly. War is a ugly thing indeed I write
to you these few lines to express my sense
in respect like every good presiding we have
ever heard hard to pity war and not hope
was to balance I hope you to uncommonly
“worth not cause you too much worry I wish
for my self family and all I know
They are with you all the way

very truly, Elizabeth Tucker,
October 28, Miles 4
December 13, 1941

My dear Mrs. Knuckles:

Please accept the President's cordial thanks for your kind letter. Your approval of his address over the radio is especially gratifying to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. R. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Mrs. Elizabeth Knuckles,
c/o Dixie Knuckles,
62 Miles Street,
West Hartford,
Connecticut.
LEVY, MISS NORMA
Miami Beach, Fla.
Dec. 3, 1941

Wrote to the President commending his speech to the Congress, Dec. 8, 1941, —— wants to know where she might obtain a recording.

See PPF-444
TELEGRAM

The White House
Washington

GX, DALLAS, TEX., Dec. 8, 1941

THE PRESIDENT:

Thank God for your great speech you have rendered in the best possible manner the greatest public service known to history regards.

Thos B. Love.
December 12, 1941

My dear Mr. Love:

Permit me, in the President's name,

to thank you for your telegram. I know how

grateful he will be for your friendliness in

wiring as you did.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Thomas B. Love, Esq.,
Dallas,
Texas.
Commends President's message to the Congress of 12-8-41. Volunteers his services in any capacity that he may serve.

See 463-C Volunteer folder-M-

P.P.7
200 Message to Congress 12/8/41
Dec. 11, 1941

Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt, President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

Although I do not believe in war under any circumstances, I do myself the honor to congratulate you on the magnificent addresses which you have made to the Congress and the people of the USA this week.

On one point I would respectfully offer one suggestion. After living five years in China, I learned that when one uses the word Manchu-kuo, it is a tacit recognition of the Japanese conquest of that country. In order to avoid that expression which pains our Chinese friends and allies, it is only necessary to use the term Manchuria. Confirmation and explanation of this point should be easily available at the Chinese embassy.

Respectfully and sincerely yours,

Frank W. Newman

Frank W. Newman
December 17, 1941

Dear Dr. Newman:

Please accept the President’s thanks for your letter of December eleventh and permit me to assure you that he appreciates the spirit which prompted you to write as you did. Permit me also to assure you that very careful consideration will be given to the suggestion which you make.

Very sincerely yours,

STEPHEN EARLY
Secretary to the President

Dr. Frank W. Newman,
120 North Elmer Avenue,
Sayre, Pennsylvania.
The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination.

The Company will appreciate suggestions from its patrons concerning its service.
December 10, 1941

My dear Friends:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your telegram. He deeply appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

The Pirates Table,
The Cincinnati Club,
Cincinnati,
Ohio.
President Franklin D. Roosevelt

My dear Presi,

[Handwritten text]

My all the I know of the first
become the Lord's Eyes of cheat
and Lord's Master
My God, length of rule in your hand
Get in the Head of man and
year in the head of mankind
God of the last of all the last
emaker the last of all the last.

Sincerely yours,

M. E. Pruitt
December 16, 1941

My dear Mr. Pruitt:

Please accept the President's cordial thanks for your kind letter. Your approval of his address over the radio is especially gratifying to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

M. E. Pruitt, Esq.,
Millersburg,
Kentucky.
EMPLOYEES OF ADAMS LABORATORY AND MEMBERS OF LOCAL 1206 UNITED ELECTRICAL RADIO AND MACHINE WORKERS OF AMERICA HEARTILY APPROVE YOUR SPEECH BEFORE CONGRESS. WE ARE 100 PERCENT BEHIND YOU.

ADAMS LABORATORY EMPLOYEES.
December 11, 1941

My dear Friends:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your telegram. He deeply appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Adams Laboratory Employees,
New York,
New York.
WORDS ARE INADEQUATE TO EXPRESS MY AMERICAN APPRECIATION OF YOUR ADDRESS JUST DELIVERED IN CONGRESS MAY ALMIGHTY GOD PROTECT OUR AMERICAN SHORES AND THAT YOU WILL HAVE THE FULL STRENGTH OF OUR NATION SINCERELY =

MRS EMILY ROBERTS MORAN 117 SOUTH ILLINOIS AVENUE
December 9, 1941

My dear Mrs. Moran:

Permit me, in the President's name to thank you for your telegram. The pledges of patriotic support which have been received from the many, many loyal citizens in all parts of the country have given the President strength and courage to carry out the will of the American people.

For the splendid assurance conveyed in your message he is more appreciative than he can say.

Very sincerely yours,

STEPHEN EARLY
Secretary to the President

Mrs. Emily Roberts Moran,
117 South Illinois Avenue,
Atlantic City,
New Jersey.
HON FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT=
WHITE HOUSE WASHDC=

YOUR ADDRESS TO JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS WAS THRILLING AND STRAIGHT TO THE POINT. MAY YOU DIRECT OUR ARMED FORCES AGAINST OUR ENEMIES IN JUST AS SHORT AND ACCURATE STROKES=
EDWAN DONOVAN.

EDWAN.

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE
TELEGRAM

The White House
Washington

The President
The White House

Your address to Congress was perfect. No dissenting opinion here.

R. D. W. Connor.
December 12, 1941

Dear Dr. Connor:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your telegram. He deeply appreciates your good word about his address to the Congress, and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Dr. R. D. W. Connor,
University of North Carolina,
Chapel Hill,
North Carolina.
CONGRATULATIONS, VERY MUCH ENJOYED YOUR SPEECH=
WALTER PUSS RENFRO.

PUSS RENFRO.
December 10, 1941

My dear Mr. Renfro:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your telegram. He deeply appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Walter Puss Renfro, Esq.,
Lubbock,
Texas.
ST. GEORGE, George B.,
New York, N.Y.
December 11, 1941

Writes to the President commending him on his radio address of the previous Tuesday night; also on his various messages to The Congress. Recalls to the President that he served in the U. S. Navy during the last War, and offers his services now in any capacity in which the President thinks he could be useful. --Presidential Acknowledgment, 12/13/41.

See P.P.F. 856
LE592N 18 5 EXTRA=TDN BROOKLYN NY 8 104P
PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT=1
WASHINGTON DC:

WE SUPPORT PRESIDENT SPEECH AND URGE ALL OUT WAR TO CRUSH
JAPANESE AGGRESSION=

110 MEMBERS SCMWA CIO LOCAL 1 CHAPTER 81.

110 SCMWA CIO 1 81.
Boston Mass.
Dec. 8, 1941

President Roosevelt.

Congratulations upon your well-chosen words to Congress this morning for a declaration of war against Japan. You have tried very strongly to be the one right leader of a nation who would peacefully and unceasingly attack the decision of war was necessary.

The solidarity of the vote of Senate and Congress shows...
A quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. With quill and ink, I write this message.

May the winds be kind and the path clear. May all who pass this way find peace and comfort.

Gracious God, bless this land and all who dwell here. Amen.
December 16, 1941

My dear Mr. Trayers:

The President asks me to express his thanks to you for your letter. He deeply appreciates your good word and the loyal spirit which prompted it.

Very sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

James L. Trayers, Esq.,
30 Barry Street,
Dorchester,
Massachusetts.
HA28N 12 HA NEW YORK 125 PM 8=

= PRESIDENT F D ROOSEVELT=

WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON DC=

X

MAGNIFICENT SPEECH WELFARE EMPLOYERS DO 25 SCMWA CIO SUPPORT

EVERY ACTION NECESSARY=

MARTIN ISAACS REPRESENTATIVE CHAPTER.

X

DO25 SCMWA CIO
THE PRESIDENT:
WE CONGRATULATE YOU ON YOUR SPEECH TODAY. WE ARE 100% BEHIND YOU AND WAIT YOUR ORDERS AS OUR COMMANDER AND CHIEF. WE ARE SET TO WORK 48 HOURS A DAY TO YOUR ORDERS.

T. J. WALSH AND CO.,
THOMAS J. WALSH TREASURER.
December 12, 1941

My dear Mr. Walsh:

Please accept the President's cordial thanks for your kind message. Your approval of his address over the radio is especially gratifying to him.

Very sincerely yours,

W. H. McIntyre
Secretary to the President

Thomas J. Walsh, Esq.,
Treasurer, T. J. Walsh and Company,
Malden,
Massachusetts.