PSF: Great Britain: King and Queen, June 1938 - June 1939
The White House
Washington

London, June 10, 1938.

The President of the United States,
Washington, D.C.

I thank you most cordially, Mr. President, for your kind greetings on the celebration of my birthday and I warmly reciprocate your good wishes.

George, R.I.

213p-me
August 25, 1938.

Dear Joe:—

The enclosed is a strictly personal letter to the King. Will you be good enough to see that it is delivered to him in person?

I know what difficult days you are going through -- and I can assure you that it is not much easier at this end!

As ever yours,

Honorable Joseph P. Kennedy,
American Embassy,
London,
England.

(Enclosure)
My dear King George:

When I was in Canada, a few days ago, Prime Minister Mackenzie King told me, in confidence, that there is a possibility that you and Her Majesty will visit the Dominion of Canada in the Summer of 1939.

If this visit should become a reality, I hope very much that you will extend your visit to include the United States. I need not assure you that it would give my wife and me the greatest pleasure to see you, and, frankly, I think it would be an excellent thing for Anglo-American relations if you could visit the United States.

As you know, an International Exposition is to be held in New York City (and another one in San Francisco) in 1939. Doubtless you would not be able to visit both of them but if you could come from Montreal or Ottawa to New York, it would be only an overnight journey.

If you should be here in June or July you might care to avoid the heat of Washington, and, in such a case, it would give us the greatest pleasure to have you and Her Majesty come to visit us at our country home at Hyde Park which is on the Hudson River, about eighty miles north of New York and, therefore, on the direct route between New York City and Canada. Also, it occurs to me that a Canadian trip would be crowded with formalities and that you both might like three or four days of very simple country life at Hyde Park -- with no formal entertainments and an opportunity to get a bit of rest and relaxation.

In case you would care to come to Washington, however, and to see the Capital, you would, of course, stay with us at the White House. This would of necessity be somewhat more formal and, in the event that the Congress is still in session, there would probably be great pressure for you to be received by the Congress.

You and I are fully aware of the demands of the Protocol people, but, having had much experience with them, I am inclined to think that you and Her Majesty should do very much what you personally want to do — and I will see to it over here that your decision becomes the right decision.
I have had, as you know, the great privilege of knowing your splendid Father, and I have also known two of your brothers. Therefore, I am greatly looking forward to the possibility of meeting you and the Queen.

There is, of course, no hurry about plans for next year but I want you to know how sincerely welcome you would be if you could arrange to come to the United States.

I am asking Mr. Kennedy to give you this, but I think that we can keep any talk of your visit out of diplomatic channels for the time being. Your Ambassador, Ronald Lindsay, is a very old and close personal friend of mine and he, I am sure, will understand.

I forgot to mention that if you bring either or both of the children with you, they will also be very welcome, and I will try to have one or two Roosevelts of approximately the same age to play with them!

With my sincere regards,

Faithfully yours,

His Majesty
King George VI,
Buckingham Palace,
London,
England.
My dear President Roosevelt,

Your letter, which Mr. Kennedy handed to me last week, came as a pleasant relief at a time of great anxiety, and I thank you warmly for it.

The Queen and I appreciate most sincerely your kind invitation to visit Mrs. Roosevelt and you in the United States in the event of our going to Canada next summer. I can assure you that the pleasure, which it would in any case give to us personally, would be greatly enhanced by the thought that it was contributing in any way to the cordiality of the relations between our two countries.

I hope that it will not be inconvenient if I delay my answer until the plans for a visit to Canada.

In "Royal Visit, 1939"

Removed for possible display, 2-17-89
are further advanced, and I am in a position to judge how
long it may be possible for me to be absent from this country.
I will then communicate with you again.

Although the suggestions which you make for a visit
sound very attractive, I am afraid that we shall not be taking
the children with us if we go to Canada, as they are much too
young for such a strenuous tour.

Before I end this letter, I feel that I must say
how greatly I welcomed your interventions in the recent
crisis. I have little doubt that they contributed largely
to the preservation of peace.

With all good wishes and many thanks for your
kind invitation,

Believe me

Yours very sincerely

George R.I

The President of the
United States of America,
The White House,
Washington.
The President
of the United States of America
The White House
Washington
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT.

October 20, 1938.

The British Ambassador called this morning and said that he had received a sealed letter to you from the King; that he also had a copy of the letter which he was handing to me; that his suggestion was that I transmit this copy to you now and also request you to give the Ambassador an appointment when you return to Washington next week in order that he may, in person, deliver to you the original letter of the King. This, of course, I am glad to do.

[Signature]
Copy of a letter from His Majesty The King to the President, which Sir R. Lindsay has been instructed to hand personally to the President.

BALMORAL CASTLE,
8th October, 1938.

My dear President Roosevelt,

Your letter, which Mr. Kennedy handed to me last week, came as a pleasant relief at a time of great anxiety, and I thank you warmly for it.

The Queen and I appreciate most sincerely your kind invitation to visit Mrs. Roosevelt and you in the United States in the event of our going to Canada next summer. I can assure you that the pleasure, which it would in any case give to us personally, would be greatly enhanced by the thought that it was contributing in any way to the cordiality of the relations between our two countries.

I hope that it will not be inconvenient if I delay my answer until the plans for a visit to Canada are further advanced, and I am in a position to judge how long it may be possible for me to be absent from this country. I will then communicate /
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Although the suggestions which you make for a visit sound very attractive, I am afraid that we shall not be taking the children with us if we go to Canada, as they are much too young for such a strenuous tour.

Before I end this letter, I feel that I must say how greatly I welcomed your interventions in the recent crisis. I have little doubt that they contributed largely to the preservation of peace.

With all good wishes and many thanks for your kind invitation,

Believe me,

Yours very sincerely,

(Signed) GEORGE R.I.

The President of the
United States of America,
The White House,
Washington.
November 2, 1938.

Dear Joe:—

I am enclosing another letter to the King. Will you be good enough to see that he gets it?

I feel sure you will understand that the preliminary discussions about the proposed visit of Their Majesties next year is only in the preliminary stage and that, therefore, I am conducting it personally.

Always sincerely,

Honorable Joseph P. Kennedy,
American Embassy,
London,
England.
November 2, 1938

My dear King George:

I am so glad to have your letter and to know that the visit is a definite possibility.

I have talked with Lindsay and I am enclosing a copy of his informal memorandum to me.

We talked the other day and agreed that it would probably be advisable for you and Her Majesty to pay a formal visit to me at the Capital — but I think that Lindsay should not call the visit to Washington "the principal part of the plan". I say this to you quite frankly because he does not even refer to your coming to stay with Mrs. Roosevelt and me at Hyde Park.

I know you will not mind my telling you that in my judgment, to the American people, the essential democracy of yourself and the Queen makes the greatest appeal of all. Probably the official visit to the Capital should be made, and also a visit to New York but if you could stay with us at Hyde Park for two or three days, the simplicity and naturalness of such a visit would produce a most excellent effect — in addition to giving my wife and me the greatest possible pleasure in getting to know you both.

Lindsay and I spoke of two possible plans which you may care to consider with your Ministers:

The first plan would be for you to go to the Canadian West; proceed from there to Chicago
(which is enroute) for a visit of perhaps an hour and a half, driving from the railway station on the lake front to the new park on the same lake front, thus avoiding passing through the congested area of tall buildings; returning to the train and arriving in Washington the following noon where I would meet you.

We could motor or go on my yacht to Mount Vernon, see some of the sights and let me give you a formal dinner in the evening.

The next morning, I think you should go to a Joint Session of the Congress and say a few words of greeting; then a luncheon or tea for you at the British Embassy and a quiet family dinner at the White House.

We would all of us leave that night by train for Jersey City, opposite New York; taking the yacht across the harbor to "The Battery"; there you would step ashore for a few minutes to a stand and be received by the Governor of New York State and the Mayor of the City; thence on the same yacht via the East River to the World's Fair grounds, seeing the principal buildings on both sides from the water; at the Fair Grounds you would drive briefly through the Exposition, stopping at the British Pavilion and the Federal Building, having lunch at one or the other; then after lunch proceed by motor to my house at Hyde Park where all formalities would be ended and you would both have an opportunity for complete relaxation for as long as you care to stay. From Hyde Park, as I wrote you, it is only an overnight run to Montreal or Quebec where you would board your ship for the return trip.
The other suggestion is for you to come directly to Washington from Montreal or Ottawa; then following the itinerary to and including the stay at Hyde Park; and proceeding from there to the western part of Canada via Chicago.

Lindsay has made rather a point of Chicago, but I am not in the least bit insistent on it if you decide to forego it.

I do think, however, that you should not drive through the narrow, crowded streets of either New York or Chicago.

Lindsay's idea of visiting some "New York institution of cultural importance" is good. One of the new slum clearance housing projects or one of the great new medical centers would interest both of you, even though to visit such an institution would require a short drive through wider city streets.

I have written you thus at length in order to give you the latest suggestions from this side of the water. Fortunately, we have plenty of time to make plans and I hope that you will feel free to make any different suggestions.

I need not tell you how happy I am that Great Britain and the United States have been able to cooperate so effectively in the prevention of war — even though we cannot say that we are "out of the woods" yet.

With my sincere regards,

Faithfully yours,

His Majesty
King George VI,
Buckingham Palace,
Dear

I am so glad to have your letter and to know that the visit is a definite possibility.

I have talked with Lindsay and I am enclosing a copy of his informal memorandum to me.

I believe we talked about this the other day and agreed that it would probably be advisable for you and Her Majesty to pay a formal visit to me at the Capital—but I think that Lindsay misspelled one of the points I suggested when he calls the visit to Washington "the principal part of the plan." I say this to you quite frankly because he doesn't even refer to your coming to stay with Mrs. Roosevelt and me at Hyde Park.

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We could motor or go on my yacht to Mount Vernon, see
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Lindsay's idea of visiting some "New York institution of cultural importance" is delightful but I hardly know what to suggest. One of the new slum clearance housing projects or one of the great new medical centers would interest both of you, but the difficulty is that to visit such an institution would require a knot of miles of winding through city streets.

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With my sincere regards, 

Faithfully yours,
BUCKINGHAM PALACE


My dear President Roosevelt

I have now been able to give further thought to the plans for my visit to Canada, with their special bearing on your very kind invitation to The Queen and myself to stay with you in the United States. I am happy to say that the way now seems clear for me to gratify my wish and accept this invitation, which I do with the utmost pleasure.

As it is undesirable for me, in these disturbed days, to be too long absent from the United Kingdom, and as I shall have so large a programme to carry out in Canada, I fear that it may not be possible for me to avail myself of your hospitality for more than four days. You will, I feel sure, agree that it is too early yet to discuss details, but it may not be easy for me to come to the United States until nearly the end of my Canadian Tour, that is to say about the
end of the first week in June. I hope that this would not be inconvenient for you and that the heat would not be too great by then.

Once again I would like to assure you how greatly The Queen and I welcome from every point of view this kind invitation from Mrs. Roosevelt and yourself, and how much we both look forward to our visit to your country.

I am

Yours very sincerely

George R.I.

The President of the United States of America,
The White House,
Washington.
The President
of The United States of America,
The White House
Washington.
My dear Mr. President:

May I call to your attention the attached telegram from London quoting a passage from the King's speech from the throne on November 8th and adding that Cadogan had expressed the hope that you include in your announcement of the King and Queen's visit an indication of its contemplated duration.

If this meets with your approval I shall send a brief telegram to Mr. Kennedy indicating that you concur in Cadogan's suggestion.

Faithfully yours,

Enclosure:
Telegram

The President,

The White House.
ENCLOSURE

To

Letter drafted 11/5

Addressed to

The President
This message must be closely paraphrased before being communicated to anyone. (A)

London

Dated November 5, 1938

Rec'd 7:25 a.m.

Secretary of State,
Washington.

RUSH

1288, November 5, 11 a.m.

CONFIDENTIAL

The Foreign Office informs me that the King will include the following passage in his speech at the opening of Parliament on Tuesday November 8:

"I have been happy to accept an invitation extended to the Queen and myself by the President to visit the United States of America before the conclusion of my Canadian tour. I warmly welcome this practical expression of the good feeling that prevails between our two countries."

The President may care to see this with a view to framing his own announcement. Cadogan has intimated to me that it would be appreciated here if the President saw his way to include in his announcement an indication of the contemplated duration of the visit i.e. four days. The King has not seen fit to give such an indication in his speech to Parliament but Cadogan suggests that if the President could give such an indication it might prevent a flood of questions and speculation.

HTM: DDM

KENNEDY
RECEIVED AT 1112 CONNECTICUT AVE., WASHINGTON, D.C., AT____________STANDARD TIME

WN14 BC GB2014 BUCKINGHAM PALACE LONDON 80 12 1210 ETAT-BC

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

I AM MOST GRATEFUL FOR YOUR LETTER OF NOVEMBER 2ND AND THE KIND SUGGESTIONS WHICH IT CONTAINS YOU WILL SOON RECEIVE MY LETTER OF NOVEMBER 4TH WHICH HAS CROSSED YOURS AND I SHOULD NOW LIKE TO THINK OVER YOUR PROPOSALS IN DETAIL IN CONJUNCTION WITH MY CANADIAN PLANS I WILL COMMUNICATE WITH YOU AGAIN AS SOON AS POSSIBLE THROUGH LINDSAY WITH SINCERE THANKS AND GOOD WISHES

GEORGE R I

Telephone: National 2600 To secure prompt action on inquiries, this original RADIOGRAM should be presented at the office of R.C.A. COMMUNICATIONS, Inc. In telephone inquiries quote the number preceding the place of origin.
In reply refer to
PR 811.001 Roosevelt, F.D./6155

December 30, 1938

My dear Miss LeHand:

I am enclosing herewith a sealed letter addressed to the President by the Prime Minister of Canada, the Right Honorable W. L. Mackenzie King. This communication was received under cover of a despatch from the American Legation at Ottawa.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

Chief of Protocol.

Enclosure:
Sealed letter.

Miss Marguerite A. LeHand,
Private Secretary to the President,
The White House.
My dear Mr. President,

In accordance with our understanding with respect to the visit of Their Majesties, I am now writing officially to say that our plans have advanced to the point where we are only awaiting final approval from Buckingham Palace before making public the details of their Canadian itinerary. As we do not anticipate that any important change in the present programme will be necessary, I have thought it advisable to write to you for the purpose of making sure that the Canadian schedule will not in any way run counter to the plans being prepared under your direction for Their Majesties' visit to the United States.

In the itinerary as now arranged we have advanced the original date of Their Majesties' visit to the United States by one day in order that you may,

Franklin D. Roosevelt, Esq.,
President of the United States,
Washington.
if you wish, carry out the programme that you outlined to me when I was in Washington without taking the King and Queen through New York City on a Sunday. Under this arrangement it is contemplated that the first part of Their Majesties' Canadian tour would end at Niagara Falls, Ontario, on the evening of Wednesday, the 7th of June.

On the morning of that day Their Majesties will visit London, Ontario, and then proceed by easy stages through Ingersoll, Woodstock, and Hamilton to Niagara Falls where they are due to arrive about 3.30 in the afternoon. We should like to give Their Majesties a few hours to view the Falls and rest, and we would also like to give them an opportunity to see the Falls illuminated which would mean that they would not be ready to leave for the United States until about 9.30 p.m. We realize, however, that the hour of their departure will have to be fixed in such a way as to synchronize with your plans for their reception in Washington. As we do not know which of the alternative railroad lines from Buffalo to Washington you intend to use and in consequence cannot estimate exactly how long it will take the Royal Train to make the journey, we
have thought it advisable to leave the precise hour for crossing the border to be fixed by you. Perhaps you will be good enough to let me know your views on this matter.

We hope that it will be found convenient for Their Majesties to return to Canada via Housers Point on the morning of Monday, the 12th of June.

It is, I presume, appropriate that we should specifically agree that Canadian responsibility for all aspects of Their Majesties' journey will cease at the border of the United States, and that your responsibility similarly will terminate when the King and Queen re-enter Canada on the 12th of June.

You will, I know, appreciate that a great deal of detailed work will have to be done by the railroad officials of our two countries in order to ensure that the transference of Their Majesties' train to United States lines and its subsequent return to the Canadian side of the border are accomplished without delay or inconvenience. To this end I have appointed a sub-committee on transportation under the Chairmanship of Mr. V. I. Smart, Deputy Minister of Transport. He will be assisted by Mr. N. B. Walton, Vice-President
or the Canadian National Railways, and Mr. D. C. Coleman, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway. I have authorized these officials, or persons appointed by them, to enter into conference with any similar representatives of the United States lines whom you may designate. I shall be glad to learn, therefore, which railroad lines you propose to use when conveying Their Majesties from Niagara Falls to Washington and on the subsequent journey to Rouses Point, and which officials of those lines, or which representatives of your Government, our officials should approach for the purpose of working out cooperative plans.

It has also been represented to me that cooperation between the police organizations of our two countries prior to and during the time of the Royal Visit is desirable. In my capacity as Secretary of State for External Affairs I am instructing our Legation at Washington to take this matter up with the officials of the State Department.

I shall be glad to hear from you at
your convenience in regard to the matters mentioned in this letter.

With kind personal regards,

[Signature]

[Address]
January 18, 1939.

Dear Mackenzie:—

I am enclosing confidentially for your information a letter I have just sent to His Majesty. I think it brings everything up to date as far as possible at this time.

Incidentally, I hope much that The King will bring you with him as his "Minister-in-Attendance" or whatever they call it.

Have you any suggestions to offer? If it is terrifically hot, can't you discard that very good looking gray morning suit and light gray hat and design for yourself a white Naval uniform, with gold maple leaves to denote Prime Minister rank? I might even try my hand at designing the same sort of thing for the Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army and Navy. It has never been done but I fear that is one precedent I do not dare to break.

I am very certain that this coming visit is going to do much good here and it would really help if you can arrange to come too.

I hope all goes well with you. Do come down again soon if you possibly can.

I hope also that the report I have is true — that the St. Lawrence Treaty prospects seem brighter.

As ever yours,

The Right Honorable

W. L. Mackenzie King, P.C., C.M.G.,
Prime Minister of Canada, Ottawa.
P.S. I gather that your Dr. Skelton and Mr. Keenleyside are working out the train problem with our State Department people to everyone's satisfaction.
January 18, 1939.

My dear King George:

I have just received word from Canada that they are expecting you and Her Majesty to arrive at Niagara Falls, Ontario, at about 4:00 P.M. on Wednesday, June seventh, leaving Canada and entering the United States at about 9:30 P.M. that evening. This will give you an excellent chance to see the Falls by daylight and also to see them electrically lighted just before you leave.

It is planned that your train will arrive in Washington the following morning, Thursday, shortly before noon.

For the rest of that day and the next day, Friday, I suggest either of the following alternate plans, subject, of course, to any omissions or additions you may care to make.

PLAN I

Thursday, June 8th.

11:30 A.M. arrive at White House
12:30 P.M. motor to Navy Yard and go on board my small yacht USS POTOMAC, lunch on board while proceeding down the river to Mount Vernon -- a distance of about eighteen miles. Go ashore at Mount Vernon, visit the house, lay a wreath on President Washington's Tomb and motor back to the White House where we would have family tea and give you a couple of hours of rest.

8:00 P.M. State Dinner
Friday, June 9th.

12 noon - The King to visit the Capitol and be received at a Joint Session of the Senate and House, returning to the White House for a small family luncheon.

4:00 P.M. Garden Party in honor of the King and Queen at the British Embassy.

8:00 P.M. Family dinner — no outside guests!

PLAN II

Thursday, June 8th.

11:30 A.M. arrive White House
1:00 P.M. small luncheon
3:00 P.M. informal drive around Washington to give you an idea of the City and surrounding country.

8:00 P.M. State dinner

Friday, June 9th.

11:00 A.M. visit the Capitol and be received by the Congress.
12 noon drive to Navy Yard, make the river trip to Mount Vernon, getting back to the White House at 3:30 P.M., followed by the Garden Party at the Embassy and formal dinner in the evening.

Saturday, June tenth, is the day planned for your visit to the World's Fair in New York City. Here again there are two alternate plans which I wish you would write me frankly about.

PLAN A

This involves all of us leaving Washington late Friday evening and sleeping on the train to New York — but the train would be put on a siding during the greater part of the night.
Saturday, June 10th.

10:30 A.M. train would be run to the Fair Grounds.
11:00 A.M. small reception to the King and Queen at the Federal Building.
11:30 A.M. drive through the Fair Grounds and be received by the Governor of New York and the Mayor of the City.
12 noon visit the British Pavilion where you would have an early lunch.
1:00 P.M. motor over the Triborough Bridge (where you will get an excellent view of the whole City), thence across Manhattan Island to Riverside Drive, thence to the Medical Center, which is one of the most amazing hospitals in the world, but where you need not even get out of the car. Thence up the Parkway, a distance of about seventy-five miles to Hyde Park, arriving there by 4:30 P.M.

Sunday, June 11th.

11:00 A.M. church at my little country church near the village.

During the rest of the day I think we could all have a very quiet, peaceful time with perhaps a picnic lunch at my tiny new cottage in the woods on top of a hill, followed by a short drive and later family dinner.

That evening you would leave about 10:00 P.M. for Canada and your return voyage.

PLAN B

This Plan differs from Plan A only in that we would spend Friday night at the White House, making an early start, about 8:30 A.M. on Saturday, June tenth, by train to New York.
Saturday, June 10th.

1:30 P.M. arrive World's Fair

1:30 to 3:00 P.M. visit Fair, British Pavilion, etc.

3:00 P.M. drive across Bridge to Riverside Drive, Medical Center, thence Parkway to Hyde Park, getting you to our house about 6:30 P.M. The rest of this schedule would be as in PLAN A.

The only trouble about PLAN B is that it makes a very long and tiring day on Saturday, June tenth — but it does avoid a night on the train.

I have tried in arranging for these three and a half days to give you and Her Majesty some opportunity for relaxation because I know that your trip to Vancouver will, of necessity, be tiring. I think, however, that the general plan will give you both an opportunity to see and do all the necessary things, and I do not need to assure you again that a very great pleasure it is going to be to have you as our guests.

A little later we can take up the subject of official dress — but may I suggest that if it is very hot, as it may be, you will both want as thin things as possible. As a matter of fact, if it is hot, white uniforms will be the most comfortable for the more formal occasions and they would be entirely correct.

I hope to leave about February sixteenth for two weeks of our Naval manoeuvres off the Windward Islands — "a fleet problem" to be held in those waters for the first time. I imagine that some international significance may be attached to them. I wish you could be with me on the cruise, for I know you love that sort of thing.

With my sincere regards,

Faithfully yours,

His Majesty
King George VI,
Buckingham Palace,
London,
England.
BUCKINGHAM PALACE

February 8th., 1939.

My dear President Roosevelt,

I am very grateful for your letter of January 18th., and I can assure you that The Queen and I both appreciate most sincerely your desire to make our visit a happy one and as little exacting as possible. We are greatly looking forward to our four days in the United States, and I am sure that we shall much enjoy them.

You have been good enough to encourage me to say what I would like best as regards the programme, and I have therefore sketched out a rough plan, which embodies most of the various suggestions which you have put forward. It is, of course, quite tentative, and subject to any comments that you may have to make. Lindsay, with whom I have discussed it, is bringing it back with him, and will be able to give any explanations that may be needed.
There is only one point that I would like to mention now, and that is how much The Queen and I hope that you and Mrs. Roosevelt will give us the pleasure of dining with us at the Embassy on the second night before leaving for New York. The dinner cannot in any case be a large one, and we will do everything to make it as easy for you as possible.

I hope your manoeuvres will go off well, and that you will have fine weather.

With all good wishes,

Believe me

Yours very sincerely

George R. I.

The President of the United States of America.
THE UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON
February 20, 1939

My dear Mr. Forster:

I am transmitting herewith an autographed letter addressed to the President by the King of England, which was given to me by the British Ambassador for transmission to the President. I think the President should have this as soon as you can get it to him.

Believe me

Sincerely yours,

Rudolph Forster, Esquire,
The White House.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 1, 1939.

MEMORANDUM FOR
MRS. HELM

The President asks that you show the enclosed to Mrs. Roosevelt and tell her it is confidential.

G. G. T.

Letter from Ambassador Bullitt in re recommendations as to the personal needs of Their Royal Majesties.

see office of the chief of social entertainments
Box 77 Bu. Visit Folder
From the desk of—
Mrs. Helm

Mrs. Roncutt has
Amb. Bullitt's
memorandum.
Four pages of this document from PSF Great Britain - King and Queen with instructions for their visit to the U.S. in 1939 from Ambassador Bullitt are on display in the ER Gallery on Panel 10-C
General Remarks concerning the Sovereigns and their Suite

In all the rooms: No bolsters - two pillows
Note paper - penholders - inkstands - writing pads, etc.

Ladies-in-Waiting: Hot water bottle (belonging to them) in each bed.
Two or three glasses and spoons.

Countess Spencer: Thermos bottle of 1/2 liter to be filled every night with hot milk.

Marshal: Big desk table, and second table for papers.

In all the bathrooms: Glasses
Soap

Numerous vases to be prepared for the flowers offered to the Queen at the receptions.

Special linen room for the Queen, enabling her second maid to press gowns and linen without the attendance of any outsider.

In that room, there should be a large supply of white tissue paper and string of various sizes, to be used when repacking.

In the Queen's wardrobes, hangers should not be placed too high, since Her Majesty seldom wears dresses with trains, and her dresses should be easily reached.

Light muslin clothes should be provided with which hanging clothes would be covered.

A second linen room for the King's valet and the suite.

In all the servants' rooms: glasses
soap
wastebaskets
note paper

There should be, in the room of the King's valet, a large solid table for cleaning shoes.

Newspapers:
Newspapers:

For Their Majesties: The Times
Daily Telegraph
Le Figaro
Daily Sketch

Should never be produced: Daily Mirror
Sunday Pictorial
Daily Mail (read, however, by part of the Suite and the servants)
News of the World
Daily Express
MEMORANDUM FOR

MRS. HELM

The President asks that you show the enclosed to Mrs. Roosevelt and tell her it is confidential.

G. G. T.

Letter from Ambassador Bullitt in re recommendations as to the personal needs of Their Royal Majesties.
From the desk of—

Mrs. Helm

Mr. Rogers has
Amb. Bullitt's
memorandum.
Dear Mr. President:

I have the honor to submit herewith to the Chief of State in accordance with his request made to me at Warm Springs, Georgia, the recommendations as to the personal needs of Their Royal Majesties, George VI and Elizabeth, King and Queen, By the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and of the British Dominions Beyond the Seas, King and Queen Defender of the Faith, Emperor and Empress of India.

I may add that my most onerous diplomatic labor since reaching Paris has been the extraction of these recommendations and that I expect you to decorate me at once with the Order of the Royal Bathtub.

I ask for this particular decoration because the President of the French Republic, at vast expense, had installed in the Palais d'Orsay for the reception of Their

The Honorable
Franklin D. Roosevelt,
President of the United States of America,
Washington, D. C.
Their Royal Majesties two superb bathrooms containing mosaic tubs with gold faucets which, during the stay of Their Royal Majesties, were never once used!

I may add that it has been indicated to me by the Government of the French Republic that the preferences of Their Majesties in the way of wines do not go beyond Veuve Clicquot and Pommery-Greno champagne of the best years. I have, therefore, prepared against the arrival of Their Majesties in Washington, one hundred bottles of Pommery-Greno, 1928, which I shall be glad to place at your disposal provided the situation in Europe should seem to indicate that there may be some chance of Their Royal Majesties going to America. My parsimony is motivated by the fact that the grand smash seems fairly imminent. I prefer, therefore, to restrain the departure of these bottles until my next departure for the United States in the hope that we may drink them together.

With my profound obeisances, I am,

Your humble and obedient servant,

[Signature]

Enclosure
Four lists.
SUGGESTIONS FOR THE FURNISHING OF HIS MAJESTY'S ROOM.

Large bed "de milieu" (in center of panel) with the head against the wall. (Never with the side along the wall)

No bolster - two pillows.

Special bolster supplied by His Majesty's valet.

Warm, but light, blankets, with a silk cover.

Very soft eider down quilt, which can be accordion-pleated at the foot of the bed.

On each side of the bed a bedside table with a lamp.

In the bathroom or bedroom (according to possibility) and preferably in a window recess on account of light, a dressing table with a triple mirror, high enough to enable contemplating oneself when standing.

Very comfortable settee.

Ash trays, matches, cigars, and cigarettes for the guests, His Majesty having his own cigarettes.

Great number of hangers: some of them very wide with the back slightly curved; others with a double bar for trousers; no special clip hangers for trousers.

On the desk an inkstand with two inkwells: one full of blue-black, the other of red ink.

No towelled bathrobe. His Majesty prefers large bath towels.

To be ready to supply, if requested, garnet-red and white carnations for boutonnières.
SUGGESTIONS FOR THE FURNISHING OF HER MAJESTY’S ROOM.

Large bed
No bolster - two pillows
Bed cushion supplied by Her Majesty’s maid
Light, but warm, blankets with a silk cover
No elder down coverlet - a soft silk cover folded in four on the foot of the bed, with one corner turned up.

Bedside table with lamp.

Bathroom

A large dressing-table, or a table for the bottles.
Four glasses, one of which is graduated.
Bathrobe type of bath towel.
Quantities of hand towels.
Basket for putting linen after use.
Bath thermometer.
Several spoons, large and small.

Dressing-room or Boudoir

Dressing-table perfectly lighted day and night, with armchair of corresponding height.

Near the dressing-table a small table with drawers for hairdressing and toilet articles. This table should be easily removable.

Very comfortable settee with soft linen blanket.

One or two ash trays and matches for the King. The Queen does not smoke.

On the desk:
inkstand with blue ink
thin penholder with "J" pen (or similar make) of medium size
red pencil
blue pencil
ordinary black pencils with very sharp points
ordinary, and typewriter erasers.
Breakfast and Refreshments

His Majesty

8:00 A.M. plain tea
9:15 A.M. complete breakfast with tea, toast, fruit, bacon and eggs.

Her Majesty

8:00 A.M. plain tea
9:15 A.M. complete breakfast with tea, toast, and fruit.

Service is always made separately, on trays, the latter prepared by the private servants of Their Majesties.

Whenever Their Majesties come home, tea should always be kept ready for them. Moreover, when they come back about midnight, ham sandwiches should be prepared.

The King generally brings his own liquor and spirits. His footman will need a tray with sets of glasses, lump and crushed ice, decanters of lemon and orange juice, and everything necessary for the preparation of cocktails and various drinks.

In all the rooms a tray with mineral water in ice, and glasses, should be constantly renewed.

Fruit is not kept in the apartments, but is often asked for during the day.
General Remarks concerning the Sovereigns and their Suite

In all the rooms:
- No bolsters - two pillows
- Note paper - penholders - inkstands - writing pads, etc.
- Hot water bottle (belonging to them) in each bed
- Two or three glasses and spoons.
- Thermos bottle of 1/2 liter to be filled every night with hot milk.
- Big desk table, and second table for papers.

In all the bathrooms:
- Glasses
- Soap
- Numerous vases to be prepared for the flowers offered to the Queen at the receptions.
- Special linen room for the Queen, enabling her second maid to press gowns and linen without the attendance of any outsider.
- In that room, there should be a large supply of white tissue paper and string of various sizes, to be used when repacking.
- In the Queen's wardrobes, hangers should not be placed too high, since Her Majesty seldom wears dresses with trains, and her dresses should be easily reached.
- Light muslin clothes should be provided with which hanging clothes would be covered.
- A second linen room for the King's valet and the suite.

In all the servants' rooms:
- glasses
- soap
- wastebaskets
- note paper

There should be, in the room of the King's valet, a large solid table for cleaning shoes.

Newspapers:
Newspapers:

For Their Majesties:  The Times  
                       Daily Telegraph  
                       Le Figaro  
                       Daily Sketch  

Should never be produced:  Daily Mirror  
                           Sunday Pictorial  
                           Daily Mail (read, however, by part of the Suite and the servants)  
                           News of the World  
                           Daily Express
April 21, 1939.

MEMORANDUM FOR MISS LaHAND:

The seating capacity of the East Room, with large stage which will be used for British musical, is 320 maximum. We have invited to date:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dinner guests</th>
<th>88</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Musical guests</td>
<td>219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>307</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Would the President care to have any of the following officials asked to the musical for the King and Queen?

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Houghteling
District of Columbia Commissioners
Hon. and Mrs. Edward J. Noble - special assistant to Harry Hopkins

Hon. & Mrs. Fred H. Brown - Comptroller Gen. of U.S.
Hon. & Mrs. Marion M. Caskie - Chm. Interstate Commerce Comm.
Hon. and Mrs. C. Rogers Arundell - U.S. Board of Tax Appeals
Hon. and Mrs. Clyde L. Seavey - Federal Power Commission
Dr. Joseph S. Ames - Nat'l Advisory Comm. for Aeronautics
Hon. and Mrs. Gilmore D. Clarke - Commission of Fine Arts
Dr. and Mrs. Charles G. Abbot - Smithsonian Institution
Hon. and Mrs. Emil Schram - Elec. Home & Farm Authority
Hon. and Mrs. John M. Carmody - Rural Elec. Adm.
Hon. and Mrs. F. F. Hill - Farm Credit Adm.
Hon. and Mrs. Stuart A. Rice - Central Statistical Board
Hon. and Mrs. Lynn P. Talley - Commodity Credit Corporation
Hon. and Mrs. R. D. W. Connor - Archivist of U.S.
Hon. and Mrs. Sanford Bates - Fed. Prison Industries, Inc.
Hon. and Mrs. J. Warren Madden - Nat'l Labor Relations Bd.
Hon. and Mrs. Murray W. Latimer - Railroad Retirement Bd.
Hon. and Mrs. Frank R. McNinch - Fed. Communications Comm.
Hon. and Mrs. William M. Leiserson - National Mediation Board
Hon. and Mrs. Robert W. Bruere - Maritime Labor Board

Mrs. Helm
April 21, 1939.

MEMORANDUM FOR MISS LeHAND:

The seating capacity of the East Room, with small stage which will be used for Nicaraguan musical, is 350. We have already invited:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dinner guests</th>
<th>55</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Musical</td>
<td>201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>256</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inasmuch as we will have some extra space and since only officials are to be asked, would the President care to add the names of any of the following to this musical?

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Houghteling  
District of Columbia Commissioners
✓ Hon. and Mrs. Edward J. Noble - special assistant to Harry Hopkins

✓ Hon. & Mrs. Fred H. Brown - Comptroller Gen. of U. S.
✓ Hon. and Mrs. Marion M. Caskie - Chr. Interstate Commerce Comm.
✓ Hon. and Mrs. C. Rogers Ayres - U. S. Board of Tax Appeals
✓ Hon. and Mrs. Clyde L. Seavey - Federal Power Commission

Dr. Joseph S. Ames - National Advisory Comm. for Aeronautics
Hon. and Mrs. Gilmore D. Clarke - Commission of Fine Arts
Dr. and Mrs. Charles G. Abbot - Smithsonian Institution

Hon. and Mrs. Mail Schram - Elec. Home & Farm Authority
✓ Hon. and Mrs. John M. Cemady - Rural Elec. Adm.
✓ Hon. and Mrs. F. F. Hill - Farm Credit Adm.
Hon. and Mrs. Stuart A. Rice - Central Statistical Board
Hon. and Mrs. Lynn P. Talley - Commodity Credit Corporation
✓ Hon. and Mrs. R. D. W. Connor - Archivist of U. S.
✓ Hon. and Mrs. Sanford Bates - Fed. Prison Industries, Inc.
✓ Hon. and Mrs. J. Warren Madden - Nat'l Labor Relations Bd.
Hon. and Mrs. Murray W. Latimer - Railroad Retirement Bd.
✓ Hon. and Mrs. Frank R. McNinch - Fed. Communications Comm.

Hon. and Mrs. William M. Leiserson - National Mediation Board  
Hon. and Mrs. Robert W. Bruere - Maritime Labor Board

The following are the commissions, etc. which have been approved and invited:

Hon. and Mrs. Harry E. Mitchell - Civil Service Comm.
Hon. and Mrs. Marriner S. Eccles - Fed. Res. System
Hon. and Mrs. Robert E. Freer - Fed. Trade Commission
Hon. and Mrs. Raymond B. Stevens - U. S. Tariff Comm.
Hon. Stewart McDonald - Federal Housing Adm.
Hon. and Mrs. Norman H. Davis - Am. Natl Red Cross
Hon. and Mrs. Jesse H. Jones - R. F. C.
Hon. and Mrs. John H. Fahey - Fed. Home Loan Bd.
Dr. and Mrs. Harcourt A. Morgan - Tenn. Valley Auth.
Hon. and Mrs. Aubrey Williams - Natl Youth Adm.
Col. F. C. Harrington - Works Progress Adm.
Hon. and Mrs. Robert Fechner - Civilian Cons. Corps
- Sec. & Exch. Commission
Hon. and Mrs. Arthur J. Altmeyer - Soc. Sec. Bd.
Rear Adm. and Mrs. Haory S. Lend - U.S. Maritime Comm.
Hon. and Mrs. Edward P. Warner - Civil Aero. Auth.
(not confirmed)

Mrs. Helm.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 8, 1939.

FOUR OF THE LARGE FRAMES
(two with Presidential seal)
(two with Roosevelt crest)

Lady Nunburnholme
Lady Katharine Seymour
Earl of Eldon
Earl of Airlie

SIX OF THE SMALL FRAMES
(all of these to have the Presidential seal)

Mr. A. Lascelles
Surgeon Captain H. White
Mr. G. F. Steward
Capt. M. Adeane
Lt. Col. The Hon. Piers Legh
Comdr. E. M. C. Abel-Smith
April 18, 1939

MEMORANDUM:

Photographs of the President will be given to the following:

No. 1 photograph
The President of Nicaragua
The King of England

No. 2 photograph
Hon. Dr. Manuel Cordero Reyes - Min. of Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua
Mr. de Valera - Prime Min. of Ireland
H.R.H. Crown Prince Olav - Norway
H.R.H. Crown Prince Frederik - Denmark
Earl of Eldon
Earl of Airlie

No. 3 photograph
Mr. Joseph Walsh
Capt. Comdr. Johan V. F. Vest - √
Chamberlain - Denmark
Maj. N. R. Ostgaard - Chamberlain - √
Norway
1st Lt. Octavio Sacasa - Aide to Pres. of Nicaragua
2nd Lt. Pedro Nolasco Romero - Aide to Pres. of Nicaragua
Mr. A. Lascelles
Surgeon Captain H. White
Mr. G. F. Steward
Capt. M. Adeane
Lt. Col. The Hon. Piers Legh
Comdr. E. M. C. Abel-Smith
MEMORANDUM FOR

JO COFFIN

Two of the larger size frames should have the Presidential seal and two of the larger size frames should have the Roosevelt crest.

Two of the smaller size frames should have the Presidential seal and two of the smaller size frames should have the Roosevelt crest.

Only one seal goes on each frame in the middle at the top.

GRACE G. TULLY
CONFIDENTIAL

PROGRAM (THIRD DRAFT, MARCH 8, 1939)

VISIT OF THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN OF GREAT BRITAIN - JUNE 1939.

MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL PARTY

THE KING

THE QUEEN

Lady Nunburnholme *Lady Katharine Seymour

Lord in Waiting

Earl of Eldon Earl of Airlie

Lord in Waiting to The King Lord Chamberlain to The Queen

*Mr. A. Lascelles

Acting Private Secretary to The King

Surgeon Captain H. White, R.N.

Medical Officer

Mr. G. F. Steward Captain M. Adeane

Chief Press Liaison Officer Assistant Private Secretary to The King

*Lieutenant Colonel The Honorable Piers Legh

Equerry to The King

Commander E.M.C. Abel-Smith, R.N.

Equerry to The King

**********

*Two valets
*Two maids
*Two detectives (body servants)

*To stay at the White House if possible.
TUESDAY, JUNE 6
The Secretary of State and Mrs. Hull, accompanied by the following officials, will proceed to the Canadian border at Niagara Falls to welcome the King and Queen on their arrival in the United States:

Sir Ronald Lindsay, British Ambassador.

Mr. George T. Summerlin, The Chief of Protocol.

The Major General and Rear Admiral assigned to the King as Military and Naval Aides.

Mr. Michael J. McDermott, Chief, Division of Current Information.

Mr. Robert C. Bannerman, Chief Special Agent.

Additional Special Agents.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7

E.S.T.

9:30 P.M. The royal train leaves Niagara Falls, Canada, over the Suspension Bridge and enters the United States at Niagara Falls, New York. Plain clothes.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8

11:30 A.M. Arrive Washington. Full dress. The King and Queen will be escorted by the Secretary of State and the British Ambassador to the President's Reception Room at Union Station, where they will be met by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and by the following reception committee:

Her Majesty presents her own salute.
The Vice President and Mrs. Garner.
The Chief Justice and Mrs. Hughes.
The Speaker and Mrs. Bankhead.
The Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Morgenthau.
The Secretary of War and Mrs. Woodring.
The Attorney General.
The Postmaster General and Mrs. Farley.
The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Swanson.
The Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Ickes.
The Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Wallace.
The Secretary of Commerce.
The Secretary of Labor.
The Under Secretary of State and Mrs. Welles.
Senator and Mrs. Pittman.
Representative and Mrs. McReynolds.
The Chief of Staff and aides.
The Chief of Naval Operations and aides.
The Commandant of the Marine Corps and aides.

(NOTE: The British Ambassador has indicated that he would like to present Lady Lindsay and the members of his staff on this occasion, as well as the Ministers of South Africa, Canada and Ireland, with their staffs. In all there will be about 100 persons, 40 American and 60 British, to be presented in the Reception Room.)
Guard of Honor outside the station.
Photographers.
Automobile procession to the White House
with military escort.

12:15 P.M.
Arrive at the White House.
(NOTE: The British Ambassador has asked
whether it would be possible to hold a dip-
lomatic circle for the Chiefs of Missions
and their wives immediately following the
arrival at the White House.)
Change clothes.

? P.M.
Small luncheon at the White House.

? P.M.
Open. (Until 5 o'clock).
(NOTE: The British Ambassador suggests at this
time a reception for the press and a visit to the
rotunda of the Capitol, with a drive around Wash-
ington to see the sights of the city.)

4:00 P.M.
Garden Party at the British Embassy.

8:00 P.M.
State Dinner at the White House. Full dress.
(NOTE: The British Ambassador has inquired
whether short formal prepared speeches might
be exchanged between the heads of State at
this dinner and communicated to the press.)
Broadcast?
The King and Queen will remain at the White
House for the night.
FRIDAY, JUNE 9

A.M. Open. Until 11:30 o'clock.

(NOTE: The British Ambassador has indicated that there are a number of British organizations, such as the British Legion and the British Chamber of Commerce, which have requested appointments with the King. There is also the English Speaking Union. This time has been noted as available for such appointments. The King would receive visitors at the British Embassy.)


12:00 M Arrive Navy Yard where the President will greet the King and Queen and the members of their party on board the U.S.S. Potomac. Luncheon will be served on board during the sail to Mount Vernon. The King will lay a wreath at Washington's tomb at Mount Vernon. Return to Washington will be by automobile with a stop at the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, Arlington Cemetery. A wreath will also be laid by the King at this tomb.

(NOTE: The American Legion asks to be included in the arrangements at Arlington.)

P.M. Informal tea at the White House?

(NOTE: The British Ambassador has indicated that the King and Queen would like to meet a small number of people at this time.)

8:15 P.M. Dinner at British Embassy. Evening clothes. Following the dinner the King and Queen will entrain for New York.
- 6 -

SATURDAY, JUNE 10

D.S.T.

10:30 A.M. Embark from Exchange Street Station PRR, Jersey City, and cross to the Battery. Cutaway and top hats.

11:00 A.M. Ceremonies at the Battery.

(NOTE: The British Ambassador suggests there should be no speeches.)

11:30 A.M. Depart from Battery, proceeding up East River to Brooklyn Navy Yard (or Flushing Bay)

1:00 P.M. Arrive New York World’s Fair. Luncheon offered by the United States Commissioners in Federal Building.

Tour of Fair. Visits to United States, British, Canadian and Irish exhibits.

British communities and Garden Committee in the British Pavilion?

3:15 P.M. Depart for New York City and Hyde Park by automobile via the Tri-borough Bridge and Medical Center.

(NOTE: The British Ambassador has indicated that the King wishes to visit Columbia University.)
May 10, 1939.

Dear Mr. Wilson:

Thank you for letting me know about the Ellenville Post Office. I will stop that brick right away!

It is good to know about the will of Anna Cookingham. I hope the sum is substantial.

In regard to the service on Sunday morning, June eleventh: it occurs to me that it will be necessary for us — much to my regret — to have admission by card because at least two thousand will try to get into the church.

What do you think of the following plan?

1. There will be, I think, about forty people in the British party, including the American Aides attached to them. It is my thought that they will sit, because they are visitors, up near the front and that my Mother, the King and Queen, Mrs. Roosevelt and myself will sit in the first straight pew on the left, leaving the corner pew by the font vacant. Your family would sit in the front pew on the right. The rest of the visitors would sit on both sides, occupying approximately four or five pews on each side. These pews would include, of course, the Secret Service.

2. The rest of the church should, I think, be reserved for members of the parish and for a few neighbors up and down the river — probably not more than a dozen of them who will be entertaining part of the Royal party. I can give you the names of these later.

As I remember it, the church seats about one hundred and twenty people, and after deducting the Royal party, Secret Service, and a few special guests, that would leave about sixty seats for the parishioners. How would it do for you to allocate these seats among such families as wish to attend the service? Obviously every member of the larger families cannot attend if this means keeping other families out.
3. I think it should be announced by you that people who are not members of the party and strangers must of necessity be excluded, because the parishioners should have first chance.

4. I suggest that you announce also that all who hold tickets should be in their pews by 10:45, in order to avoid confusion around the church door.

5. After the service is over, it is my thought that you and the Bishop would stand at the door and greet us as we come out. We would then stop across the gravel to the edge of the grass and be photographed facing the highway. This would give the rest of the party and the parishioners in the church a chance to come out behind us and move off to the right and left so that they can see the King and Queen while we are all being photographed. Then the cars would move in behind us (between the grass and the church door) and we would get in and drive away.

6. It will, I think, be necessary for us to have some troops at the church with possibly ropes, because I fear that there will be several thousand people who will go there to get a glimpse -- and, at the same time, the highway has to be kept open for traffic and the State Troopers cannot handle such a big problem.

7. Let me know what you think of the above and I will have Colonel Starling take up details with you when he goes up.

As ever yours,

Rev. Frank R. Wilson,
St. James's Church,
Hyde Park,
Dutchess County, N. Y.

P.S. I hope to be home the weekend of the 28th of May. I could have a Vestry meeting that day. Because I have so much to do in preparation for the following week, how would it do to have the Vestry meeting at the church in the Vestry room right after the morning service?
Dear Mr. Roosevelt:

This is twice I am put on the spot. At your suggestion I have written to the Presiding Bishop, (I hope he detects the smile), intimating that he keep his sermon June 11 within a reasonable time. I believe that with one psalm and short lessons with his 'cooperation' we can most certainly confine the service to the hour. I have explained the necessity for this.

With this enclosure I am on the spot again. It came in this morning's mail. The P.S. is apparently the reason why it came to me first, so said I to myself, "I'll send it on". I would not do this if I thought it would stand in the way of a Post Office in Hyde Park, remembering what you said at Rhinebeck the other day.

We enjoyed so much the opportunities to be present at the picnics and Florence and I do thank you and Mrs. Roosevelt for the pleasure.

I just received in this morning's mail a notice that we are to be beneficiaries in a will of a Anna Cokingham of Staatsburgh. I do not know yet to what extent. Goodness knows we need it.

If you are coming this way again before June I hope we can arrange for a Vestry meeting for we ought to have one before long.

With every good wish from the Wilson's,

Faithfully yours,
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 12, 1939.

MEMORANDUM FOR

MRS. HELM

The President has already invited Bishop Tucker to take part in the service at Hyde Park. The President would like to know where the Bishop is to stay so he can write him and tell him of the arrangements.

M. A. LE HAND

The Secretary
May 17, 1939.

My dear Bishop Tucker:

The plans for Hyde Park are now practically complete. My old Groton schoolmate, Lydig Hoyt, and his wife want you and Mrs. Tucker to go to them on Saturday, June tenth, and stay for the weekend. He is a Senior Warden of St. Margaret's Church at Staatsburg, four miles above us on the river — and St. Margaret's is an off-spring of my church, St. James.

They will bring you and Mrs. Tucker down to St. James on Sunday morning and you will be assisted at the service by Mr. Wilson, our Rector, and by Mr. Smith, the Rector of the little Church of England church at our summer home at Campobello Island, N. B.

After the service on Sunday we all move on to my new cottage on the top of a hill on the back part of our place where we will have a picnic lunch.

I do not need to tell you how very happy I am that you are coming. It is in every way fitting and I am especially glad that you will preach the sermon.

Very sincerely yours,

The Rt. Rev. Henry St. George Tucker, D.D.,
281 Fourth Avenue,
New York City,
New York.
XQ New York, April 17, 1939.

The President.

Delighted I have been able to arrange my engagements to accept your invitation for service at Hyde Park, Sunday, June eleventh.

H. St. George Tucker,
Presiding Bishop.
The President of the United States
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

Immediately after receiving your kind invitation to take part in the service at Hyde Park on June eleventh, I called up the Sewanee authorities and secured from them a release from my engagement there. It gives me, therefore, great pleasure to accept the invitation which you have so graciously extended to me as Presiding Bishop of our Church.

I did not understand whether I was to preach on that occasion or not, but I should be very glad to do so if that is your intention.

Assuring you of my appreciation of your invitation and of the pleasure which it will give me to take part in the service, I am,

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

Presiding Bishop
MEMO FOR GRACE

Be sure the letter of invitation to Bishop and Mrs. Tucker has gone from the Lydig Hoyt's.

F. D. R.
May 18, 1939

The President of the United States
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

Thank you very much for your letter telling me about the arrangements for the service in Hyde Park on June eleventh. I appreciate very much the invitation to preach the sermon at the service.

While I have not yet had the opportunity of seeing Mrs. Tucker, I am sure she will be glad to accept Mr. Hoyt's invitation to stay with him.

With kind regard, believe me,

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

Presiding Bishop
June 16, 1939.

Dear Bishop Tucker:—

I want you to know how much I appreciated your coming to Hyde Park for the service last Sunday, and also how very happy Mrs. Roosevelt and I were to be able to have you and Mrs. Tucker with us.

I think the service was perfect in every way, and the King and Queen were much interested in discovering that our service is substantially the same as the Church of England service. I think last Sunday will always be remembered by them as the only quiet family day of their entire trip.

My best wishes to you and Mrs. Tucker,

Very sincerely yours,

The Rt. Rev. Henry St. George Tucker, D.D.,
261 Fourth Avenue,
New York City,
New York.
Dear Mr. Roosevelt:

Before I answer your letter of the 10th of May I must tell you of a little excitement during the past week, namely, three fires. The south portion of the woods belonging to Mrs. J. R. Roosevelt and extending to some depth in called out the firemen last Saturday; no damage to speak of, I am told. Thursday evening a call came in for the Vanderbilt woods. Late this afternoon we were called down to the Rogers coal dock. The fire had gained such headway before discovery that it was impossible to save it. The wind with the extreme heat was such as to ignite the railway ties.

I have something to look forward to for tomorrow. In the evening I am going to preach in Harlem in one of the large negro churches.

In view of all that you have to do it will not be necessary to have that Vestry meeting the 28th May. Let us wait until late June or early July if it so happens that you are to be in Hyde Park at that time.

Now let us take up in the order you have given the plans for June 11.

1. There are 39 pews. You estimate a party of 60. Counting five to a seat you would need twelve pews, six on either side which would reach from the front back to and including Miss Ellen Roosevelt's. This would leave us with about 150 sittings because in some instances it will be possible to seat six persons in a pew.

2. If you will give me the names of those others, those entertaining, early, that will help me to know where I am at in sufficient time to distribute tickets in the parish.

3. As for announcement of the arrangements I dare not notify by letter the members on the parish list. May I ask you if it would be proper to make mention in one of our weekly church notices to the effect "cards for the service can be had upon application to the rector to a limited number"? Certainly, it seems to me, those who attend services with regularity should have the preference.

4. I also had in mind that all others than those of your party should be in their places by 10:45.
St. James's Church
HYDE PARK, N. Y.

REV. FRANK R. WILSON,
RECTOR
ARThUR S. HALPIN,
TREASURER

5. Your plans for retiring from the church and
giving opportunity to the congregation for viewing
the photographing are splendid. (I want to remind
you again that I have asked the Rev. A Raymond Smith,
rector of St. Anne's, Campobello, to read the lessons.
Mrs. Wilson and I have asked him and his wife to be
our guests for something over a week at that time.
I can imagine when he goes home to his little island
that will have something to tell the natives about.)

6. By all means we shall have to depend upon troops
from patrol. I will suggest to Colonel Starling that
a patrol be maintained about the church during service
to keep people away from the windows, especially if
it is warm, so that the confusion set up by their talking
will not be heard inside.

Another matter comes to my mind. What arrangement
have you made with Bishop Tucker, the Presiding Bishop, for
entertainment? Is he coming up on the day before, or on
that Sunday?

I don't want to give the appearance that we are issuing
cards of admission as though it were a function not a church
service. Would you like that I have cards printed quite
like the following,

ST. JAMES' CHURCH
HYDE PARK

This card must be presented
to an usher before 10:45.

June 11, 1939.

Or would you suggest another reading?

I hope Colonel Starling will let me know beforehand the
day and hour when I may expect him. In that way I can
arrange to be on the spot and he will not have to waste his
time looking about town for me.

Anyway, I will have a chance to talk further with you
when you are here over the 26th. Here's to you!

Faithfully yours,

[Signature]

[Note: The signature appears to be that of Rev. Frank R. Wilson.]
St. James's Church
HYDE PARK, N.Y.

June 5, 1930

Dear Miss LeHand:

Not having heard from the President regarding the number in the Church party I am assuming that he is bringing eighty with him. If this is not correct it will help considerably to distribute the cards to a greater extent among the parishioners.

Also no word has been received with respect to Mrs. Ernest Riddell, wife of the gardiner on the Acton place, of whom Mr. Roosevelt made note. She was, you remember, to be presented to the Queen at the picnic.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]
Signed for the Rector in his absence
Two Itineraries of the King and Queen of England which were sent to the President from the Royal Train.

See-Drawer 4-1939
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 16, 1939.

MEMORANDUM FOR

MRS. ROOSEVELT

Please let me have complete list of

(a) All British visitors at Hyde Park or in Poughkeepsie or on Royal train.

(b) All American officials attached to them at that time.

(c) All houses of our neighbors where the British will stay Saturday night, June 10th. I can think only of Mrs. J. R. Roosevelt, Mr. & Mrs. Gerald Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Lydig Hoyt and Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor.

(d) List of all of the family who will be in Hyde Park for the picnic on Sunday.

(e) List of all Americans attached to you and to me -- aides, secretaries, etc.
All of this is for the seating arrangements in the church.

I figure that the above list will take about sixty people and the church will hold only 150. The Rector will distribute to the regular congregation these extra 150 seats by ticket so that no outsiders will be able to get in.

Could you let me have this information tomorrow?

F. D. R.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 17, 1939

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT:

British visitors at Hyde Park

The King and Queen
Lady Katharine Seymour
Lady Nunburnholme
The Rt. Hon. Wm. L. Mackenzie King
Mr. Alan Lascelles
Lt. Col. The Hon. Piers Legh

British visitors in Poughkeepsie

None.

British visitors on Royal train

The Earl of Eldon
The Earl of Airlie
Surgeon Captain Henry White, R.N.
Mr. George F. Steward
Captain Michael Adeane
Comdr. E.M.C. Abel-Smith, R.N.

Canadian visitors on train

Dr. E. H. Coleman
Dr. G. Lanctot
Mr. A. D. P. Heeney
Dr. H. L. Keenleyside
Mr. W. J. Turnbull

This does not include any servants.
Memorandum for the President - 2.

American officials attached to the Royal Party

Mr. George T. Summerlin
Mr. Stanley Woodward
Mr. Michael J. McDermott
Rear Adm. James O. Richardson, U.S.N.

Neighbors' houses at Hyde Park

Mrs. Roosevelt will answer this. However, these persons will have house guests.

Family at Hyde Park for picnic

Mrs. Roosevelt will answer this.

Americans with the President and Mrs. Roosevelt

Miss Malvina C. Thompson
Mrs. James M. Helm

Miss Tully will furnish a list of the President's Aides, Secretaries, etc.

Mrs. J. M. Helm
CONFIDENTIAL RELEASE FOR PUBLICATION IN THE MORNING NEWSPAPERS OF FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1939. NOT TO BE PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED, QUOTED FROM OR USED IN ANY WAY.
STATE VISIT OF THEIR BRITANNIC MAJESTIES
JUNE 1939

MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL PARTY

**THE KING
**THE QUEEN

*Lady Nunburnholme
**Lady Katharine Seymour

*The Right Honorable William Lyon Mackenzie King
  Prime Minister of Canada

The Earl of Eldon
The Earl of Airlie

**Mr. Alan Lascelles

Surgeon Captain Henry White, R.N.
Mr. George F. Steward
Captain Michael Adeane

**Lieutenant Colonel
  The Honorable Piers W. Legh
  Commander E.M.C. Abel-Smith, R.N.
  Mr. A.D.P. Heeney

Ladies in Waiting
Minister in Attendance
Lord in Waiting to the King
Lord Chamberlain to the Queen
Acting Private Secretary to the King
Medical Officer
Chief Press Liaison Officer
Assistant Private Secretary to the King
Equerries to the King
Principal Secretary to the Prime Minister of Canada

*To stay at Hyde Park
**To stay at the White House and at Hyde Park
The Secretary of State and Mrs. Hull, with the British Ambassador and the following committee will proceed by train to Buffalo, New York:

- Mr. George T. Summerlin
  The Chief of Protocol

- Major General Hugh A. Drum, U.S.A.
  Military Aide to the King

- Rear Admiral James O. Richardson, U.S.N.
  Naval Aide to the King

- Captain L.C.A. St.J. Curzon-Howe, M.V.O., R.N.
  Naval Attaché, British Embassy

- Colonel R. V. Read, D.S.O., M.C.
  Military Attaché, British Embassy

- Group Captain G.C. Firie, M.C., D.F.C.
  Air Attaché, British Embassy

- Mr. Cecil W. Gray
  Assistant to the Secretary of State

- Mr. Michael J. McDermott
  Chief, Division of Current Information

- Mr. Robert C. Bannerman
  Chief Special Agent

- Mr. George W. Renchard
  Department of State

**WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7**

**Eastern Standard Time**

8:00 p.m. The reception committee will proceed to the Canadian border at Niagara Falls to welcome Their Majesties the King and Queen on their arrival in the United States.

9:35 p.m. The royal train will arrive at the Suspension Bridge Station, Niagara Falls, New York. The King and Queen will descend from the train and be welcomed on the
station platform by the welcoming committee. The British Ambassador will present the Secretary of State and Mrs. Hull to the King and Queen. The Secretary of State will present the other members of the committee to Their Majesties. Immediately thereafter the Royal Party and the welcoming committee will board the train.

Dress - Informal.

THURSDAY, JUNE 6

11:00 a.m. The King and Queen will arrive at Washington. Their Majesties will be escorted through a double line of Marines by the Secretary of State and the British Ambassador to the President's Reception Room at Union Station, where they will be received by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt. Their Majesties' suite will be presented to the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and the members of the reception committee will then be presented to the King and Queen. The members of the reception committee will be:

- The Vice President and Mrs. Garner
- The Chief Justice and Mrs. Hughes
- The Speaker and Mrs. Bankhead
- The Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Morgenthau
- The Secretary of War and Mrs. Woodring
- The Attorney General
- The Postmaster General and Mrs. Farley
The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Swanson
The Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Ickes
The Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Wallace
The Secretary of Commerce
The Secretary of Labor
Senator and Mrs. Pittman
Representative and Mrs. McReynolds
The Chief of Staff and Mrs. Craig
The Chief of Naval Operations and Mrs. Leahy
The Commandant of the Marine Corps and Mrs. Holcomb
The Under Secretary of State and Mrs. Welles

The British Ambassador will then present to the King and Queen Lady Lindsay and the members of the Embassy staff. Mr. Mackenzie King will present the Minister of Canada and Lady Marler. Sir Herbert Marler will present his staff. Lord Eldon will present the Minister of the Union of South Africa and Mrs. Close, and the Minister of Ireland and Mrs. Brennan. Mr. Close and Mr. Brennan will present their staffs. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt will escort the King and Queen to the guard of honor, drawn up in front of the station. Military honors will be rendered including the British and American National Anthems, and a salute of twenty-one guns. Photographs will be made following the honors.

Members of the reception committee and others will enter their automobiles at the side of the reception room, while the President and Mrs. Roosevelt and the King and Queen are receiving the honors and the photographers.

From the station there will be a procession with military escort to the White House, over the following route:
Up Delaware Avenue to the Capitol, passing before
and turning around in front of the Capitol; thence
down Constitution Avenue to Pennsylvania Avenue. On
Pennsylvania Avenue the procession will bear right
and proceed on Pennsylvania Avenue to the Treasury;
thence South of the Treasury to East Executive Avenue,
entering the White House grounds at the Southeast gate,
and driving to the South entrance of the White House.

Dress — Formal.

12:00 m.
The procession will arrive at the White House.
Immediately following the arrival at the White House,
there will be a Diplomatic Circle in the East Room
for the Chiefs of Diplomatic Missions and their wives.
The British Ambassador, as Dean of the Diplomatic Corps,
will present the Chiefs of Mission and their wives to
the King and Lady Lindsay will present them to the
Queen.

Dress — Uniform or Formal Day.

1:00 p.m. Small luncheon at the White House.

Dress — Informal.

2:30 p.m. The King and Queen will drive around Washington for an
hour’s sightseeing, visiting the Lincoln Memorial, the
Cathedral Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, Rock Creek
Park and other points of interest.

4:00 p.m. Garden party at the British Embassy.

Dress — Formal.

4:45 p.m. Their Majesties will leave the White House passing
through a line of Boy Scouts and Girl Scouts drawn up
on Pennsylvania Avenue.

5:00 p.m. The King and Queen will arrive at the British Embassy.
8:00 p.m. State dinner at the White House, followed by a reception and musicale.
Dress - Formal Evening.
Their Majesties will remain at the White House for the night.

FRIDAY, JUNE 9

10:00 a.m. The King and Queen will leave the White House for the British Embassy.
10:10 a.m. Their Majesties will receive members of the British colony at the Embassy.
10:45 a.m. The King and Queen will leave the British Embassy for the Capitol.
11:00 a.m. Their Majesties, accompanied by their suite, will arrive at the Capitol and be received by Vice President Garner and Speaker Bankhead, who will escort them to the Rotunda where the King and Queen will receive the members of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
Dress - Formal.
11:45 a.m. The King and Queen, with their suite, will leave the Capitol for the Washington Navy Yard.
12:00 p.m. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt will receive Their Majesties, accompanied by their suite, on board the U.S.S. Potomac. Luncheon will be served on board during the sail to Mount Vernon.
1:30 p.m. The King will lay a wreath at Washington's tomb at Mount Vernon. Return to Washington will be by automobile.
2:30 p.m. Visit to the Civilian Conservation Corps Camp at Fort Hunt, Virginia.
3:00 p.m. Departure from Fort Hunt.
3:15 p.m. Arrival at Arlington Cemetery, where the King will lay a wreath on the tomb of the Unknown Soldier. Representatives of the United States veterans' organizations will be present.

3:40 p.m. Arrival at the White House.

4:30 p.m. Informal tea at the White House.

Dress - Informal.

7:55 p.m. The King and Queen will leave the White House for the British Embassy.

8:05 p.m. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt will leave the White House for the British Embassy.

8:15 p.m. Their Majesties will give a dinner at the British Embassy in honor of the President and Mrs. Roosevelt. Dress - Formal Evening.

10:45 p.m. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt will leave the British Embassy for the White House.

11:30 p.m. Their Majesties, accompanied by their suite and American aides, will entrain at Union Station for New York, proceeding from the Embassy to the Station. No ceremony.

SATURDAY, JUNE 10

Daylight Saving Time

9:00 a.m. The royal train will arrive at Red Bank, New Jersey.

9:10 a.m. The King and Queen and other members of the Royal Party will leave Red Bank station by automobile and proceed to Fort Hancock, Sandy Hook.

Dress - Formal.

9:40 a.m. The Royal Party will embark on board a destroyer from the wharf at Fort Hancock and proceed with naval escort up the bay to Pier No. 1, North River, The Battery, New York City.
11:15 a.m. The Governor of New York and the Mayor of the City of New York will welcome the King and Queen at The Battery (Pier No. 1, North River).

11:30 a.m. The Royal Party will leave The Battery by automobile and proceed via West Street to the West Elevated Highway, thence up West Elevated Highway to 72nd Street; right on 72nd Street to East Park Drive in Central Park; left on East Park Drive to 96th Street; right on 96th Street to East River Drive; left on East River Drive to Tri-borough Bridge Approach and across the Bridge; thence Astoria Boulevard to the New York World's Fair.

12:00 m

Their Majesties will arrive at the New York World's Fair and proceed to Perylon Hall, where they will be met by the President of the New York World's Fair and Mrs. Whalen and sign in the Fair's guest book. The King and Queen, followed by the Royal Party, will proceed to the square in front of the United States Federal Building, where a guard of honor will be drawn up before the building. Their Majesties will receive military honors.

12:40

Their Majesties will then proceed to the Federal Building where they will be received by the United States Commissioner General and Mrs. Flynn.

12:50 p.m. The United States World Fair Commission will give a luncheon in honor of the King and Queen in the Federal Building.

1:50 p.m. The King and Queen will visit the Canadian, Irish and British Pavilions, including the Australian, New Zealand and Colonial exhibits.
3:40 p.m. The Royal Party will leave the Fair for Columbia University, returning over the same route as earlier to 110th Street, West on 110th Street to Amsterdam Avenue; North on Amsterdam Avenue to 116th Street and the Columbia University Library.

4:00 p.m. The King and Queen will be received by the President of Columbia University and make a brief visit to the University.

4:15 p.m. Their Majesties will leave Columbia University, proceeding West on 116th Street to Riverside Drive; North on Riverside Drive to Grant's Tomb; at Grant's Tomb, they will descend to lower road - Henry Hudson Parkway - and proceed North to Hyde Park, New York.

6:15 p.m. The King and Queen will arrive at Hyde Park.

**SUNDAY, JUNE 11**

Their Majesties will spend the day at Hyde Park.

11:00 p.m. The King and Queen and their suite will leave Hyde Park by train for Canada, crossing the border during the night.
Department of State

ENCLOSURE TO

Letter drafted

ADDRESS TO

The White House
My dear Mr. President:

I have been informed that you have asked the Department to prepare for your consideration a draft of the remarks which you will make at your dinner for the King.

I consequently enclose herewith a suggested draft which the Secretary and I believe you may find suitable.

I likewise enclose a copy of the remarks which the King will make in replying to your toast. I am informed that because of the slowness with which the King speaks it will take him about three minutes to deliver this speech.

The British Embassy has asked whether it would be possible for a copy of the address which you propose making to be given to them in advance so that the King may have an opportunity of reading it before the night of the dinner. May I therefore ask, when you have determined upon the text which is satisfactory to you, if I may have a copy to hand to the British Ambassador?

Believe me

Faithfully yours,

Enclosures.

The President,
The White House.
Your Majesties:

In the life of a nation, as in that of an individual, there are occasions that stand out in high relief. Such an occasion is the present one, when the entire United States is welcoming on its soil the King and Queen of Great Britain, of our neighbor Canada, and of all the far-flung British Commonwealth of Nations. It is an occasion for festivities, but it is also fitting that we pause a moment in the festivities to give thanks for the bonds of friendship that link our two peoples.

We are heirs to the same traditions of personal liberty, of justice, and of democracy which are today embodied in our systems of government and of law. These common traditions, as the years have passed, have made it very natural that together our two countries have joined in blazing a pathway in the arbitration of international disputes; that together they were among the pioneers in framing procedures of international conciliation; and that recently they signed a trade agreement which is not only mutually beneficial but is contributing to the removal throughout the world of burdensome restrictions on international trade.

Of course, there have been differences between us. Frequently our national interests have not coincided. But so confident is each Government of the fairness of the other, and of its inherent willingness to find a reasonable and, above all else, a peaceful solution of disputes
disputes, that adjustment of difficulties, when they arrive, can always be reached promptly through the peaceful processes of reason and good will, with the sure conviction that not only will friendship not be impaired, but that it may frequently thereby be even strengthened.

I am persuaded that the greatest single contribution our two countries have been enabled to make to civilization, and to the welfare of peoples throughout the world, is the example we have jointly set by our manner of conducting relations between our two nations. If this example which we have established could only be universally followed, relations between all countries would rest upon a sure foundation, and men and women everywhere could once more look upon a happy, a prosperous, and a peaceful world.

May this kind of understanding between our countries grow ever closer, and may our friendship prosper. Ladies and gentlemen, I beg to propose and join me in drinking the health of His Majesty, King George VI.
Your Majesties:

In the life of a nation, as in that of an individual, there are occasions that stand out in high relief. Such an occasion is the present one, when the entire United States is welcoming on its soil the King and Queen of Great Britain, of our neighbor Canada, and of all the far-flung British Commonwealth of Nations. It is an occasion for festivities, but it is also fitting that we give thanks for the bonds of friendship that link our two peoples.

I am persuaded that the greatest single contribution our two countries have been enabled to make to civilization, and to the welfare of peoples throughout the world, is the example we have jointly set by our manner of conducting relations between our two nations.

It is because each nation is lacking in fear of the other that we have unfortified borders between us. It is because neither of us fears aggression on the part of the other that we have entered no race of armaments, the one against the other.

The King and I are aware of a recent episode. Two small uninhabited Islands in the center of the Pacific
became of sudden interest to the British Empire and to the United States as stepping stones for commercial airplanes between America and Australasia. Both nations claimed sovereignty. Both nations had good cases. To have entered into a long drawn out argument could have meant ill-will between us and delay in the use of the Islands by either nation. It was suggested that the problem be solved by the joint use of both Islands by both nations, and, by a gentleman's agreement, to defer the question of sovereignty until the year 1989.

If this illustration of the use of methods of peace, divorced from aggression, could only be universally followed, relations between all countries would rest upon a sure foundation, and men and women everywhere could once more look upon a happy, a prosperous and a peaceful world.

May this kind of understanding between our countries grow ever closer, and may our friendship prosper. Ladies and gentlemen, we drink to the health of His Majesty, King George VI.

==========
The visit which The Queen and I are paying you today is something which has been in our minds for many weeks, and if we have had our moments of anxiety they have served to make us realise how intensely we have been looking forward to the present occasion. I wish therefore in the first place to thank you for your kind invitation and for your still kinder welcome. We have been deeply touched by the manner in which Washington has already received us; and we expect to enjoy every minute of our remaining time in the United States.

From Canada which we have just left and whither we shall soon return, I bring you today the warm greetings of a neighbour and a trusted friend. From my other Dominions, from the United Kingdom, and from all my Empire I carry to you expressions of the utmost cordiality and good will. As I drink a toast to you, Mr. President, I wish you every possible health and happiness. I trust and believe that in years to come the history of the United States will continue to be marked by that ordered progress and by that prosperity which have been theirs in the past. And I pray that our great nations may ever in the future walk together along the path of friendship in a world at peace.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 15, 1939.

This was the formal release of the Toast to the King at the White House dinner on June 8, 1939. The actual Toast was extemporaneously given by me but it included all of the general thoughts in this release.

In addition, I offered a Toast to the Queen after the one to the King had been drunk.

F. D. R.
Toast given by President Roosevelt to King George VI at a dinner given in honor of Their Majesties. The changes are in the handwriting of President Roosevelt.
Your Majesties:

In the life of a nation, as in that of an individual, there are occasions that stand out in high relief. Such an occasion is the present one, when the entire United States is welcoming on its soil the King and Queen of Great Britain, of our neighbor Canada, and of all the far-flung British Commonwealth of Nations. It is an occasion for festivities, but it is also fitting that we give thanks for the bonds of friendship that link our two peoples.

I am persuaded that the greatest single contribution our two countries have been enabled to make to civilization, and to the welfare of peoples throughout the world, is the example we have jointly set by our manner of conducting relations between our two nations.

It is because each nation is lacking in fear of the other that we have unfortified borders between us. It is because neither of us fears aggression on the part of the other that we have entered no race of armaments, the one against the other.

The King and I are aware of a recent episode. Two small uninhabited Islands in the center of the Pacific
became of sudden interest to the British Empire and to the United States as stepping stones for commercial airplanes between America and Australasia. Both nations claimed sovereignty. Both nations had good cases. To have entered into a long drawn out argument could have meant ill-will between us and delay in the use of the Islands by either nation. It was suggested that the problem be solved by the joint use of both Islands by both nations, and, by a gentleman's agreement, to defer the question of sovereignty until the year 1939.

If this illustration of the use of methods of peace, divorced from aggression, could only be universally followed, relations between all countries would rest upon a sure foundation, and men and women everywhere could once more look upon a happy, a prosperous and a peaceful world.

May this kind of understanding between our countries grow ever closer, and may our friendship prosper.

Ladies and gentlemen, we drink to the health of His Majesty, King George VI.
Your Majesties:

In the life of a nation, as in that of an individual, there are occasions that stand out in high relief. Such an occasion is the present one, when the entire United States is welcoming on its soil the King and Queen of Great Britain, of our neighbor Canada, and of all the far-flung British Commonwealth of Nations. It is an occasion for festivities, but it is also fitting that we give thanks for the bonds of friendship that link our two peoples.

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The King and I are aware of a recent episode.

Two small uninhabited Islands in the center of the Pacific
became of sudden interest to the British Empire and to the United States as stepping stones for commercial airplanes between America and Australasia. Both nations claimed sovereignty. Both nations had good cases. To have entered into a long drawn out argument could have meant ill-will between us and delay in the use of the Islands by either nation. It was suggested that the problem be solved by the joint use of both Islands by both nations, and, by a gentleman's agreement, to defer the question of ultimate sovereignty until the year 1989. The passage of 50 years will solve many problems.

If this illustration of the use of methods of peace, divorced from aggression, could only be universally followed, relations between all countries would rest upon a sure foundation, and men and women everywhere could once more look upon a happy, a prosperous and a peaceful world.

May this kind of understanding between our countries grow ever closer, and may our friendship prosper.

Ladies and gentlemen, we drink to the health of His Majesty, King George VI.

...............
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 1, 1939

MEMORANDUM FOR MISS TULLY:

I telephoned Bishop Tucker this afternoon, and he said the invitation had been received from Mr. and Mrs. Lydig Hoyt, and accepted, and that they were looking forward to going to Staatsburgh on Saturday, June 10th.

MRS. HELM
MEMORANDUM FOR MISS LEHAND:

I have again demoted the Bishop on the porch at the picnic at Hyde Park. The Governor of New York comes after Secretary and Mrs. Morgenthau, and I have put the Bishop and his wife after them.

MRS. HEILM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 24, 1939.

MEMORANDUM FOR

MRS. HELM

The President asks that you call Bishop Tucker on June first or second and ask him if they have received their invitation from the Lydig Hoyts and whether they are all set to go to Staatsburg on Saturday, June tenth. He said he would like to be sure that everything is done that is necessary.

GRACE G. TULLY
The President

I am profoundly grateful for your kind sympathy in the loss that my Navy has sustained by the disaster of the Thetis.

George R I

215pmd
A Program of American Music

American music today is made up of three distinct living idioms—a folk, a popular, and an art music.

The traditions of all these three derive from Europe: The bulk of our folk music from the British Isles, that of our art music from the great composers of the continent. As in the case of the American language, the folk music has undergone sea change in its migrations across the Atlantic.

In addition, certain other national and racial minorities have created new hybrids, the French in the Southeast, the Spanish in the Southwest, the Germans and the Scandinavians in the North. Above all, the Negro has made the most distinctive contribution.

The people sang as they built a country, recalling the old and celebrating the new. The voices of miners, farmers, lumberjacks, workers of all kinds, their wives and children, swelled into a tide of music rich and strange but vital and undeniably American.

Our popular music, the music of the cities, draws from the sources of both of the other and older idioms. Today, like the motion picture, it is an export commodity to all ports of the world.

The selections on this program are drawn from these three musical currents and sung by persons and groups—professional and amateur—who know and sing them best.

Thursday, June 8, 1939
The White House
I. NEGRO SPIRITUALS . . . . . . . Arranged by Nell Hunter

De Ol’ Ark’s A Moverin’
A traditional spiritual generally familiar throughout the country.

Wade in the Water
A reference to the troubling of the waters in the pool of Siloam.

I Don’t Feel Noways Tired
An expression of the Negro’s hope of heaven in spite of tribulations and oppression.

NORTH CAROLINA SPIRITUAL SINGERS
Nell Hunter, Director; Thomas Covington, Baritone

Community activity group under the direction of the North Carolina Federal Music Project of the Works Progress Administration

This is a group representing a cross-section of Negro life in the State, composed of workers from the tobacco plants, clerks, a doctor, school teachers, the proprietor of a beauty shop, and housewives.

Nell Hunter, after years of concert work in this country and abroad, became director of the chorus in 1936.
II. COWBOY BALLADS

Whooppee, Ti Yi Yo, Git Along, Little Dogies
A widely known song of the prairies, the melody of which is of English origin. "Dogies" are the little yearling steers.

The Old Chisholm Trail
An account of all the experiences of a group of cowboys driving a herd of cattle from Texas to Dodge City, Kansas.

ALAN LOMAX
Assistant in charge of Archive of American Folk Song,
Music Division, Library of Congress

Mr. Lomax, long associated with his father, John A. Lomax, who first "discovered" and published cowboy songs, has contributed greatly to the knowledge of folk songs through his many collecting trips.
III. FOLK SONGS

CINDY
A "cracker-jack" party tune with countless verses, probably of part Southern Mountain white and part Negro origin.

THE SOLDIER AND THE LADY
An old English ballad with many variations, found throughout our Appalachian country.

BUFFALO GALS
An early play party song of minstrel origin, known as Cincinnati Girls, Louisiana Girls, and under other titles.

HOW MANY BISCUITS CAN YOU EAT?
A later song based largely on a Negro minstrel.

COON CREEK GIRLS
Lila May Ledford, Fiddle Leader
Violet Koehler, Mandolin
Rosie Ledford, Guitar
Daisy Lange, Bass Fiddle
John Lair, Director

From Pinchem-Tight Hollow in the Renfro Valley of Kentucky. They led the normal hard life of the mountaineers of that State until 1937 when they were "discovered" by Mr. Lair and started their radio career.
IV. FOLK DANCES

Wagon Wheel
Ocean Wave
King’s Highway
Dive and Shoot the Owl
London Bridge

Dances handed down through generations. They have their sources in the stately dances of old Virginia, in games, and in the spirited rhythm of mountain banjo and fiddle music.

SOCO GAP SQUARE-DANCE TEAM

Sam L. Queen, Caller and Leader
Bascom Lamar Lunsford, Director

Rural people from the mountains of western North Carolina, near Asheville, most of whom live on their own farms where they raise fruit, grow stock and do diversified farming.

Bascom Lamar Lunsford from Leicester, North Carolina, a lawyer and farmer, known as the “Minstrel of the Appalachians” because of his life-long activities in the interest of preserving the traditional music and dances of his native mountains.
V. THESE FOOLISH THINGS .......................... Old time popular song
MACUSHLA ........................................ Dermot Macmurrough
WHEN THE MOON COMES OVER THE MOUNTAIN
   Howard Johnson-Harry Wood

KATE SMITH, Contralto
TONY GALE, Accompanist

VI. AVE MARIA ........................................ Schubert
MY SOUL'S BEEN ANCHORED IN THE LORD  Arranged by Boatner
TRAMPING .......................................... Arranged by Price

MARIAN ANDERSON, Contralto
KOSTI VEHANEN, Accompanist

VII. THE PILGRIM'S SONG .......................... Tschaikowsky
SYLVIA ............................................... Oley Speaks
IF LOVE HATH ENTERED THY HEART ............. Joseph Marx

LAWRENCE TIBBETT, Baritone,
   Member of the Metropolitan Opera Company
STEWARD WILLE, Accompanist

GOD SAVE THE KING
THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER
THE WHITE HOUSE TO THE BRITISH EMBASSY AND RETURN

(Garden Party - June eighth)

Car no. 1 (White House car)
H.M. the King
H.M. the Queen

Car no. 2 (White House car)
Lady Katharine Seymour
Mr. Alan Lascelles
Rear Admiral Richardson

Car no. 3 (Dept. of State car)
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Legh
Major General Drum
The Chief of Protocol
BRITISH EMBASSY TO THE CAPITOL

(June ninth)

Car no. 1 (White House car)
H.M. the King
H.M. the Queen

Car no. 2 (Ambassador's car)
H.E. the British Ambassador
Lady Lindsay
Lady Nunburnholme

Car no. 3 (State Department car)
Mr. Mallet
Mrs. Mallet
The Chief of Protocol

Car no. 4 (State Department car)
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Legh
Mr. Alan Lascelles
Major General Drum
Rear Admiral Richardson

Car no. 5 (Secret Service car)
Secret Service
THE CAPITOL TO THE NAVY YARD

(June ninth)

Car no. 1 (White House car)
H.M. the King
H.M. the Queen

Car no. 2 (British Embassy)
H.E. the British Ambassador
Lady Lindsay
The Prime Minister of Canada

Car no. 3 (State Dept. car)
Lady Nunburnholme
The Chief of Protocol
Rear Admiral Richardson

Car no. 4 (State Dept. car)
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Legh
Mr. Alan Lascelles
Major General Drum
MOUNT VERNON TO WASHINGTON
(June ninth)

Car no. 1 (White House car)

The President
H.M. the King
Brigadier General Watson

Car no. 2 (White House car)

Mrs. Roosevelt
H.M. the Queen
Captain Callaghan

Car no. 3 (State Department car)

The Prime Minister of Canada
Lady Lindsay
Lady Nunburnholme
Major General Drum

Car no. 4 (British Ambassador's car)

H.E. the British Ambassador
Lady Katharine Seymour
Mrs. Leahy
Admiral Leahy

Car no. 5 (Secretary of State's car)

The Secretary of State
Mrs. Hull
Lady Marler
The Earl of Eldon

Car no. 6 (Minister of South Africa's car)

The Minister of the Union of South Africa
Mrs. Close
The Earl of Airlie
Rear Admiral McIntire

Car no. 7 (Secretary of the Treasury's car)

The Secretary of the Treasury
Mrs. Morgenthau
Mr. Alan Lascelles
Rear Admiral Richardson

Car no. 8 (Secretary of War's car)

The Secretary of War
Mrs. Woodring
Surgeon Captain White
Mr. George F. Steward

Car no. 9 (Attorney General's car)

The Attorney General
Mrs. Swanson
Captain Adeane
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Logh
Car no. 10 (Postmaster General's car)
The Postmaster General
Mrs. Farley
Commander Abel-Smith
Mr. A. D. Heeney

Car no. 11 (Secretary of the Interior's car)
The Secretary of the Interior
Mrs. Ickes
Dr. E. H. Coleman
Dr. H. L. Keenleyside

Car no. 12 (Secretary of Agriculture's car)
The Secretary of Agriculture
Mrs. Wallace
Dr. Lanctot
Mr. W. J. Turnbull

Car no. 13 (Secretary of Commerce's car)
The Secretary of Commerce
The Secretary of Labor
The Chief of Protocol
Captain Curzon-Howe

Car no. 14 (State Department car)
Colonel R. V. Read
Group Captain Pirie
The Assistant Chief of Protocol

Car no. 15 (State Department car)
The Assistant Naval Attaché, British Embassy
Mr. Spruks
Mr. Buell

Cars nos. 16, 17 and 18 (State Dept. cars)
The Press
THE WHITE HOUSE TO THE BRITISH EMBASSY

(Dinner - June ninth)

Car no. 1 (White House car)

H.M. the King
H.M. the Queen

Car no. 2 (White House car)

Mr. Alan Lascelles
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Legh
The Hon. George T. Summerlin
BRITISH EMBASSY TO UNION STATION

(June ninth)

Car no. 1
H.M. the King
H.M. the Queen

Car no. 2
The Prime Minister of Canada
H.E. the British Ambassador
Lady Lindsay

Car no. 3
Lady Nunburnholme
The Earl of Eldon
Rear Admiral Richardson

Car no. 4
Mr. Alan Lascelles
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Legh
The Hon. George T. Summerlin

Car no. 5
Major General Drum
Captain Curzon-Howe
Mr. Hoyer Millar
RED BANK TO FORT HANCOCK (Pennsylvania Station to the Battery)

Car no. 1
H.M. the King
The Prime Minister of Canada
H.E. the British Ambassador

Car no. 2
H.M. the Queen
Lady Lindsay
Major General Drum

Car no. 3
Lady Nunburnholme
The Earl of Eldon
Rear Admiral Richardson

Car no. 4
Lady Katharine Seymour
The Earl of Airlie
Mr. Alan Lascelles

Car no. 5
Surgeon Captain White
Mr. Steward
The Chief of Protocol
Captain Curzon

Car no. 6
Mr. Adeane
Mr. Heeney
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Legh
Commander Abel-Smith

Car no. 7
Dr. Coleman
Mr. Keenleyside
Assistant Chief of Protocol
Mr. Hoyer Millar

Car no. 8
Dr. Lanctot
Mr. Turnbull
Mr. Spruks
Mr. Buell

4 Busses

The Press
BRITISH ROYAL VISIT

Car seating list - June 10, 1939

THE BATTERY TO THE NEW YORK WORLD'S FAIR
and
THE NEW YORK WORLD'S FAIR TO COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

Car no. 1

H.M. the King
H.M. the Queen
The Hon. Herbert H. Lehman,
Governor of the State of New York
The Hon. Fiorello H. LaGuardia,
Mayor of the City of New York

Car no. 2

The Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King,
Prime Minister of Canada and
Minister in Attendance on H.M. the King
Mrs. Herbert H. Lehman
Mrs. Fiorello H. LaGuardia
Major General Hugh A. Drum,
Honorary Military Aide to H.M. the King

Car no. 3

H.E. Sir Ronald Lindsay, P.C., G.C.M.G., K.C.B., C.V.O.,
British Ambassador to the United States
Lady Lindsay
Lady Nunburnholme,
Lady in Waiting to H.M. the Queen
Rear Admiral James O. Richardson,
Honorary Naval Aide to H.M. the King

Car no. 4

Lady Katharine Seymour,
Lady in Waiting to H.M. the Queen
The Earl of Eldon,
Lord in Waiting to H.M. the King
The Earl of Airlie, G.C.V.O., M.C.,
Lord Chamberlain to the Queen
The Honorable George T. Summerlin,
Chief of Protocol, Department of State

Car no. 5

Mr. Godfrey D. N. Haggard, C.M.G., O.B.E.,
British Consul General at New York
Mrs. Godfrey D. N. Haggard
Mr. Alan F. Lascelles, C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O., M.C.,
Acting Private Secretary to H.M. the King
Captain L. C. A. St. J. Curzon-Howe, M.V.O., R.N.,
Naval Attaché at the British Embassy
Car no. 6
Surgeon Captain Henry White, R.N.,
Medical Officer to H.M. the King
Mr. George F. Steward,
Chief Press Liaison Officer
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers W. Legh, C.M.G., C.I.E.,
C.V.O., O.B.E.,
Equerry to H.M. the King
Mr. Stanley Woodward,
Assistant Chief of Protocol, Department of State

Car no. 7
Captain Michael Adeane,
Assistant Private Secretary to H.M. the King
Commander E. M. C. Abel-Smith, R.N.,
Equerry to H.M. the King
Mr. A. D. P. Heeney,
Principal Secretary to the Prime Minister of Canada
Mr. H. Charles Spruks,
Ceremonial Officer, Department of State

Car no. 8
Dr. E. H. Coleman,
Canadian Under Secretary of State
Dr. Gustave Lanctot, K.C.,
Dominion Archivist
Mr. Robert L. Buell,
Department of State

Car no. 9
Mr. H. L. Keenleyside,
Member of Canadian Official Party
Mr. W. J. Turnbull,
Member of Canadian Official Party
Mr. F. R. Hoyer Millar, C. M. G., C. V. O.,
First Secretary of the British Embassy

Cars nos. 10, 11 and 12

The Press
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY TO HYDE PARK

(June tenth)

Car no. 1 (White House car)
H.M. the King
H.M. the Queen

Car no. 2
The Prime Minister of Canada
Lady Lindsay
Lady Nunburnholme

Car no. 3
The Earl of Eldon
H.E. the British Ambassador
Lady Katharine Scymour

Car no. 4
The Earl of Airlie
Major General Drum
Mr. Alan Lascelles

Car no. 5
Rear Admiral Richardson
Surgeon Captain White
The Chief of Protocol

Car no. 6
Mr. Steward
Mr. Adeane
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers Logh
Commander Abel-Smith

Car no. 7
Dr. Coleman
Mr. Hoey
Dr. Keenleyside
Mr. Hoyer Miller

Car no. 8
Dr. Lancetot
Mr. Turnbull
The Assistant Chief of Protocol

Cars nos. 9 and 10

The Press
1st Annunciation
Calling
Lady Annunciation
from
Blisston England.
DINNER AT HYDE PARK
Saturday evening, June 10, 1939,
at 8 o'clock.

The President and Mrs. Roosevelt

Their Britannic Majesties

Mrs. James Roosevelt
H.E. the Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King
H.E. the British Ambassador and the Hon. Lady Lindsay
The Lady Munburnholme
The Lady Katharine Seymour
The Earl of Jersey
The Earl of Airlie
Mr. Alan Lascelles
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers W. Leigh
Gen. E. M. C. Abel-Smith

Secy of the Treasury and Mrs. Morgenthau
Mrs. J. Roosevelt Roosevelt
Mrs. Richard F. Babcock
Mrs. Theodore Douglas Robinson
Hon. and Mrs. James Roosevelt

Small table:

Rear Adm. James O. Richardson
Capt. Daniel J. Callaghan
Hon. George T. Summerlin
Miss Margarette LeHand
Mrs. Elliott Roosevelt
Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Roosevelt, Jr.
Mr. John Roosevelt
DINNER
Hyde Park, New York
Sunday evening, June 11, 1939,
at 8 o'clock.

The President and Mrs. Roosevelt

Their Britannic Majesties

Mrs. James Roosevelt
H.E. The Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King
H.E. The British Ambassador and the Hon. Lady Lindsay
The Lady Nunburnholme
The Lady Katharine Seymour
Surg. Capt. Henry White, R.N.
Mr. George F. Steward
Capt. Michael Ahearn
Lt. Col. the Hon. Piers W. Legh
Dr. E. H. Coleman

Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum
Rear Adm. Ross T. McIntire
Miss Laura Delano
Mrs. Tracy Dows
Miss Marguerite LeHand

The President
[Signatures]

Miss LeMaire
Mrs. T. D. Roosevelt Jr.
Mr. John Roosevelt Jr.

only 21 on this list
TELEGRAM

4WUAB 108 N.L.

The White House
Washington
On Board The Royal Train Montjoli Que., June 12, 1939

THE PRESIDENT:

Personal.

Have been living today the memories of the last few days. It is difficult to think of anything else, so vivid, so wholly delightful and so fraught with world significance every hour has been. Impossible to tell you how profound the impression created, or how helpful in meeting the objectives we have most at heart. Shall write in course of few days. This line is just to bring anew to Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt Sr. and yourself some slight expression of my heartfelt gratitude and thanks, and my warmest and kindest regards to all.

MacKenzie King.
The President

The White House

The queen and I are deeply grateful, Mr. President, to Mrs. Roosevelt and yourself for your hospitality during the past four days. The kindness shown to us personally by you both was endorsed by your fellow countrymen and country women with a cordiality that has stirred our hearts. In Washington, in New York and indeed wherever we have been in the United States, we have been accorded a reception of which the friendliness was unmistakable. Though this was our first visit to your great country and though it was necessarily only a brief one, it has given us memories of kindly feeling and good will that we shall always treasure. To you, our host, and to the many thousands of American citizens who also showed us such true hospitality and such spontaneous courtesy, we send our heartfelt thanks and our best wishes.

GEORGE R.I.

2:00 p.m.
June 12, 1939

Dear Franklin,

Just a line to express my appreciation of the way you and Eleanor--and your good mother--handled the royal visit. You did a grand job, and we are all proud of you.

In view of my frequent disagreement with you on domestic issues I am happy to be able to say to you--as I have said publically on every occasion when I have discussed foreign affairs--that I think you have been both realistic and effective--especially in your handling of the European situation, and in your insistence on building up the navy.

Sincerely yours,

Nick

Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt,
President of the United States,
Hyde Park, N.Y.
June 15, 1939.

Dear Nick:-

Many thanks for that nice note of yours. I wish that you could have met the King and Queen -- they are very delightful and understanding people, and, incidentally, know a great deal not only about foreign affairs in general but also about social legislation. Actually they would qualify for inclusion in that famous book, which is constantly quoted by some of your friends -- not mine -- to the effect that Eleanor and I are Communists!

As ever yours,

Nicholas Roosevelt, Esq.,
Hewlett,
Long Island,
New York.
6/13/39

MEMORANDUM FOR MISS LEHAND:

Attached are two itineraries which were sent to the President from the Royal train.

They were given to me by General Watson.

K.
June 15, 1939

Dear Franklin,

I think you should write letters to the following people for all they did to make the visit of the King and Queen successful:

- Mr. Crim, for himself and the other ushers.
- A word to Ida, for herself and the people in the kitchen.
- To Fields, for the people in the pantry.
- The head of the guards
- Mrs. Nesbitt
- Mrs. Helm, and the people in her office.
- Plough, for all he did.
- Mama
- Mrs. Hamlin for the pictures.
- Governor Lehman to thank the State police.
- The Major in charge of the soldiers.
- The head of the Secret Service.
- And perhaps the Mayor of Poughkeepsie for the Poughkeepsie police.
- All the artists who appeared both in Washington and Hyde Park for all they did.

I know this seems like a tremendous job but they did all work hard.
June 15, 1939

His Majesty
King George VI,
SS Empress of Britain,
Halifax, June 15.

I cannot allow you and the Queen to sail for home without expressing once more the extreme pleasure which your all too brief visit to the United States gave us.

The warmth of the welcome accorded you everywhere you visited in this country was the spontaneous outpouring of deep sympathy and understanding of our guests.

I shall always think that you felt the sincerity of this manifestation of the friendship of the American people.

Mrs. Roosevelt joins me in parting felicitations to Your Majesties and best wishes for a safe and pleasant voyage.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT
The White House
Washington

June 15, 1939

His Majesty
King George VI,
SS Empress of Britain,
Halifax, June 15.

I cannot allow you and the Queen to sail for
home without expressing once more the extreme pleasure which
your all too brief visit to the United States gave us.

The warmth of the welcome accorded you
everywhere you visited in this country was the spontaneous
outpouring of Americans who were deeply touched by the tact,
the graciousness, and the understanding hearts of our guests.

I shall always like to think that you felt
the sincerity of this manifestation of the friendship of the
American people.

Mrs. Roosevelt joins me in parting felicitations
to Your Majesties and best wishes for a safe and pleasant voyage.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT
His Majesty
King George VI,
SS Empress of Britain,
Halifax, June 15.

Upon your departure, I wish to express to you and to the Queen the genuine pleasure it has given me to welcome you to the United States. I am glad that you made possible our meeting by accepting the invitation I extended on behalf of the American people, and I am confident that in the few days you were here you felt the sincere friendship of the American nation.

Mrs. Roosevelt joins in most cordial messages to Your Majesties and best wishes for a safe and pleasant voyage to your homeland.

Franklin D. Roosevelt
Falk's Staff:

Em. Watson
Ad. McKenzie
John Calhoun
Mrs. Irby
M. Wassell

J.R.

Mrs. J.R.
Mrs. J.R.

Children

J.R. & Betty

Elliott & Ruth

John Robinson
Hamlin, Jr.
N. Walker

This Robinson

Grace Clark – 3 (Picnic)
Wm. J.R. – 2
Helen Robinson

24
Dear Mrs. Morgan:
Mr. & Mrs. Noyes
Mr. & Mrs. Austin
Mr. & Mrs. Cross

Miss Margaret Kennedy
Miss Betty Thompson

45
50
5
5
60