Issuance and Reissuance of U.S. Visas, Volume 7
(Folder 3 of 3)

SEP 16 1944

Dear Mr. Reglo:

Reference is made to your letter of August 29, 1944 (your reference VB) enclosing a list of persons for each/whom a visa was authorized by the State Department after July 1, 1941.

With respect to Fanny Alter and Vera and Ivan Bunin, your report indicates that no authorization was granted subsequent to July 1, 1941. We have now been advised by the International Rescue and Relief Committee that in the case of Fanny Alter it had been informed by the State Department that a reconfirmation of her visa had been cabled on April 9, 1942 to the American Consul abroad. In the case of the Bunins, the Committee advises us that on September 17, 1942 it received a letter from Mr. George Warren of the President's Advisory Committee on Political Refugees stating that the case had been approved in Washington and that all action possible in this country in connection with the visas had been taken.

In your report you also indicate that you are unable to identify, from the information furnished by us, the following named persons:

Avarane, Adolf
O.
J.

Cohen, Hilda
Jules

Rosenheimer, Adolf

We have ascertained the following additional information with respect to these persons.

Adolf Avarane is 33 years of age and is a doctor by profession. His wife's name is Jacqueline and her age is 30 years. The American Consul in Lyon was notified on November 12, 1942 that advisory approval had been granted.

With respect to the Cohens, we have ascertained that their correct names are Isidore Jules Cohen and Hildegard Jeanne Cohen.

Isidore was born on August 24, 1906 in Kavern, Germany, and his occupation is that of sports clothes designer. His wife Hildegard, was born on June 16, 1909 in Saarlus, Germany.

With respect to Adolf Edenheimer, his sponsors are Max Edheimer, Cleveland, Ohio, and Fred L. Kahn, Baltimore, Maryland, and his last known address is Ilot A, Baraque I, Camp de Gurs, France.

We would appreciate it if on the basis of this additional information you would go over your records once again in order to confirm whether visas have been authorized for these individuals since July 1, 1944.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. Adolph A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary
Department of State
Washington 25, D. C.

Original signed by Mr. Pehle

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ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In reply refer to
VD

September 11, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

Referring to my letter of August 29, 1944, I take pleasure in enclosing a list of persons covering the section from F to K inclusive, referred to in the enclosure to your letter of August 10, 1944.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Enclosure:

List.

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

Fabian, Annette-Irene Ruth Walter	No authorization since July 1, 1941.	
Falk, Alfred Margot	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1942.
Falk, Clara	Yes	Marseille, November 18, 1941 September 30, 1942
Falkenstein, Hedwig	Yes	Marseille, November 2, 1942
Farago, Ladislas	Yes	Marseille, October 27, 1942.
Feger, Jagnes Leo Authorization covers:	Yes Jacques Leo	Marseille, October 24, 1942.
Feldman, Benno Sonja	Yes	Marseille, September 2, 1942.
Fernheimer, Betty	Yes	Marseille, December 1, 1941. July 7, 1942.
Fetterer, Rudolfine	Yes	Marseille, July 9, 1942.
Finger, Bruno	Yes	Nice, November 14, 1941.
Flatau, Conrad Eva Sybille	Yes	Nice, September 29, 1942.
Fleishaker, Julius Selma	Yes	Marseille, December 9, 1941. July 7, 1942.
Fleischer, Margaret S.	No	
Frank, Jacob Lina	Yes	Marseille, November 12, 1941.
Frank, Salomon Babette	Yes	Marseille, October 24, 1942.
Frankel, Eva Authorization covers:	Yes Eva	Madrid, August 15, 1941.
Freuder, Israel Mayer Authorization covers:	Yes wife, Rebecca	Lyon, July 22, 1942.

Friedheim, Kurt)	Yes	Marseille, October 5, 1942.
Friedmann, Gertrude) Regina) Wilhelm)	Yes	Marseille, October 29, 1942.
Friedmann, Helene)	Yes	Marseille, November 12, 1941. August 11, 1942.
Friedmann, Josef) Sara)	Yes	Marseille, June 2, 1942. September 28, 1942.
Friedmann, Sandor)	Yes	Budapest, November 17, 1941.
Frohman, Max) Ida)	Yes	Marseille, June 17, 1942. Report indicates Max died in 1942.
Fuerst, Frieda)	Yes	Marseille, October 21, 1941 September 15, 1942.
Gaba, Sabina)	Yes	Nice, September 4, 1942.
Gardel, Berthe)	Yes	Marseille, May 27, 1942.
Gazes, Albert J.) Authorization covers:	Yes Albert J.) Gazes)	Nice, July 17, 1942.
Gerszuni, Jacob) wife) child) Authorization covers:	Yes Jacob) Wanda) Victoria)	Lyon, October 28, 1942
Glaser, Franz Werner)	Yes	Lyon, September 21, 1942.
Gluck, Albert B.)	No	
Gluck, Heins) Lilly)	Yes	Nice, August 7, 1942.
Gogg, Ilse)	Yes	Nice, October 6, 1942.

Goldberg, Dorothea D. Isidore	Yes	Marseille, October 20, 1942.
Goldblum, Erna)	Yes	Marseille, September 3, 1942.
Goldschmidt, Ernestine)	Yes	Marseille, September 3, 1942.
Goldschmidt, Rosel Willi	Yes	Marseille, October 6, 1942.
Goldschmidt, Rudolf Clara Reinz	Yes	Marseille, December 2, 1941. October 13, 1942.
Goldstein, Moise Frieda	Yes	Nice, April 8, 1942. August 20, 1942.
Gottesmann, Leib Marie Tobias	Yes	Marseille, July 2, 1942.
Gottschalk, Fritz Herta Elsbeth	Yes	Marseille, May 29, 1942.
Gourgey, Albert) Authorization covers:	Yes Albert (Abraham) Sion)	Marseille, November 29, 1941.
Grief, Adolf Fanny	Yes	Marseille, October 26, 1942.
Griesbach, Ernst) Authorization covers:	Yes Ernest) Grete)	Marseille, December 1, 1941. July 15, 1942.
Gross, Chana)	Yes	Marseille, October 23, 1942.
Gruber, Charles)	Yes	Marseille, November 5, 1941.
Gruenberg, Leo) Authorization covers:	Yes Grinberg, Leo)	Marseille, November 14, 1941.
Gruenbaum, Hilda Eleanore	Yes	Marseille, September, 1942.
Grumbach, Alice) Authorization covers:	Yes son, Bodenheimer, Alfred)	Marseille, October 13, 1942.

Grundler, Guillaume)	Yes	Nice, November 4, 1942.
Grunebaum, Betty)	Yes	Marseille, November 14, 1941. July 1, 1942.
Gruner, Agnes Jeno-Margarete)	Yes	Budapest, October 14, 1941.
Grunstein, Fanny Greenstein, Fanny)	No	
Guggenheim, Else)	Yes	Marseille, November 26, 1941. August 14, 1942.
Gunzburg, Marguerite de)	Yes	Marseille, October 27, 1942.
Gutheim, Roger)	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1942.
Gutman, Paula)	Yes	Marseille, July 21, 1942.
Gutman, Angeline Thekla Rudolphe Paul M. Henri)	Yes	Marseille, November 10, 1941.
? Gwitz, Gaston Paul Renee)	Unable to identify	
Haas, Alice)	Yes	Marseille, June 5, 1942.
Haas, Eugene Rosa)	Yes	Marseille, May 14, 1942.
Hahn, Berta)	Yes	Marseille, May 11, 1942.
Halff, Francois Rose)	Yes	Nice, October 14, 1942.
Halpern, Chaja Mrs.)	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1941.
Hanau, Klara)	Yes	Marseille, September 5, 1942.
Heidelberger, Hertha)	Yes	Marseille, July 15, 1942.
Heilbrun, Bruno Ruth Sally)	Yes	Marseille, April 13, 1942.

Heimrath, Peter P.)	Yes	Marseille, August 13, 1942
Heinrich, Johanna)	Yes	Marseille, October 30, 1941 June 13, 1942
? Heinrich, Samuel)	No	Unable to identify.
Heinsheimer, Franz Gertrude)	Yes	Marseille, date not verified
Heiplik, Hans)	Yes	Marseille, November 6, 1942
Herrmann, Anna)	Yes	Marseille, October 27, 1942
Herz, Alphonse Elise)	Yes	Marseille, September 9, 1942
Heumann, Berthe Paul)	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1942
Heymann, Sophie)	Yes	Zurich, July 21, 1942
Hiesiger, Sally) Authorization covers:	Yes	Marseille, October 5, 1942 Hiesiger, Sali)
Hirsch, Albert)	Yes	Marseille, November 29, 1941 October 14, 1942
Hirsch, Gunther)	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1941
Hirsch, Isidor)	Yes	Marseille, December 6, 1941
Hirsch, Wolfgang Heinz)	Yes	Zurich, July 31, 1942
Hirschberg, Hans)	Yes	Lyon, December 8, 1941 October 16, 1942
Hirschhorn, Jacob Wilma)	Yes	Marseille, June 3, 1942
Hobel, Isaak Malitta)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 July 15, 1942
? Hoffman, Schaje Leib)	No	Unable to identify.
Hollander, Ludwig)	Yes	Marseille, October 3, 1942
Homburger, Ludwig Selma)	Yes	Marseille, October 20, 1942

Horvilleur, Raymond)	Yes	Nice, September 4, 1942
Imber, Johanna)	Yes	Marseille, August 15, 1942
Isay, Harry)	Yes	Marseille, November 6, 1942
Ischlondsky, Josepy) Nadine)	Yes	Marseille, November 28, 1941
? Israel, Andree)	No	Unable to identify.
Israel, Gustave) Erna) Edmund)	Yes	Marseille, November 19, 1941
Israel, Isidor) Paula)	Yes	Marseille, September 5, 1942
Israel, Jacob)	Yes	Marseille, May 15, 1942
? Israel, Liliene)	No	Unable to identify.
Israel, Lutz)	Yes	Lyon, April 7, 1942
Itkin, Fania) Paul) Pauline) Ruben)	Yes	Nice, October 9, 1942
Itzkowitz, Nelga)	Yes	Marseille, November 4, 1942
? Jacob, Emma)	No	Unable to identify.
Jahiel, Richard) Cecile) Rene)	Yes.	Nice, March 13, 1942
Jakobsohn, Johanna)	Yes	Marseille, October 12, 1942
Jawetz, Rosy)	Yes	Marseille, September 10, 1942
Jeidel, Berta)	Yes	Lyon, November 7, 1941
Jeremias, Leopold)	Yes	Marseille, September 29, 1942
Joffe, Andree) Constantin)	Yes	Marseille, September 13, 1941

Jospe, Alexi Jacques Martha Maurice Roger	Yes	Nice, September 29, 1941
Jossus, Jean Leon Marsella	Yes	Nice, July 17, 1942
Authorization covers:	Jossua, Jean Leon Marcella	
Jubicek, Jan Peter Helene	Yes	Budapest, September 11, 1941
Authorization covers:	Kubicek, Helene)	
Juer, Dina Julius	Yes	Nice, October 26, 1942
Jugie, Alice)	Yes	Marseille, April 20, 1942
Jungermann, Alois Margarete	Yes	Marseille, October 22, 1942
Juris, Frieda Jacqueline Kalman	Yes	Marseille, August 17, 1942
Kadaner, Raisa)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941
Kaempfer, Richard)	Yes	Marseille, October 10, 1942
Kahn, Alfred Etta	Yes	Marseille, October 28, 1942
Kahn, Alfred Gerhardt Flora Eva	Yes	Marseille, November 26, 1941
Kahn, Anneliese Ernestine	Yes	Marseille, November 5, 1941
Kahn, Meta Bernard	Yes	Marseille, October 30, 1941 June 22, 1942

Kahn, Edna)	No	Unable to identify.
Kahn, Elise)	Yes	Marseille, December 6, 1941 August 18, 1942
Kahn, Emilie)	Yes	Marseille, October 10, 1942
Kahn, Frederike)	Yes	Marseille, December 6, 1941 October 7, 1942
Kahn, Jean Louis Louis-Anne Marcell)	Yes	Marseille, September 4, 1942
Kahn, Max Rosa)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 July 31, 1942
(Report indicates Max died August 3, 1942)		
Kahn, Susanna)	Yes	Marseille, November 24, 1941 August 11, 1942
Kaiser, Helene Laja Michel)	Yes	Marseille, June 13, 1942
Kalb, Helene Oskar)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 June 29, 1942
Kalberman, Amalia Berta Else)	No	Unable to identify
Kampf, Hentsche Ludwig Osias Falek)	Yes	Marseille, September 29, 1941
Kapelovici, Golda) Authorization covers:	Yes <u>Kapelovice</u>, Golda)	Marseille, February 14, 1942
Kapelowitz, Jacob Sophie)	Yes	Marseille, November 13, 1941 July 15, 1942
Kapelusz, Cinette Eva Leon Michel)	Yes	Marseille, March 25, 1942

Kaplan, Alfred Margaret Renee Siegmund	Yes	Marseille, December 4, 1941
Katz, Bertha Emanuel Rosa	Yes	Marseille, September 1, 1941
Kaufman, Siegfried Selma	Yes	Marseille, November 21, 1941 October 5, 1942
Kaufmann, Alfred Tillie	No	Unable to identify.
Kaufmann, Hilde	Yes	Marseille, July 7, 1942
Kaufmann, Maier	Yes	Marseille, October 22, 1941 October 15, 1942
Authorization covers:	Lena Kaufmann)	
Kehr, Adolf Sofie	Yes	Marseille, June 23, 1942
Kellenbrun, Eugene	Yes	Marseille, December 3, 1941
Kelsen, Tobia	Yes	Marseille, July 2, 1942
Kemeny, Rebeka	Yes	Marseille, October 4, 1941
Authorization covers:	Kemeny, Rebecca	
Kitain, Alexander Marie	Yes	Nice, September 9, 1942
Klamer, Bernhard Eva Mizzl	Yes	Budapest, November 28, 1941
Klein, Martha Elizabeth	Yes	Marseille, November 25, 1941
Klein, Heinrich Hilde Sophie Melanie	Yes	Marseille, August 1, 1942
Klippstein, Walter	Yes	Marseille, November 21, 1941
Authorization covers:	Klipstein, Walter)	

Klueger, Florentine Herbert Joseph Sigmund Taube	Yes	Marseille, September 11, 1942
Kobler, Cecilia Authorization covers:	Yes Helena Kubicek, son, Jan and Mrs. Cecilie Kobler	Budapest, September 11, 1941
Koelher, Augusta Theodore	Yes	Marseille, July 27, 1941
Koenigsberg, Samuel Heinrich Regina	Yes	Marseille, November 19, 1941
Koenigsberger, Erich	Yes	Marseille, August 5, 1942
Koenigsberg, Ignaz	Yes	Lyon, July 21, 1942
Koerner, Hermine Ignatz	Yes	Lyon, November 10, 1941
Kohler, Betty Fritz (Francis) Anneliese	Yes	Zurich, October 27, 1942
Kohlman, Bertha	Yes	Marseille, December 9, 1941 August 20, 1942
Kohn, Leib	Yes	Marseille, August 29, 1942
Kohn, Leo Leib	No	Unable to identify.
Kohn, Max Erna (Report indicates Max died December 29, 1941)	Yes	Marseille, September 21, 1942 as to Erna
Kohn, Max Sarah children of	No	Unable to identify.
Kohn, Rosa Anschel	Yes	Habana, June 17, 1942
Koyn, Anschul	Probably identical with next above.	
Koranyi, Stephen	Yes	Marseille, December 4, 1941

Korman, Jacob) Sprynce)	Yes	Marseille, November 15, 1941
Kramsztyk, Sophie) Authorization covers:	Yes Sophia Sara Kramsztyk)	Nice, January 28, 1942
Krenik, Charles) Helene) Authorization covers:	Yes <u>Krenik</u>, Charles) Helene) Henry) Paul) Bette)	Marseille, October 14, 1942
Kruger, Edward) Julie)	Yes	Nice, November 26, 1941 September 5, 1942 October 24, 1942
Kuhn, Erna) Peter) Rudolf)	Yes	Marseille, October 29, 1942
Kulik, Charlotte) Louise)	Yes	Nice, May 29, 1942
Kurz, Aron) Czarna)	Yes	Marseille, October 14, 1941
Kurz, Chaskel) Eduardo) Karoline)	Yes	Nice, May 2, 1942
Kurz, Moses)	Yes	Marseille, June 26, 1942

September 7, 1944

Fabian, Annette-Irene) Ruth) Walter)	No authorization since July 1, 1941.	
Falk, Alfred) Margot)	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1942.
Falk, Clara)	Yes	Marseille, November 18, 1941 September 30, 1942
Falkenstein, Hedwig)	Yes	Marseille, November 2, 1942
Farago, Ladislas)	Yes	Marseille, October 27, 1942
Feger, Jagnes Leo) Authorization covers:	Yes Jacques Leo)	Marseille, October 24, 1942
Feldman, Benno) Sonja)	Yes	Marseille, September 2, 1942.
Fernheimer, Betty)	Yes	Marseille, December 1, 1941. July 7, 1942.
Fetterer, Rudolfine)	Yes	Marseille, July 9, 1942.
Finger, Bruno)	Yes	Nice, November 14, 1941.
Flatau, Conrad) Eva) Sybille)	Yes	Nice, September 29, 1942.
Fleishaker, Julius) Selma)	Yes	Marseille, December 9, 1941. July 7, 1942.
Fleischer, Margaret S.)	No	
Frank, Jacob) Lina)	Yes	Marseille, November 12, 1941.
Frank, Salomon) Babette)	Yes	Marseille, October 24, 1942.
Frankel, Eva) Authorization covers:	Yes Eva)	Madrid, August 15, 1941.
Freuder, Israel Mayer) Authorization covers:	Yes wife, Rebecca)	Lyon, July 22, 1942.

Friedheim, Kurt)	Yes	Marseille, October 8, 1942.
Friedmann, Gertrude) Regina) Wilhelm)	Yes	Marseille, October 29, 1942.
Friedmann, Helene)	Yes	Marseille, November 18, 1941. August 11, 1942.
Friedmann, Josef) Sara)	Yes	Marseille, June 2, 1942. September 28, 1942.
Friedmann, Sandor)	Yes	Budapest, November 17, 1941.
Frohman, Max) Ida)	Yes Report indicates Max died in 1942.	Marseille, June 17, 1942.
Fuerst, Frieda)	Yes	Marseille, October 21, 1941 September 15, 1942.
Gaba, Sabina)	Yes	Nice, September 4, 1942.
Gardel, Berthe)	Yes	Marseille, May 27, 1942.
Gazes, Albert J.) Authorization covers:	Yes Albert J.) Gazes)	Nice, July 17, 1942.
Gerszuni, Jacob) wife) child) Authorization covers:	Yes Jacob) Wanda) Victoria)	Lyon, October 28, 1942
Glaser, Franz Werner)	Yes	Lyon, September 21, 1942.
X Gluck, Albert B.)	No	
Gluck, Heinz) Lilly)	Yes	Nice, August 7, 1942.
Gogg, Ilse)	Yes	Nice, October 6, 1942.

Goldberg, Dorothea D. Isidore	Yes	Marseille, October 20, 1942.
Goldblum, Erna)	Yes	Marseille, September 3, 1942.
Goldschmidt, Ernestine)	Yes	Marseille, September 3, 1942.
Goldschmidt, Rosel Willi	Yes	Marseille, October 6, 1942.
Goldschmidt, Rudolf Clara Reinz	Yes	Marseille, December 2, 1941. October 13, 1942.
Goldstein, Moise Frieda	Yes	Nice, April 8, 1942. August 20, 1942.
Gottesmann, Leib Marie Tobias	Yes	Marseille, July 2, 1942.
Gottschalk, Fritz Herta Elsbeth	Yes	Marseille, May 29, 1942.
Gourgey, Albert) Authorization covers:	Yes Albert (Abraham) Sion)	Marseille, November 29, 1941.
Grief, Adolf Fanny	Yes	Marseille, October 26, 1942.
Griesbach, Ernst) Authorization covers:	Yes Ernest Grete	Marseille, December 1, 1941. July 13, 1942.
Gross, Chana)	Yes	Marseille, October 23, 1942.
Gruber, Charles)	Yes	Marseille, November 5, 1941.
Gruenberg, Leo) Authorization covers:	Yes Grinberg, Leo)	Marseille, November 14, 1941.
Gruenbaum, Hilda Eleanore	Yes	Marseille, September, 1942.
Grumbach, Alice) Authorization covers:	Yes son, [illegible], Alfred)	Marseille, October 13, 1942.

Grundler, Guillaume)	Yes	Nice, November 4, 1942.
Grunebaum, Betty)	Yes	Marseille, November 14, 1941. July 1, 1942.
Gruner, Agnes Jeno-Margarete)	Yes	Budapest, October 14, 1941.
Grunstein, Fanny Greenstein, Fanny)	No	
Guggenheim, Else)	Yes	Marseille, November 26, 1941. August 14, 1942.
Gunzburg, Marguerite de)	Yes	Marseille, October 27, 1942.
Gutheim, Roger)	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1942.
Gutman, Paula)	Yes	Marseille, July 21, 1942.
Gutman, Angeline Thekla Rudolphe Paul M. Henri)	Yes	Marseille, November 10, 1941.
Gutz, Gaston Paul Renee)	Unable to identify	
Haas, Alice)	Yes	Marseille, June 5, 1942.
Haas, Eugene Rosa)	Yes	Marseille, May 14, 1942.
Hahn, Berta)	Yes	Marseille, May 11, 1942.
Halff, Francois Rose)	Yes	Nice, October 14, 1942.
Halpern, Chaja Mrs.)	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1941.
Hanau, Klara)	Yes	Marseille, September 5, 1942.
Heidelberger, Hertha)	Yes	Marseille, July 15, 1942.
Heilbrun, Bruno Ruth Sally)	Yes	Marseille, April 13, 1942.

Heinrath, Peter P.)	Yes	Marseille, August 13, 1942
Heinrich, Johanna)	Yes	Marseille, October 20, 1941 June 13, 1942
Heinrich, Samuel)	No	Unable to identify.
Heinsheimer, Franz Gertrude)	Yes	Marseille, date not verified
Heiplik, Hans)	Yes	Marseille, November 6, 1942
Herrmann, Anna)	Yes	Marseille, October 27, 1942
Herz, Alphonse Elise)	Yes	Marseille, September 9, 1942
Heumann, Bertha Paul)	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1942
Heymann, Sophie)	Yes	Zurich, July 21, 1942
Hieslger, Sally) Authorization covers:	Yes	Marseille, October 5, 1942 Hieslger, Sali)
Hirsch, Albert)	Yes	Marseille, November 29, 1941 October 14, 1942
Hirsch, Gunther)	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1941
Hirsch, Isidor)	Yes	Marseille, December 6, 1941
Hirsch, Wolfgang Heinz)	Yes	Zurich, July 31, 1942
Hirschberg, Hans)	Yes	Lyon, December 2, 1941 October 16, 1942
Hirschhorn, Jacob Wilma)	Yes	Marseille, June 3, 1942
Hobel, Isaak Malitta)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 July 15, 1942
Hoffman, Schaja Leib)	No	Unable to identify.
Hollander, Ludwig)	Yes	Marseille, October 3, 1942
Homburger, Ludwig Selma)	Yes	Marseille, October 20, 1942

Mervilleur, Raymond)	Yes	Nice, September 4, 1942
Imber, Johanna)	Yes	Marseille, August 18, 1942
Isay, Harry)	Yes	Marseille, November 6, 1942
Ischlondsky, Joseph) Nadine)	Yes	Marseille, November 20, 1941
X Israel, Andree)	No	Unable to identify.
Israel, Gustave) Erna Edmond)	Yes	Marseille, November 19, 1941
Israel, Isidor) Paula)	Yes	Marseille, September 8, 1942
Israel, Jacob)	Yes	Marseille, May 18, 1942
X Israel, Liliane)	No	Unable to identify.
Israel, Lucie)	Yes	Lyon, April 7, 1942
Itkin, Fania) Paul Pauline) Ruben)	Yes	Nice, October 9, 1942
Itzkowitz, Helga)	Yes	Marseille, November 4, 1942
Jacob, Emma)	No	Unable to identify.
Jakiel, Richard) Cecile Rene)	Yes	Nice, March 13, 1942
Jakobsohn, Johanna)	Yes	Marseille, October 12, 1942
Javetz, Rosy)	Yes	Marseille, September 10, 1942
Jeidel, Berta)	Yes	Lyon, November 7, 1941
Jeremias, Leopold)	Yes	Marseille, September 20, 1942
Joffe, Andree) Constantin)	Yes	Marseille, September 13, 1941

Jospe, Alexi Jacques Martha Maurice Roger	Yes	Nice, September 29, 1941
Josqus, Jean Leon Marcelle	Yes	Nice, July 17, 1942
Authorization covers:	Josqus, Jean Leon Marcelle	
Jubicek, Jan Peter Helene	Yes	Budapest, September 11, 1941
Authorization covers:	Kubicek, Helene)	
Juer, Dina Julius	Yes	Nice, October 29, 1942
Jugle, Alice)	Yes	Marseille, April 20, 1942
Jungermann, Alois Margarete	Yes	Marseille, October 22, 1942
Juris, Frieda Jacqueline Kalman	Yes	Marseille, August 17, 1942
Kadaner, Raisa)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941
Kaempfer, Richard)	Yes	Marseille, October 10, 1942
Kahn, Alfred Etta	Yes	Marseille, October 28, 1942
Kahn, Alfred Gerhardt Flora Eva	Yes	Marseille, November 26, 1941
Kahn, Annelieses Ernestine)	Yes	Marseille, November 8, 1941
Kahn, Neta Bernard	Yes	Marseille, October 30, 1941 June 22, 1942

Kahn, Edna)	No	Unable to identify.
Kahn, Elise)	Yes	Marseille, December 8, 1941 August 16, 1942
Kahn, Emilie)	Yes	Marseille, October 10, 1942
Kahn, Frederike)	Yes	Marseille, December 8, 1941 October 7, 1942
Kahn, Jean Louis Louis-Anne Marcell)	Yes	Marseille, September 4, 1942
Kahn, Max Rosa)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 July 31, 1942
(Report indicates Max died August 3, 1942)		
Kahn, Susanna)	Yes	Marseille, November 24, 1941 August 11, 1942
Kaiser, Helene Lajn Michel)	Yes	Marseille, June 13, 1942
Kalb, Helene Oskar)	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 June 29, 1942
Kalberman, Amalia Berta Elise)	No	Unable to identify
Kampf, Hentsche Ludwig Oslam Falek)	Yes	Marseille, September 29, 1941
Kapelevicl, Golda)	Yes	Marseille, February 14, 1942
Authorization covers: Kanalevicz, Golda)		
Kapelowitz, Jacob Sophie)	Yes	Marseille, November 13, 1941 July 18, 1942
Kapeluan, Ginette Eva Leon Michel)	Yes	Marseille, March 25, 1942

Kaplan, Alfred Margaret Renee Siegmund	Yes	Marseille,	December 4, 1941
Katz, Bertha Emanuel Rosa	Yes	Marseille,	September 1, 1941
Kaufman, Siegfried Selma	Yes	Marseille,	November 21, 1941 October 8, 1942
Kaufmann, Alfred Tillie	No	Unable to identify.	
Kaufmann, Hilde	Yes	Marseille,	July 7, 1942
Kaufmann, Maier	Yes	Marseille,	October 22, 1941 October 18, 1942
Authorization covers:	Lena Kaufmann		
Kehr, Adolf Sofie	Yes	Marseille,	June 23, 1942
Kellenbrum, Eugene	Yes	Marseille,	December 3, 1941
Kelsen, Tobia	Yes	Marseille,	July 2, 1942
Kemeny, Rebeka	Yes	Marseille,	October 4, 1941
Authorization covers:	Kemeny, Rebecca		
Kitain, Alexander Marie	Yes	Nice,	September 9, 1942
Klamer, Bernhard Eva Mikal	Yes	Budapest,	November 28, 1941
Klein, Martha Elizabeth	Yes	Marseille,	November 28, 1941
Klein, Heinrich Hilde Sophie Melanie	Yes	Marseille,	August 1, 1942
Klippstein, Walter	Yes	Marseille,	November 21, 1941
Authorization covers:	Klinglein, Walter)		

Klueger, Florentine, Herbert, Joseph, Siegmund, Tambo	Yes	Marseille, September 11, 1942	
Kohler, Cecilia) Authorization covers:	Yes	Budapest, September 11, 1941 Helena Kubinek, nee, Jan) and Mrs. Cecilie Kohler)	
Koelner, Augusta, Theodore	Yes	Marseille, July 27, 1941	
Koenigsberg, Samuel Heinrich, Regina	Yes	Marseille, November 19, 1941	
Koenigsberger, Erich)	Yes	Marseille, August 5, 1942	
Koenigsberg, Ignaz)	Yes	Lyon, July 21, 1942	
Koerner, Hermine, Ignatz	Yes	Lyon, November 10, 1941	
X Kohler, Betty, Fritz (Francis), Annaliese	Yes	Zurich, October 27, 1942	
Kohlman, Bertha)	Yes	Marseille, December 9, 1941 August 20, 1942	
Kohn, Leib)	Yes	Marseille, August 29, 1942	
X Kohn, Leo Leib)	No	Unable to identify.	
Kohn, Max, Erna	Yes	Marseille, September 21, 1942 as to Erna. (Report indicates Max died December 29, 1941)	
X Kohn, Max, Sarah, children of	No	Unable to identify.	
X Kohn, Rosa, Anschel	Yes	Habana, June 17, 1942	
X Koyn, Anschel)	Probably identical with next above.		
Kornyi, Stephan)	Yes	Marseille, December 4, 1941	

Kerman, Jacob Spyrnee	Yes	Marseille, November 15, 1941
Kramnatyk, Sophie Authorization covers:	Yes Sophie Sara Kramnatyk)	Nice, January 22, 1942
Kranik, Charles Helene Authorization covers:	Yes Kranik, Charles Helene Henry Paul Bette	Marseille, October 14, 1942
Kruger, Edward Julie	Yes	Nice, November 26, 1941 September 5, 1942 October 24, 1942
Kuhn, Erna Peter Rudolf	Yes	Marseille, October 29, 1942
Kulik, Charlotte Louise	Yes	Nice, May 20, 1942
Kurz, Aron Czarna	Yes	Marseille, October 16, 1941
Kurz, Chaskel Edoardo Karoline	Yes	Nice, May 2, 1942
Kurz, Moses	Yes	Marseille, June 26, 1942

September 7, 1944

COPIES SENT TO: 7/12/44

Abrahamson
Akzin
DuBois
Friedman
Hodel
Lesser
Pehle

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

COPIES SENT TO: [redacted]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

In reply refer to
SWP 811.111 Refugees/2214

September 11, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of August 17, 1944 which concluded our correspondence regarding certain protection to be afforded the alien families in Europe of American citizens and aliens residing in this country. At the close of your letter, you invited my attention to reports indicating the desirability of presenting to the Germans as soon as possible lists of individuals bearing Latin-American passports who are eligible to be exchanged for German nationals.

I agree with your suggestion and am glad to inform you that steps looking toward such action were taken some time ago when the Department drafted instructions to the American Legation at Bern asking that the Swiss draw up lists of persons entitled to inclusion in the exchanges, broken down into various principal categories. With respect to the category into which the numerous bearers of Latin-American passports at Bergen-Belsen would normally fall, the telegrams suggest to the Legation that in as much as the identity of these individuals is probably unknown to the governments whose passports they may hold, it might be possible to compile the requested lists through the cooperation of Mr. McLelland and the various philanthropic organizations in Switzerland who are in possession of the required information.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
Executive Office of the President,
War Refugee Board,
Washington 25, D. C.

SEP 4 1944

Dear Mr. Berle:

With further reference to our program of assistance to persons for whom American immigration visas were authorized on or after July 1, 1941, I would appreciate your early advice as to the correctness of our information that an American immigration visa was authorized for Moritz Ehrlich on October 13, 1942. It is understood that Mr. Ehrlich applied for his visa through the American Consulate at Marseille.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director.

Mr. A. A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary of State
Department of State
Washington 25, D. C.

LSLesser:hmd 9/3/44

Taken from Mr. Lesser's files 1/19/45

SEP 4 [redacted]

Dear Mr. Berle:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of September 1, your reference VD 811.111 Refugees/2814.

We do, of course, desire reports with respect to the persons whose names were listed in the enclosure to our letter of August 25.

With reference to the penultimate paragraph of your letter, please be advised that the Board is in possession of information indicating that large numbers of persons who were in France between July 1, 1941 and the entry of the United States into the war have since been removed eastward by the Germans. For this reason, the Board is not prepared automatically to exclude from the program any persons solely because visas were issued to or authorized for them while they were in what is now liberated France.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director.

Mr. A. A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary of State
Department of State
Washington 25, D. C.

Original signed by Mr. Pehle

Conformed copy to Lesser

L.S.L

LSLesser:hmd 9/2/44

ADDRESS COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2217

September 1, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of August 25, 1944 enclosing a second supplementary list of persons for whom you have been advised authorization has been given since July 1, 1941 for the issuance of visas.

A report covering a section of the list enclosed with your letter of August 10, 1944 has already been sent to you and a further report is in process of completion. A report will also be made covering the list of persons enclosed with your letter of August 18, 1944 and if you desire, a report will be made covering the persons listed in the enclosure to your letter of August 25.

It is noted, however, that most of the persons mentioned in these lists appear to be residing in French territory which has been or is in process of being liberated by the Allied Forces. So far as this is the case they appear automatically to be removed from the category of persons referred to in your letter of August 10, 1944 as being in enemy occupied territory and in grave danger from threatened enemy oppression.

I may say however that persons in liberated areas who proceed to countries in which visa services are available or who wait until visa services become available in the liberated areas will be accorded every consideration when they may apply for visas under the regular procedure.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

File

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In reply refer to
VD

August 29, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

Referring to Mr. Long's letter of August 16, 1944, I take pleasure in enclosing a list of persons covering the section from A to E inclusive, referred to in the enclosure to your letter of August 10, 1944. The list contains information from the records of the Department concerning the authorization in each individual case for the issuance of visas.

I shall be glad to send you further reports as additional sections of the list are checked.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Enclosure:
List.

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

FOR VICTORY BUY UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS AND STAMPS

List of names of aliens enclosed with the letter dated August 10, 1944 from the War Refugee Board for verification of authorization by the Department of State on or after July 1, 1941 for the issuance of visas.

Verified: Yes Not Verified: No

Aoh, Andre Rene Yvette	Yes	Marseille, November 3, 1942
Adler, Elizabeth Gesa	Yes	Budapest, December 5, 1941
Adler, Eva	Not identified. Possibly the same person as Eva Timar Adler next below.	
Adler, John Eva Timar Marie Ann Susan Neuman	Yes	Budapest, December 6, 1941
Adler, Robert Ludwig	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 September 15, 1942
Alexander, Simon Nellie Schatz Ruth	Yes	Marseille, October 3, 1942
Alexandrowicz, Alexander Rebecca	Yes	Marseille, October 23, 1942
Alter, Fanny on list of Int Refugees Relief Conc 7/28/44	No	There is a file relating to a person of this name, dated June 12, 1941 prior to the institution of the Visa Review Procedure.
Arp, Hans Sophie Henriette	Yes	Marseille, January 14, 1942
Aschkenasi, Berl Lea	Yes	Lyon, July 20, 1942
Ascokenazi, Jacqueline Gabrielle	Yes	Nice, June 22, 1942

August, Markus Authorization covers: Mark Chana Claire	Yes	Lyon, October 2, 1942
Furnished by Nat. Refugee Service List A, p. 1—7/25/44 Avarane, Adolph C. J.	No	Unable to identify.
Bach, Claire	Yes	Marseille, October 17, 1941
Baer, Sigismond Madeline Bella	Yes	Lyon, August 30, 1941
Baer, Florentine Theodore	Yes	Marseille, November 28, 1941 August 10, 1942
Balbus, Severin	Yes	Marseille, September 22, 1942
Bande, Anna Chaim Rachel Sarah	Yes	Marseille, May 26, 1942
Baum, Clara Hannelore Ludwig	Yes	Marseille, November 7, 1941 October 13, 1942
National Council of Jewish Women 7/26/44. p1 Baum, Bertha	No	Unable to identify.
NRS - List B, p.1, 7/25/44 Baum, Lina Levy Moise	No	Unable to identify.
Baumohl, Fritz Gertrude	Yes	Marseille, October 6, 1941
Barber, Marcus Ettie	Yes	Marseille, October 6, 1941
Barnes, Albert Marta Thomas	Yes	Marseille, July 8, 1942
Beer, Joseph	Yes	Nice, October 21, 1942
N.C.J.W. 7/26/44, p.1 Benefy, Adele Paul	No	Unable to identify.

Benia, Chana Israel	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1942
Benichon, Gina Paul Sylvia	Yes	Lyon, November 26, 1941
Berezkowicz, David Henri Perla	Yes	Marseille, March 10, 1942
Berg, Carola Friedrich	Yes	Marseille, October 18, 1941 July 7, 1942
Berger, Abraham Betty Edith Stella Herman Heinz	Yes	Marseille, September 13, 1942
Berman, Anne	Yes	Marseille, June 29, 1942
Bernart, George Joseph	No	Unable to identify.
Bernart, Martha	No	Unable to identify.
Berney, Meta Nathan	Yes	Marseille, December 1, 1941 September 15, 1942
Bernhard, Joseph Authorization covers:	Yes Bernhard Joseph son, George wife, Martha	Nice, October 15, 1942

Probably the same as Joseph Bernhard although there is no record under this name.

Besag, Anna	Yes	Marseille, September 15, 1942
Bettelheim, Edgar Jolan	Yes	Marseille, June 22, 1942
Bibo, Jacob	Yes	Marseille, December 5, 1941
Bikeles, Herman	Yes	Marseille, October 30, 1941 October 1, 1942

Authorization covers: Hermann Bikels

Probably the same person as Herman Bikeles although there is no record under this spelling.

Binsztok, Florentine Marcel Marguerite Moszek	Yes	Lyon, September 9, 1942
Birk, Alice Siegfried	Yes	Lyon, June 19, 1942
Blime, Huguette Marcel	Yes	Lyon, October 10, 1942
Authorization covers:	Marcel Blime Huguette Michelene Jean	
(Refer to Roger Blime for authorization)		
Bloch, Alice Lucien	Yes	Lyon, October 1, 1942
Authorization covers:	Lucien Bloch Alice Roger	
Bloch, Charles F.	Yes	Marseille, December 4, 1941 April 4, 1942
Authorization covers:	Charles Ernest Bloch No record under Charles F. Bloch.	
Bloch, Flora	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1942
Authorization covers:	Flora Bloch Paul Heumann Bertha Heumann	
Bloch, Helene Jacob	Yes	Marseille, October 24, 1942
Blum, Ludwig	Yes	Lyon, October 21, 1942
Bodenheimer, Alfred	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1942 (See Grumbach, Alice)
Boettigheimer, Mathilda Moses	Yes	October 28, 1942
(Report indicates Mathilda died in 1942)		
Bolze, Waldemar	Yes	Vichy for Marseille, October 12, 1942

Bonda, Hanns Leo Liesl Marietta	Yes	Marseille, August 5, 1942
Authorization covers:	Leo Elizabeth Hanns Marietta	
Braun, Josef Eduard	Yes	Marseille, November 24, 1941
Authorization covers:	Joseph Edward Braun	
Braun, Leo	Yes	Marseille, July 24, 1942
Breibart, Bruno Gertrude	Yes	Shanghai, October 28, 1941
Brenner, Herz Sophie	Yes	Shanghai, October 29, 1941
Bruchsaler, Karl Minna	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1941
Breuer, Lotte Marcus	Yes	Lyon, August 13, 1942
Buchholz, Cecylia	Yes	Marseille, June 2, 1942 September 28, 1942
Authorization covers:	Cecylia Buchholz Sara Friedmann Joseph Friedmann	
Bunin, Ivan Vera	No	Authorization subsequent to July 1, 1941.

Int. Res. + Rel. Com 7/28/44

(File indicates names were previously recommended by the President's Advisory Committee.)

Cahn, Elise	Yes	Marseille, December 6, 1941
Authorization covers:	Elise Kahn No record under Elise Cahn.	
Cann, Elise	No	Unable to identify.
(May be identical with next above)		
Cerf, Lucien Regina Rene	Yes	Lyon, May 2, 1942

NRS 1/26/46

Chazanoff, Anna)	Yes	Lyon, October 20, 1942
Authorization covers:	Anne Miracle Chazanoff)	
Chich, Marie Louise Louis Isaac Rochelle	Yes	Nice, June 22, 1942
Cohen, Hans Herman Sophie	Yes	Lyon, April 28, 1942
Cohen, Hilda Jules	No	Unable to identify.
Copel, Helene)	Yes	Nice, April 27, 1942
Copperman, Ernest Suzanne	Yes	Nice, November 7, 1941
Authorization covers:	Berta Coppermann Ernest Bertrand Suzanne Henriette)	
Davidson, Lazar)	Yes	Vichy for Nice, October 6, 1942
Doiny, Charlotte Herman	Yes	Marseille, October 5, 1942
Dreyfuss, Bertha Clara Leo Wilhelm	Yes	Marseille, July 31, 1942
Dreyfuss, Klara)	Yes	Marseille, December 1, 1941 July 10, 1942
Dreyfuss, Oscar Lore	Yes	Marseille, December 4, 1941 July 24, 1942
(Report indicates Oscar died January 1942)		
Dreyfuss, Margot)	Yes	Marseille, September 2, 1942
Driesen, Willy Frieda)	No	Cases were originally approved but upon later reconsideration were disapproved May 1942.

MRS 7/25/44
List A, p. 4

MRS
List B

Dukes, Friedrich) Authorization covers:	Yes	Marseille, December 2, 1941 Friedrich Dukes) Irma)
Dupre, Walter) Hilde)	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1942
Durlacher, Berta)	Yes	Marseille, October 25, 1941 May 7, 1942
Eckhaus, Carl)	Yes	Marseille, November 4, 1941 July 22, 1942
MRS List B p 3 Edenheimer, Adolf)	No	Unable to identify.
Ehrlich, Moritz)	-	Unable to locate file.
Ein, Anna) Boruch) Esther) Isaac)	Yes	Lyon, September 4, 1942
Einhorn, Wilhelm) Authorization covers:	Yes	Marseille, September 11, 1942 William Einhorn) No record of Wilhelm Einhorn.
Emmel, Fritz) Authorization covers:	Yes	Marseille, October 15, 1942 Fritz Emmel) Greta)
Epstein, Friedrich)	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1942
Epstein, Sophie)	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1941 July 3, 1942
Erlebacher, Albert) Julius) Irma)	Yes	Marseille, August 28, 1942

August 26, 1944

State reply.

List of names of aliens enclosed with the letter dated August 10, 1944 from the War Refugee Board for verification of authorization by the Department of State on or after July 1, 1941 for the issuance of visas.

Verified: Yes Not Verified: No

	Ach, Andre Rene Yvette	Yes	Marseille, November 3, 1942
X	Adler, Elizabeth Gesa	Yes	Budapest, December 5, 1941
X	Adler, Eva	Not identified. Possibly the same person as Eva Timar Adler next below.	
X	Adler, John Eva Timar Marie Ann Susan Neuman	Yes	Budapest, December 6, 1941
	Adler, Robert Ludwig	Yes	Marseille, November 27, 1941 September 16, 1942
	Alexander, Simon Nellie Schatz Ruth	Yes	Marseille, October 3, 1942
	Alexandrowics, Alexander Rebecca	Yes	Marseille, October 23, 1942
X	Alter, Fanny	No	There is a file relating to a person of this name, dated June 12, 1941 prior to the institution of the Visa Review Procedure.
	Arp, Hans Sophie Henriette	Yes	Marseille, January 14, 1942
	Aschkenasi, Berl Lea	Yes	Lyon, July 20, 1942
	Aschkenasi, Jacqueline Gabrielle	Yes	Nice, June 22, 1942

Taken from Mr. McCormack's files

August, Markus Authorization covers:	Yes Mark Chana Claire	Lyon, October 2, 1942
X Avarane, Adolph C. J.	No	Unable to identify.
Bach, Claire	Yes	Marseille, October 17, 1941
Baer, Sigismond Madeline Bella	Yes	Lyon, August 30, 1941
Baer, Florentine Theodore	Yes	Marseille, November 28, 1941 August 10, 1942
Balbus, Severin	Yes	Marseille, September 22, 1942
Bande, Anna Chaim Rachel Sarah	Yes	Marseille, May 26, 1942
Baum, Clara Hannelore Ludwig	Yes	Marseille, November 7, 1941 October 13, 1942
X Baum, Bertha	No	Unable to identify.
X Baum, Lina Levy Moise	No	Unable to identify.
Baumohl, Fritz Gertrude	Yes	Marseille, October 6, 1941
Barber, Marcus Ettie	Yes	Marseille, October 6, 1941
Barnes, Albert Marta Thomas	Yes	Marseille, July 8, 1942
Baer, Joseph	Yes	Nice, October 21, 1942
X Benefy, Adele Paul	No	Unable to identify.

Benia, Chana Israel	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1942
Benichon, Gina Paul Sylvia	Yes	Lyon, November 26, 1941
Berezkowicz, David Henri Perla	Yes	Marseille, March 10, 1942
Berg, Carola Friedrich	Yes	Marseille, October 18, 1941 July 7, 1942
Berger, Abraham Betty Edith Stella Herman Heinz	Yes	Marseille, September 13, 1942
Berman, Anne	Yes	Marseille, June 29, 1942
X Bernart, George Joseph	No	Unable to identify.
X Bernart, Martha	No	Unable to identify.
Berney, Meta Nathan	Yes	Marseille, December 1, 1941 September 18, 1942
Bernhard, Joseph Authorization covers:	Yes Bernhard Joseph son, George wife, Martha	Nice, October 15, 1942

Probably the same as Joseph Bernhard although there is no record under this name.

Besag, Anna	Yes	Marseille, September 18, 1942
Bettelheim, Edgar Jolan	Yes	Marseille, June 22, 1942
Bibo, Jacob	Yes	Marseille, December 5, 1941
Bikeles, Herman	Yes	Marseille, October 30, 1941 October 1, 1942

Authorization covers: Hermann Bikeles
Probably the same person as Herman Bikeles although there is no record under this spelling.

Binaztok, Florentine Marcel Marguerite Moszek	Yes	Lyon, September 9, 1942
Birk, Alice Siegfried	Yes	Lyon, June 19, 1942
Blime, Huguette Marcel	Yes	Lyon, October 10, 1942
Authorization covers:	Marcel Blime Huguette Michelene Jean	
(Refer to Roger Blime for authorization)		
Bloch, Alice Lucien	Yes	Lyon, October 1, 1942
Authorization covers:	Lucien Bloch Alice Roger	
Bloch, Charles F.	Yes	Marseille, December 4, 1941 April 4, 1942
Authorization covers:	Charles Ernest Bloch No record under Charles F. Bloch.	
Bloch, Flora	Yes	Lyon, October 14, 1942
Authorization covers:	Flora Bloch Paul Heumann Bertha Heumann	
Bloch, Helene Jacob	Yes	Marseille, October 24, 1942
Blum, Ludwig	Yes	Lyon, October 21, 1942
Bodenheimer, Alfred	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1942 (See Grumbach, Alice)
Boettigheimer, Mathilda Moses	Yes	October 28, 1942
(Report indicates Mathilda died in 1942)		
Bolze, Waldemar	Yes	Vichy for Marseille, October 12, 1942

Bonda, Hanns Leo Liesl Marietta	Yes	Marseille, August 5, 1942
Authorization covers:	Leo Elizabeth Hanns Marietta	
Braun, Josef Eduard	Yes	Marseille, November 24, 1941
Authorization covers:	Joseph Edward Braun	
Braun, Leo	Yes	Marseille, July 24, 1942
Breibart, Bruno Gertrude	Yes	Shanghai, October 28, 1941
Brenner, Herz Sophie	Yes	Shanghai, October 29, 1941
Bruchsaler, Karl Minna	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1941
Breuer, Lotte Marcus	Yes	Lyon, August 13, 1942
Buchholz, Cecylia	Yes	Marseille, June 2, 1942 September 28, 1942
Authorization covers:	Cecylia Buchholz Sara Friedmann Joseph Friedmann	
Bunin, Ivan Vera	No	Authorization subsequent to July 1, 1941.
(File indicates names were previously recommended by the President's Advisory Committee.)		
Cahn, Elise	Yes	Marseille, December 6, 1941
Authorization covers:	Elise Kahn No record under Elise Cahn.	
Cann, Elise	No	Unable to identify.
(May be identical with next above)		
Cerf, Lucien Regina Rene	Yes	Lyon, May 2, 1942

Chazanoff, Anna)	Yes	Lyon, October 20, 1942
Authorization covers:	Anne Miracle Chazanoff)	
Chich, Marie Louise) Louis Isaac) Rochelle)	Yes	Nice, June 22, 1942
Cohen, Hans) Herman) Sophie)	Yes	Lyon, April 28, 1942
Cohen, Hilda) Jules)	No	Unable to identify.
Copel, Helene)	Yes	Nice, April 27, 1942
Copperman, Ernest) Suzanne)	Yes	Nice, November 7, 1941
Authorization covers:	Berta Coppermann) Ernest Bertrand) Suzanne Henriette)	
Davidson, Lazar)	Yes	Vichy for Nice, October 6, 1942
Doiny, Charlotte) Herman)	Yes	Marseille, October 5, 1942
Dreyfuss, Bertha) Clara) Leo) Wilhelm)	Yes	Marseille, July 31, 1942
Dreyfuss, Klara)	Yes	Marseille, December 1, 1941 July 10, 1942
Dreyfuss, Oscar) Lore)	Yes	Marseille, December 4, 1941 July 24, 1942
(Report indicates Oscar died January 1942)		
Dreyfuss, Margot)	Yes	Marseille, September 2, 1942
Driesen, Willy) Frieda)	No	Cases were originally approved but upon later reconsideration were disapproved May 1942.

Dukes, Friedrich)	Yes	Marseille, December 2, 1941
Authorization covers:	Friedrich Dukes)	
	Irma)	
Dupre, Walter)	Yes	Marseille, October 9, 1942
Milde)		
Durlacher, Berta)	Yes	Marseille, October 25, 1941 May 7, 1942
Eckhaus, Carl)	Yes	Marseille, November 4, 1941 July 22, 1942
X Edenheimer, Adolf)	No	Unable to identify.
X Ehrlich, Moritz)		Unable to locate file.
Ein, Anna)		
Boruch)		
Esther)	Yes	Lyon, September 4, 1942
Isaac)		
Einhorn, Wilhelm)	Yes	Marseille, September 11, 1942
Authorization covers:	William Einhorn)	
	No record of Wilhelm Einhorn.	
Emmel, Fritz)	Yes	Marseille, October 15, 1942
Authorization covers:	Fritz Emmel)	
	Greta)	
Epstein, Friedrich)	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1942
Epstein, Sophie)	Yes	Marseille, October 13, 1941 July 3, 1942
Erlebacher, Albert)	Yes	Marseille, August 29, 1942
Julius)		
Irma)		

August 26, 1944

File Immigration

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
WAR REFUGEE BOARD

INTER-OFFICE COMMUNICATION

DATE August 26, 1944

TO Mr. Lesser

FROM B. Akzin

On August 23, after a telephone conversation with Shaughnessy, I wired you as follows:

> "Phoned Shaughnessy who forwarded satisfactory memorandum to Philadelphia main office and expects approval within day or two Stop Will keep me informed Stop I will mail it to New York in time for meeting Stop Approached by Jim regarding additional invitations to meeting John decided against."

This morning, not having heard from Shaughnessy since my first telephone conversation with him, I called him up, but couldn't reach him until early afternoon. He informed me that the Philadelphia office approved his memorandum orally over the telephone, but that the written approval will not arrive before Wednesday, the 30th. He further told me that he still has to get State's approval, but does not anticipate any difficulties from that side.

Upon my request, he agreed to let me have the attached copy of his memorandum to the Philadelphia office, so that you will have it in hand for the Monday meeting. You will note that the copy has to be returned to Shaughnessy.

Shaughnessy told me over the telephone, and you will also note this point on pages 3 and 4 of the Shaughnessy memorandum, that no particular concession is involved in our request to handle relatives' petitions prior to the actual filing of the application for the visa by the prospective immigrant. It seems that this is done all along.

Regards,

B. Akzin

Enclosure

Taken from Mr. Lesser's files 1/20/45

Prison Notes copying

Return to

W Shaughnessy

939 D St. N.W.

Room 207

Miss Mates: copy

Joseph Savorotti, Acting Commissioner, Philadelphia

August 18, 1944

Edw. J. Shaughnessy, Special Assistant to the Commissioner, Washington, D.C.

EJS:lm

Proposal of the War Refugee Board to bring in refugee relatives of citizens, and certain classes of aliens.

Mr. Lawrence S. Lesser, Special Assistant to the General Counsel in the Treasury Department, who is serving with the War Refugee Board, called this office on Tuesday, August 15th, and we discussed at some length the proposal of the War Refugee Board to bring into the United States as immigrants the following classes of refugees:

(1) The nonquota relatives of citizens of the United States who are the unmarried children under 21 years of age, or the wife, or the husband of a citizen, provided that in the cases of husbands of citizens of the United States the marriage shall have occurred prior to July 1, 1932;

(2) The first preference fathers and mothers of citizens of the United States who are 21 years of age or over, or the husbands of citizens where the marriage occurred on or after July 1, 1932; and

(3) The second preference relatives who are the unmarried children under 21 years of age, or the wives of alien residents of the United States who were lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence, provided, however, that this class shall be limited to alien residents who are in the armed forces* of the United States.

Mr. Lesser stated they have received advices from Hungary that if persons of the refugee class can show they will be received in some foreign country, they will be able to get them passed through German-dominated countries.

He stated they have made arrangements with the State Department, through Assistant Secretary Berle, whereby it will not be

* See amended plans as discussed later in this memorandum.

necessary to put these classes of cases through the advisory committees in the State Department.

- - -

In order to have a better understanding of the whole program, Mr. Archibald and I went over to the State Department this morning and had quite a talk with Mr. Coulter, who has been handling all of the "spadework" for the Department for Assistant Secretary Berle.

As Mr. Berle had made reference in his last letter of August 5th, to Mr. Pehle, actively in charge of the War Refugee Board, to the State Department's letter of July 20th, and to letters to Mr. Pehle dated July 4th and July 7th, and in order to give the Central Office the complete picture, I secured this exchange of correspondence and had copies made, a set of which constitutes the attachments to this memorandum.

We find upon reading these letters that there has been considerable previous correspondence and conversations but, inasmuch as the matter has now progressed to a more or less tangible degree, I do not think it is necessary to secure the earlier correspondence.

You will note from Mr. Pehle's letter of July 4th, that he had hoped a plan could be arranged whereby visas could be issued at once, without reference to the Interdepartmental Review Committees, or other procedures, to all persons who had been issued visas on or after July 1, 1941, and to those for whom visas had been approved on the theory that these cases had already been carefully investigated.

In going over the attached correspondence, you will note that an agreement was finally reached, as indicated in Department of State letter of August 5, 1944, to Mr. Pehle. In other words, visas will be issued -- without reference by the Interdepartmental Committees to section 4 (a) nonquota aliens (which is practically the present practice today) -- to first preference fathers and mothers of citizens and first preference husbands and to second preference relatives.

The limitation indicated in the first page of this memorandum to relatives of aliens in the armed forces of the United States has

been expanded to include all second preference relatives of aliens lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence. The change was made because the State Department could not differentiate, in equity, between the alien who is in the armed forces and the alien who is contributing to the war effort otherwise than by being in the armed forces. Another reason was, as indicated in the correspondence, that it was felt the Axis would not be placed on notice of the petitioner's membership in the armed forces if the privilege was extended to all second preference alien relatives.

There are three limitations on the program involved and they are set forth in the fourth paragraph of the Department of State's letter to Mr. Penle of August 5th. You will note that all persons except those under sixteen years of age must have a security check made before the visa is granted. Mr. Coulter explained the security check will be limited to a check of the Federal Bureau of Investigation records as most of the material in other security records are in the Federal Bureau of Investigation records and, in this way, the check can be expedited.

You will further note from the correspondence that Mr. Lesser of the War Refugee Board was of the opinion that this Service would have to make a concession in approving the petitions for non-quota or first preference status, or Forms I-475 for second preference status, before the application for the visa is made, being under the erroneous impression that under present practice we do not handle petitions prior to the actual filing of the application for the visa by the prospective immigrant. It will be explained to the Treasury Department that there is no rule requiring an application for a visa before a consideration of the petition. In fact, the law requires that the petition be executed before an application for a visa can be acted upon.

It would seem that this Service is affected by the program only in the following ways:

(1) It must watch carefully when the petitions and *Forms I-475 are received in the Central Office to ascertain if the beneficiary is of the refugee class; that is to say, the refugee is a person who is residing within Axis-dominated areas.

We discussed at some length with Mr. Coulter just what constitutes the term "areas", and we decided that while the term is not

* The information from the forms verified in the Field should be routed to the Visa Division via the Central Office.

sufficiently explicit, because dominated areas are constantly changing today, we could find no better term for the purpose of accomplishing the general objective of the War Refugee Board. We hesitated in using the words "Axis-dominated countries" because large portions of what have been Axis-dominated countries are already liberated and greater portions of these countries, and in time the entire countries, will be liberated; as an example, the eastern part of Poland and the western part of France. If any different description is reached, you will be notified at once.

(2) It must expedite such petitions and forms.

(3) In addition to notifying the State Department in the regular routine of business of the approval of the petitions and forms, the Service must also furnish, at the same time, the name of the beneficiary to the War Refugee Board. It is believed the following information should be furnished to the Board: Name of beneficiary; degree of relationship to petitioner; country of birth; age and present foreign residence; and name of petitioner and his address.

Will you please advise this office as to your approval of the program and suggestions, if any, in order that this information may be communicated to the State Department and the War Refugee Board.

It will also be appreciated if you will advise me what steps the Central Office will take to put the program into effect. Of course, it is assumed no action of this kind should be taken until you are advised that the program has actually been put into effect by the State Department.

It would seem that no formal regulations are required. All that would seem to be necessary is for the appropriate officers in the Central Office and in the Field to be instructed to handle with expedition the functions set forth in this memorandum.

Attachments.

August 5, 1944

25, D. C.

Y

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2207

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of July 7, 1944 suggesting that a special procedure be followed in the visa cases of aliens in enemy controlled territory who have nonquota or preference status under the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 by reason of their relationship to American citizens or alien residents in the United States Armed Forces. Such persons are the husbands, wives, parents, and unmarried minor children of American citizens and the wives and unmarried minor children of alien residents serving in the Armed Forces.

I realize the desperate situation of many of these persons and in order to be as helpful as possible, believe that a special procedure similar to that outlined in the Department's letter of July 20, 1944, in reply to your communication of July 4, 1944, can be adopted to cover the cases of the persons referred to in your letter of July 7. However, particular attention will, for security reasons, have to be given to the cases of male applicants of military age who may be permitted by the German authorities to depart from German controlled territory in view of the possibility that such departure may have been permitted for reasons detrimental to the interests of the Allied Nations.

As it may be unwise in the interests of the aliens to call attention to the fact that their husbands or fathers are in the United States Armed Forces, the procedure can be extended to cover the wives and unmarried minor children of all alien residents of the United States.

The Department is therefore prepared to inform consular officers that immigration visas may be issued to any alien who is the husband, wife, parent, or unmarried minor child of an American citizen and on whose behalf nonquota or first preference status has been established by the approval by the Department of Justice of a petition filed by such citizen relative, or who is the wife or unmarried minor child of an alien lawfully admitted into the United States for permanent residence and as such is entitled to second preference immigration status. The issuance of visas is subject to the proviso, however, that (a) such person

other

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

other than a child under 16 years of age is found upon telegraphic or air mail reference to the Department for security check not to be the subject of an adverse report or to be open to reasonable suspicion because of the circumstances of the case such as those attending the release of a male applicant of military age, (b) such person is not affirmatively found by the consul to be inadmissible into the United States under the law, or (c) the consul does not consider that the case is one which should be recommended for consideration under the committee procedure.

I see no objection to informing the German Government through appropriate channels that consular officers have been authorized to issue an immigration visa to the alien husband, wife, parent, and unmarried minor child of an American citizen, and the wife and unmarried minor child of an alien resident of the United States who has been in an area controlled by Germany or any of Germany's allies, provided that such person presents himself to an American consular officer and is found not to be disqualified for a visa.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

VD:EBC:LBG

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
WAR REFUGEE BOARD
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Hoeo

My dear Mr. Berle:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of June 3, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2191) in reply to my letter of May 2, [redacted] your letter of June 12, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2196) in reply to mine of May 24.

While we are fully appreciative of the limitations placed on consular officers by Section 2(f) of the Immigration Act of 1924, we feel that in the matter under consideration the Department of State can, within the confines of existing law, take measures, not inconsistent with the successful prosecution of the war, in addition to those you suggest, and which may help to save the lives of a number of persons in enemy-controlled areas who hold American immigration visas expired only by lapse of time.

At the outset, it should be remembered that the President has unequivocally declared that "it is the policy of this Government to take all measures within its power to rescue the victims of enemy oppression who are in imminent danger of death and otherwise to afford such victims all possible relief and assistance consistent with the successful prosecution of the war." Furthermore, because the War Refugee Board is by Executive Order "charged with the responsibility of seeing that the policy of the Government" thus stated "is carried out", it becomes our duty to call your attention to what we believe to be such measures.

Your suggestion is that the German authorities be informed that visas will be issued to the holders of expired American visas provided they are found by the American consular officer to whom they apply, to qualify under the immigration laws. We take it that the German authorities, no less than ourselves, will perceive in such a statement only the truism that visas will be issued to any applicant provided he is found to qualify under the immigration laws. This is implicit in your letter of June 12, 1944.

Your further suggestion is that American consuls be requested to communicate with the Department of State immediately by telegraph regarding holders of expired visas who apply for new visas in order that consideration of their cases under the Interdepartmental Visa

Review Procedure may be expedited. It would seem, however, that such persons would not be able to apply for visas until they had left enemy-controlled areas, and that no element of the "contemplated plan as modified" would be of assistance to them in securing such egress. Furthermore, in view of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations of November 19, 1941, as amended, regarding aliens entering, it would seem to be in accord with established policy to waive the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure with respect to persons to whom immigration visas had been issued after July 1, 1941, when the present system of security checking went into effect. This could be provided for under Section 58.55 (a)(16) of such Regulations, should the section previously referred to be narrowly construed so as to apply to the issuance of replace visas only during the quota year in which the original visas were issued.

In any event, it appears clearly from Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations that both the Secretary of State and the Attorney General are in substantial agreement with the point of view expressed in my letter of May 2, 1944 that "a person holding an expired visa which was issued on or after July 1, 1941, under the same statutes, regulations and security check procedures as now prevail, may properly be presumed to continue to be admissible to the United States unless and until the contrary appears." Of course, no consular officer may issue a new visa if it appears that since the date of the issuance of the original visa the applicant has ceased to possess the qualifications required by statute. On the other hand, in view of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations, it would seem that the Regulations already recognize the existence of a presumption that he continues to possess those qualifications. We believe that the frank recognition of the existence of this presumption can be the basis for a concrete contribution toward saving a number of persons in imminent danger of death from the enemy who have already been found to be desirable immigrants to the United States.

Proceeding with such presumption as a basis, and keeping in mind that either under Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations or pursuant to action based on the same premise as such section, which may be taken under Section 58.55 (a)(16), the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure need not be followed in such cases, we suggest the following: (1) That American consular officers be authorized to issue a new immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued after July 1, 1941, with no more formality and no other requirements than are incident to the issuance of a replace visa as provided in Note 116 of Visa Supplement A of the Foreign Service Regulations, provided (a) such person is not affirmatively found to have lost, since the date of the issuance of his original

and is not found to have become disqualified for the issuance of a visa since the date of the issuance of his original visa.

visa, any qualification required by statute for the issuance of a visa, and (b) such person was situated in territory controlled by Germany or any of its satellites continuously between December 8, 1941, and the date of such authorization; and (2) that the German government be informed through proper channels that this Government has authorized its consular officers to issue an immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued subsequent to July 1, 1941 and who has been in areas controlled by Germany or any of Germany's allies since December 8, 1941, provided such person presents himself to an American consular officer. We believe that exactly the same technique may properly be employed with respect to persons in the first category referred to in my letter of May 24, 1944, namely, successful applicants for immigration visas whose visas were not actually issued solely because they failed to appear therefor in person before American consular officers, provided, of course, that their applications were approved after July 1, 1941, and that they have been in enemy territory continuously since December 8, 1941.

A → The foregoing, you will recognize, is separate and apart from the suggestions discussed at our meeting on June 3, and which prompted my memorandum of June 9, 1944, and the proposed forms of letters attached thereto. The latter suggestions dealt with the formulation of some document which might be transmitted through secret channels to assist the addressee in escaping clandestinely.

E/ Reverting to my letter of May 24 and your reply thereto dated June 9, we are confident that the United States can within the letter and spirit of existing law, and without endangering the war effort, extend more generous consideration than your suggestion implies, to persons in the last two categories mentioned in my letter. /B

E/ Concretely, we suggest that consideration be given to the following procedure be followed in the case of persons who, by reason of their relationship to American citizens or to aliens resident in the United States, are eligible for non-quota or preference status: (1) That American or resident alien relatives of persons in enemy-controlled areas who, by reason of their identification with persecuted groups, are in imminent danger of death, be permitted to file the petitions and accompanying statements provided for by Sections 9 (b), 9 (c) and 9 (d) of the Immigration Act of 1924, prior to the filing of applications for visas by such persons; (2) that the Secretary of State exercise his authority under Section 58.55 (a)(16) of the Regulations of November 19, 1941, as amended, to exempt persons who are the subjects of such petitions from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure; (3) that after

the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization has made the affirmative findings contemplated by Section 9 (e) of the Immigration Act of 1924, and the Attorney General has given his approval, American consular officers be authorized, in accordance with the provisions of applicable statutes, to issue appropriate immigration visas to the subjects of such petitions providing they appear and make the necessary applications; (4) that the German government be advised through proper channels that American consular officers are authorized to issue immigration visas to such persons upon their personal appearance at an American consular office.

We suggest that the waiver of the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure with respect to the persons last under consideration is not inconsistent with the successful prosecution of the war. The persons are the children, wives, husbands and parents of American citizens, and the children and wives of aliens resident in the United States, as those relationships are defined in Sections 4 and 6 of the Immigration Act of 1924. Moreover, our suggestion with respect to the relatives of resident aliens is limited to the relatives of persons serving in the armed forces of the United States. Furthermore, all such persons are, by express limitation, so identified with persecuted groups as to be in imminent danger of death from our enemies. Under these circumstances, we believe that the ~~national~~ successful prosecution of the war ~~interest~~ will not be ~~endangered~~ by the issuance of immigration visas to such persons without applying the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure to their cases, reserving final security checking until said time as they might ~~their~~ arrive in this country.

The issuance of visas pursuant to the authority which would be given to consular officers under this ~~both~~ suggested program would, of course, be subject to the provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917.

We suggest that the feasibility of these programs be immediately tested, on an experimental basis, in half a dozen cases in each category to be selected jointly by the Department of State and the War Refugee Board. I would appreciate your early advice.

Very truly yours,

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

and would appreciate your early advice.

We suggest that this program be put into effect immediately. We will deal with the matter raised by my letter of May 24 and your response thereto dated June 12 in a subsequent communication.

Very truly yours,

JWP.

July 20, 1944

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/3202

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of July 4, 1944 concerning the persons in enemy controlled areas who on or after July 1, 1941 received American immigration visas or on whose behalf authorizations were sent to the consuls for the issuance of such visas.

The Department of course desires to be of every assistance to you consistent with the national security in the endeavor to rescue these victims of enemy oppression. I have noted your suggestions and believe that it may be possible to adopt a modified procedure which will facilitate action in these cases.

The provisions of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the regulations of November 19, 1941 were omitted from the recent revision of these regulations, as no longer necessary. The provisions exempting persons to whom immigration visas were issued after July 1, 1941 from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure were originally adopted as it was considered unnecessary to review the cases of persons so recently subjected to security checks. However, as additional information regarding suspected persons began to be received from various sources, the general practice was adopted of requiring an additional security check in cases in which visas had not been granted within a period of six months from the date of the previous approval. It is believed to be desirable from the security standpoint generally to recheck the cases of persons other than children under 16 years of age residing in enemy

controlled

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

controlled areas and subjected to possible enemy pressure although they may previously have been approved for visas. However, under authority contained in Section 58.55 (a)(16) of the regulations of November 19, 1941 (Section 58.60 (17) of the revised regulations) these persons may be exempted from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure unless consuls to whom such persons may apply recommend in individual cases that the applications be considered under the Visa Review Procedure.

The Department is therefore prepared to inform consular officers that new immigration visas may be issued to any person to whom an American visa was issued or for whom such visa was authorized after July 1, 1941, provided that (a) such person other than a child under 16 years of age is found upon telegraphic reference to the Department for security check not to be the subject of an adverse report dated subsequent to the previous approval, (b) such person is not affirmatively found by the consul to be inadmissible into the United States under the law, or (c) the consul does not consider that the case is one which should be recommended for consideration under the committee procedure.

In this connection, I see no objection to informing the German Government through appropriate channels that consular officers have been authorized to issue an immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued or for whom a visa was authorized subsequent to July 1, 1941 and who has been in areas controlled by Germany or any of Germany's Allies since December 8, 1941, provided that such person presents himself to an American consular officer and is not found to have become disqualified for the issuance of a visa.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

VD:EBC:LBG 7/18/44

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

WAR REFUGEE BOARD

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Y.

Office of the
Executive Director

July 7, 1944

Dear Mr. Berle:

Reference is made to your letter of June 3, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2191) in reply to my letter of May 2, your letter of June 12, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2196) in reply to mine of May 24, and my letter of July 4.

We are confident that the United States can within the letter and spirit of existing law, and without endangering the war effort, extend more generous consideration than your suggestion implies, to residents of enemy-controlled territory who because of their relationship to American citizens have either non-quota or first-preference status under existing immigration laws and regulations and the immediate families of aliens resident in the United States and now serving in its armed forces.

Concretely, we suggest that consideration be given to the following procedure to be followed in the case of persons who, by reason of their relationship to American citizens or to aliens resident in the United States, are eligible for non-quota or preference status: (1) That American or resident alien relatives of persons in enemy-controlled areas who, by reason of their identification with persecuted groups, are in imminent danger of death, be permitted to file the petitions and accompanying statements provided for by Sections 9 (b), 9 (c) and 9 (d) of the Immigration Act of 1924, prior to the filing of applications for visas by such persons; (2) that the Secretary of State exercise his authority under Section 58.55 (a)(16) of the Regulations of November 19, 1941, as amended, to exempt persons who are the subjects of such petitions from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure; (3) that after the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization has made the affirmative findings contemplated by Section 9 (e) of the Immigration Act of 1924, and the Attorney General has given his approval, American consular officers be authorized, in accordance with the provisions of applicable statutes, to issue appropriate immigration visas to the subjects of such petitions providing they appear and make the necessary applications; (4) that the German government be advised through proper channels that American consular officers are authorized to issue immigration visas to such persons upon their personal appearance at an American consular office.

We suggest that the waiver of the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure with respect to the persons here under consideration is not inconsistent with the successful prosecution of the war. The persons are the children, wives, husbands and parents of American citizens, and the children and wives of aliens resident in the United States, as those relationships are defined in Sections 4 and 6 of the Immigration Act of 1924. Moreover, our suggestion with respect to the relatives of resident aliens is limited to the relatives of persons serving in the armed forces of the United States. Furthermore, all such persons are, by express limitation, so identified with persecuted groups as to be in imminent danger of death from our enemies. Under these circumstances, we believe that the successful prosecution of the war will not be impeded by the issuance of immigration visas to such persons without applying the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure to their cases, reserving final security checking until such time as they might arrive in this country. The issuance of visas pursuant to the authority which would be given to consular officers under this suggested program would, of course, be subject to the provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917.

In connection with this suggestion, we have been informed that the Swedish government has issued Swedish passports to non-Swedish relatives in Hungary of Swedish subjects, and has issued visas for entrance into Sweden to persons in Hungary having associations with Swedish business enterprises. Sweden, we are informed, has undertaken to intervene on behalf of the foregoing groups, as well as on behalf of relatives in Hungary of persons in Sweden, apparently without regard to whether the latter are Swedish subjects. That prompt action is of the utmost importance is indicated by the probable fate, as reported in Bern's 4223 of July 3, of the wife, daughter and sister of Private Joseph Trumkin, A.U.S., who were the subject of my memorandum to you of May 27, to which you replied under date of June 16.

I would appreciate the early receipt of your views.

Very truly yours,

(sgd.) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

COPY

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

WAR REFUGEE BOARD

Washington 25, D.C.

Office of the
Executive Director

July 4, 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of June 3, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2191) in reply to my letter of May 2, and your letter of June 12, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2196) in reply to mine of May 24.

While we are fully appreciative of the limitations placed on consular officers by Section 2(f) of the Immigration Act of 1924, we feel that in the matter under consideration the Department of State can, within the confines of existing law, take measures, not inconsistent with the successful prosecution of the war, in addition to those you suggest, and which may help to save the lives of a number of persons in enemy-controlled areas who hold American immigration visas expired only by lapse of time.

At the outset, it should be remembered that the President has unequivocally declared that "it is the policy of this Government to take all measures within its power to rescue the victims of enemy oppression who are in imminent danger of death and otherwise to afford such victims all possible relief and assistance consistent with the successful prosecution of the war." Furthermore, because the War Refugee Board is by Executive Order "charged with the responsibility of seeing that the policy of the Government" thus stated "is carried out", it becomes our duty to call your attention to what we believe to be such measures.

Your suggestion is that the German authorities be informed that visas will be issued to the holders of expired American visas provided they are found by the American consular officer to whom they apply, to qualify under the immigration laws. We take it that the German authorities, no less than ourselves, will perceive in such a statement only the truism that visas will be issued to any applicant provided he is found to qualify under the immigration laws. This is implicit in your letter of June 12, 1944.

Your further suggestion is that American consuls be requested to communicate with the Department of State immediately by telegraph regarding holders of expired visas who apply for new visas in order that

consideration of their cases under the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure may be expedited. It would seem, however, that such persons would not be able to apply for visas until they had left enemy-controlled areas, and that no element of the "contemplated plan as modified" would be of assistance to them in securing such egress. Furthermore, in view of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations of November 19, 1941, as amended, regarding aliens entering, it would seem to be in accord with established policy to waive the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure with respect to persons to whom immigration visas had been issued after July 1, 1941, when the present system of security checking went into effect. This could be provided for under Section 58.55 (a)(16) of such Regulations, should the section previously referred to be narrowly construed so as to apply to the issuance of replace visas only during the quota year in which the original visas were issued.

In any event, it appears clearly from Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations that both the Secretary of State and the Attorney General are in substantial agreement with the point of view expressed in my letter of May 2, 1944 that "a person holding an expired visa which was issued on or after July 1, 1941, under the same statutes, regulations and security check procedures as now prevail, may properly be presumed to continue to be admissible to the United States unless and until the contrary appears." Of course, no consular officer may issue a new visa if it appears that since the date of the issuance of the original visa the applicant has ceased to possess the qualifications required by statute. On the other hand, in view of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations, it would seem that the Regulations already recognize the existence of a presumption that he continues to possess those qualifications. We believe that the frank recognition of the existence of this presumption can be the basis for a concrete contribution toward saving a number of persons in imminent danger of death from the enemy who have already been found to be desirable immigrants to the United States.

Proceeding with such presumption as a basis, and keeping in mind that either under Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations or pursuant to action based on the same premise as such section, which may be taken under Section 58.55 (a)(16), the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure need not be followed in such cases, we suggest the following: (1) That American consular officers be authorized to issue a new immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued after July 1, 1941, with no more formality and no other requirements than are incident to the issuance of a replace visa as provided in Note 116 of Visa Supplement A of the Foreign Service Regulations, provided (a) such person is not affirmatively found to have lost, since the date of the issuance of his original visa, any qualification required by statute for the issuance of a visa, and (b) such person was situated in territory controlled by Germany of any of its

satellites continuously between December 8, 1941, and the date of such authorization; and (2) that the German government be informed through proper channels that this Government has authorized its consular officers to issue an immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued subsequent to July 1, 1941 and who has been in areas controlled by Germany or any of Germany's allies since December 8, 1941, provided such person presents himself to an American consular officer and is not found to have become disqualified for the issuance of a visa since the date of the issuance of his original visa. We believe that exactly the same technique may properly be employed with respect to persons in the first category referred to in my letter of May 24, 1944, namely, successful applicants for immigration visas whose visas were not actually issued solely because they failed to appear therefor in person before American consular officers, provided, of course, that their applications were approved after July 1, 1941, and that they have been in enemy territory continuously since December 8, 1941.

The issuance of visas pursuant to the authority which would be given to consular officers under both suggested programs would, of course, be subject to the provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917.

The foregoing, you will recognize, is separate and apart from the suggestions discussed at our meeting on June 3, and which prompted my memorandum of June 9, 1944, and the proposed forms of letters attached thereto. The latter suggestions dealt with the formulation of some document which might be transmitted through secret channels to assist the addressee in escaping clandestinely.

We suggest that this program be put into effect immediately and would appreciate your early advice. We will deal with the matter raised by my letter of May 24 and your response thereto dated June 12 in a subsequent communication.

Very truly yours,

/s/ J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

File
Immigration to U.S.

August 26, 1944

Mr. Lesser

B. Akzin

On August 23, after a telephone conversation with Shaughnessy, I wired you as follows:

> "Thomas Shaughnessy who forwarded satisfactory memorandum to Philadelphia main office and expects approval within day or two Stop Will keep me informed Stop I will mail it to New York in time for meeting Stop Approached by Jim regarding additional invitations to meeting John decided against."

This morning, not having heard from Shaughnessy since my first telephone conversation with him, I called him up, but couldn't reach him until early afternoon. He informed me that the Philadelphia office approved his memorandum orally over the telephone, but that the written approval will not arrive before Wednesday, the 30th. He further told me that he still has to get State's approval, but does not anticipate any difficulties from that side.

Upon my request, he agreed to let me have the attached copy of his memorandum to the Philadelphia office, so that you will have it in hand for the Monday meeting. You will note that a copy has to be returned to Shaughnessy.

Shaughnessy told me over the telephone, and you will also note at this point on pages 3 and 4 of the Shaughnessy memorandum, that no particular concession is involved in our request to handle relatives' petitions prior to the actual filing of the application for the visa by the prospective immigrant. It seems that this is done all along.

Regards,

Enclosure

BA.

BAkzin:ar 8/26/44

Taken from my donors files 1/24/45

Treasury Department

War Refugee Board

War Refugee Board, Emergency
Fund for the President, National Defense
(112/40006(18)43-44

August 23, 1944

Mr. Lawrence S. Lesser,
207 Congress Place,
Cape May, New Jersey.

PHONED SHAUGHNESSY WHO FORWARDED SATISFACTORY MEMORANDUM TO PHILADELPHIA MAIN OFFICE AND EXPECTS APPROVAL WITHIN DAY OR TWO STOP WILL KEEP [redacted]- FORMED STOP I WILL MAIL IT TO NEW YORK IN TIME FOR MEETING STOP APPROACHED BY JIM REGARDING ADDITIONAL INVITATIONS TO MEETING JOHN DECIDED AGAINST

AKSIN

BG.

Bäksin:tmh 8-23-44

August 16, 1944.

TO: Mr. Ed. Shaughnessy,
Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization

FROM: Lawrence S. Lesser

Pursuant to our telephone conversation yesterday afternoon, there is attached a copy of a letter from Assistant Secretary of State Berle dated August 5, 1944.

You will note that the procedure therein outlined envisions the filing of non-quota and preference quota petitions prior to the filing of applications for visas and the notification of enemy governments that, subject to qualification under the law, visas are available for persons whose non-quota or preference status has been established by the approval by the Department of Justice of such petitions.

The Board proposes to advise appropriate private agencies of the substance of the attached letter, and it is assumed that in due course a number of such petitions will be filed with the Bureau. Since it will be necessary for us to take affirmative action, after the Department of Justice has approved such petitions, and time is of the essence, we would appreciate knowing as promptly as may be possible whether some procedure could be worked out whereby the Board would be advised promptly of the action taken on each such petition. As all petitions under this program would involve persons in enemy-controlled areas who have not as yet filed applications for visas, such petitions ought to be easy to segregate.

LSLesser:tmh 8-16-44

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, 25, D. C.

August 5, 1944

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2307

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of July 7, 1944 suggesting that a special procedure be followed in the visa cases of aliens in enemy controlled territory who have nonquota or preference status under the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 by reason of their relationship to American citizens or alien residents in the United States Armed Forces. Such persons are the husbands, wives, parents, and unmarried minor children of American citizens and the wives and unmarried minor children of alien residents serving in the Armed Forces.

I realize the desperate situation of many of these persons and in order to be as helpful as possible, believe that a special procedure similar to that outlined in the Department's letter of July 20, 1944, in reply to your communication of July 4, 1944, can be adopted to cover the cases of the persons referred to in your letter of July 7. However, particular attention will, for security reasons, have to be given to the cases of male applicants of military age who may be permitted by the German authorities to depart from German controlled territory in view of the possibility that such departure may have been permitted for reasons detrimental to the interests of the Allied Nations.

As it may be unwise in the interests of the aliens to call attention to the fact that their husbands or fathers are in the United States Armed Forces, the procedure can be extended to cover the wives and unmarried minor children of all alien residents of the United States.

The Department is therefore prepared to inform consular officers that immigration visas may be issued to any alien who is the husband, wife, parent, or unmarried minor child of an American citizen and on whose behalf nonquota or first preference status has been established by the approval by the Department of Justice of a petition filed by such citizen relative, or who is the wife or unmarried minor child of an alien lawfully admitted into the United States.

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, 25, D. C.

August 5, 1944

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2307

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of July 7, 1944 suggesting that a special procedure be followed in the visa cases of aliens in enemy controlled territory who have nonquota or preference status under the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 by reason of their relationship to American citizens or alien residents in the United States Armed Forces. Such persons are the husbands, wives, parents, and unmarried minor children of American citizens and the wives and unmarried minor children of alien residents serving in the Armed Forces.

I realize the desperate situation of many of these persons and in order to be as helpful as possible, believe that a special procedure similar to that outlined in the Department's letter of July 20, 1944, in reply to your communication of July 4, 1944, can be adopted to cover the cases of the persons referred to in your letter of July 7. However, particular attention will, for security reasons, have to be given to the cases of male applicants of military age who may be permitted by the German authorities to depart from German controlled territory in view of the possibility that such departure may have been permitted for reasons detrimental to the interests of the Allied Nations.

As it may be unwise in the interests of the aliens to call attention to the fact that their husbands or fathers are in the United States Armed Forces, the procedure can be extended to cover the wives and unmarried minor children of all alien residents of the United States.

The Department is therefore prepared to inform consular officers that immigration visas may be issued to any alien who is the husband, wife, parent, or unmarried minor child of an American citizen and on whose behalf nonquota or first preference status has been established by the approval by the Department of Justice of a petition filed by such citizen relative, or who is the wife or unmarried minor child of an alien lawfully admitted into the United States.

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

States for permanent residence and as such is entitled to second preference immigration status. The issuance of visas is subject to the proviso, however, that (a) such person other than a child under 16 years of age is found upon telegraphic or air mail reference to the Department for security check not to be the subject of an adverse report or to be open to reasonable suspicion because of the circumstances of the case such as those attending the release of a male applicant of military age, (b) such person is not affirmatively found by the consul to be inadmissible into the United States under the law, or (c) the consul does not consider that the case is one which should be recommended for consideration under the committee procedure.

I see no objection to informing the German Government through appropriate channels that consular officers have been authorized to issue an immigration visa to the alien husband, wife, parent, and unmarried minor child of an American citizen, and the wife and unmarried minor child of an alien resident of the United States who has been in an area controlled by Germany or any of Germany's allies, provided that such person presents himself to an American consular officer and is found not to be disqualified for a visa.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ A. A. Berle, Jr.

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary.

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

AUG 25 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

Reference is made to our letters of August 10 and August 18, 1944, in which we requested confirmation of the authorization of the issuance of visas to the persons listed on the schedules accompanying the letters.

We are enclosing herewith a second supplemental schedule of persons for whom, we have also been advised, the issuance of visas has been authorized. It would be appreciated if you would furnish similar confirmation of this information. In view of the suggestions contained in Mr. Long's letter of August 16, 1944 (reference V D) we have included, when able to do so, the birth dates or ages of the persons listed and such other information about them as we have in our files.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of State,
State Department
Washington, D. C.

Enclosure.

ms. BR.
MSargoy:dh 8/23/44

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF PERSONS FOR WHOM ISSUANCE OF VISAS HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED

Name	Date of Birth or Age	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Altstaedter-DeLange, Franziska	12/5/1880	c/o Gumpers, 16 Keter-pestraat, Amsterdam, Holland.	Paul M. Hahn, New York, New York Siegfried De Lange, Woodhaven, L.I.	July 15, 1941
Barth, Heinrich	1/5/1878	Camp Les Milles, Bouche du Rhone, France	Friedrich Barth, Phila., Pa.	Nov.18, 1941
, Emma (nee Schwarz)	12/6/1874	Hotel Atlantique, Marseille, France	Max Barth, Detroit, Mich.	Sept.5, 1942
Blech, Isidor Betty		Camp Les Milles, France		Middle of 1942 (10/19/42)
Boehm, Bertha	6/8/1881	Camp de Recededou, Pavillon 67, France	Erich J. Boehm and Donald G. Boehm, Bronx, N.Y.	Dec.15,1942
Boehm, Flora	2/16/1876	Camp de Masseube, Baraque 10,Gers,Fr.	Erich J. Boehm & Donald G. Boehm, 2680 Heath Ave., Bronx, 63, N.Y.	Dec.15,1942
Buchler, Siegmund Rosa (nee Meunzesheimer)	10/4/1868 2/7/1876	Camp de Mauzeube, Dept. Gers, France	George Buchler, Bronx, N.Y. Isaac S. Bernheim, Denver, Colo.	Oct.22,1941
Epstein, Siegfried Frieda Ernst(son)	10/27/1882 12/8/1887 11/17/14	44 rue Lamartine, Nice, France	Mr. & Mrs. Fred Lane, Chicago, Ill.	Sept.5, 1942
Fernich, Moritz Bertle(wife) Marion(dau.)	10/13/1896 42 yrs 13 yrs	Camp Les Milles, Bouches du Rhone, France Marseille, France	Otto Fernich, New York, New York Fred J. Fernich, New York, New York	Sept.28,1942
Fisch, Mrs. Hermine nee Sternweiler	4/23/1880	Camp de Rze baraque 38, Haute Garonne, France	Anny Fisch, New York,N.Y. Albert & Mathilde Fisch, Brooklyn, N.Y.	June 5, 1942

Name	Date of Birth or Age	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Feldmann, Bertha	3/10/1888	Centre de Rabes Cornil, Dept. Correze, France	Hans Kahn, Long Beach, Calif. Ned & Julie Stern, Cincinnati, Ohio	After July 1, 1941
Feldmann, Samuel	1/10/1874	Camp de Masseube, Dept. Gers, France	Mr. & Mrs. Fred M. Levy, New York, N.Y.	Oct. 14, 1941 Oct. 29, 1942
Gurvitch, Lazar Olga (wife)	54 56	3 Avenue le Ledere, Pension "Les Cigales" Montpellier		Oct. 7, 1942
Gutmann, Selma	55	Marseille, France	Sol Goodman, Brooklyn, New York Arthur Bodenheimer, armed forces	Oct. 27, 1942
Haas, Isabella (nee Siegel)		Baraque 10, Camp de Masseube, Gers, Fr.		July 30, 1942
Heiberg, Berty	3/2/28	Chateau La Courret, St. Maurice, Dept. Hante, Vienne, France	Morris Seinberg, N.Y.C. Benjamin Gottfried, N.Y.C.	Oct. 13, 1942
Hobe, Jacques Tobi (wife)	65 67	Camp les Milles B. du Rh.		Oct. 7, 1942
Katzauer, Mrs. Marie nee Marx	10/9/1872	26 rue Frederic Passy, Nice, France	Ludwig Levi, N.Y.C. Artur Levy, N.Y.C.	Oct., 1942
Klauber, Arthur	5/23/1874	Camp Masseube, Pav. 3, Dept. Gers, France	Alfred Leonard, Los Angeles Calif. Arnold Klauber, N.Y.C.	June 7, 1942
Lehmann, Mrs. Lina (nee Stern)	1874	Camp De Masseube, Dept. Gers, France.	Mr. Moritz Cahn, N.Y.C.	Oct., 1941 Oct., 1942

	Date of Birth or Age	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Emma	9/8/1881	La Roche Commune Sagnat Dept. Creuse, France par Dun le Palleteau	Alfred Goeding, N.Y.C. Herbert & Elsa Steifel, New York, New York	July 15,1942
Stern, Mrs. nie	1/10/1875	Camp de Masseube, Barraque 7, Gers France.	Hermann Boettigheimer, New York City Walter L. Stern, N.Y.C.	Nov.3, 1941 Aug. 3,1942
, Anne (nee mer)	2/15/1861	Hospice de Montauban, Tarn-et-Garonne, Fr., or Hospice Depart. Pontacq. Basses Pyr., France.	Samuel L. Kuhn, N.Y.C. Henry Mayer, N.Y.C.	Nov.21, 1941 July 17,1942
r, Ernst Ilse e Hersfeld)	35 30	Montauban, Tarn-et-Garonne, France	Serving in the armed forces.	May 1942
l, Dr. Leo Lea Susanne Francine	46 38 1940 1942	Saint, near Le Puy, Dept. Haute Loire France	Mrs. Ruth Ebenstein, Duluth, Minnesota	Dec.2,1941
mark, Mrs. Millie (nee Davie)	1868	Rue du Marechal Petain Gensac, Gironde, France	Mrs. Lilly Weis, N.Y.C.	Oct., 1942
ppenheimer, Moritz Betty Kurt(son) Guenter(son) Jeanine (dau.)	2/2/1895	1 rue de la Ferronnerie St. Affrique, Aveyron, France	Hermann Rosenbaum,N.Y.C.	Nov.24,1941
Pollak, Victor Elsa (nee Ruczizka)	5/18/1874 1/20/1885		Mr. & Mrs. Rudolph Singer Cambridge, Mass.	Dec. 9,1941

	Date of Birth or Age	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
thal, Richard Marie (nee Neumark) Gerd	1886 1897 1923	Rue du Marechal Petain Gensac, Gironde, France.	Mr. Kenneth L. Rosenthal, N.Y.C., inservice.	Oct., 1942
r, Moses Salomon (brother)		Camp les Milles		June 19, 1942
n, Salomon y) Selma (nee Herz)	1/5/1870 8/28/1887	28 Avenue de l'Hotel de Ville, Villeurbanne, pres du-Lyon, France.	Max & Ilse Salomon, Indianapolis, Ind.	Oct. 24, 1942
, Sandor	36	Chateau de Tombebouc par Ste. Livrade 308 Compagnie T.E. Lot et Garonne		Aug. 13, 1942
e, Alfred	6/8/1876	41 rue Lamartine, Midland Hotel, Nice, France	Erich H. Gross, Chicago Dr. Siegfried Buebeck, Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 27, 1941
der, Nanny sister, Adele	70 70			Aug. 4, 1942
, Hans	12/5/1895	Camp Les Milles, Groupe I, Bouches du Rhone, Fr.	William H. Schwab, N.Y.C. Mr. J.T. Schwartz, Yonkers, New York	Dec. 5, 1941
erin, Kurt Hanna		14 Boulevard Darrail Palavas (Herault) France		Early 1942

Name	Date of Birth or Age	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Seidenberger, Paul Lotte, Mrs. Lore George	9/28/1889 9/6/1900 12/4/23 11/9/26	c/o Mr. Longville, 8 rue du Palais, Carcassonne sur Aude, France		Dec., 1942
Silberstein, Hedwig	10/26/1876	c/o Mr. Longville, 8 Rue du Palais, Carcassonne sur Aude, France		Dec., 1942
Sommer, Hilda (nee Oppenheimer) David Hella (Dau.) Erich (son)	8/ 9/1887	33 rue des Bains, escapted to Spain Boulazac pres Perigueux, Dordogne, France	Julius Stern, New York City	Nov., 1941
Stern, Erich				Nov. 5, 1942
Szamek, Franziska (Nee Weiss)	1881	87 Rue Garibaldi, Lyon, France	Mrs. Esther Ueberall, New York City	Oct., 1941 August, 1942
Szamek, Richard	11/12/02	Camp Les Milles, Bouche du Rhone, France	Mrs. Esther Ueberall, New York City	Oct., 1941 Aug., 1942
Weiss, Otto	9/26/1893	Camp Les Milles, Bouches du Rhone, France	Mrs. Mathilde Weiss, New York City	July 30, 1942

AUG 18 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

Reference is made to our letter of August 10, 1944 in which we requested confirmation of the authorization of the issuance of visas to the persons listed on the schedule accompanying our letter.

Enclosed herewith is a supplemental schedule of persons for whom, we have been advised, the issuance of visas has also been authorized. I would appreciate similar confirmation of this information.

Your attention is called to the omission of the last name on the third row of page 9 of the original schedule. The correct designation is "Martha and Elizabeth Klein".

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of State,
State Department,
Washington, D. C.

Enclosure.

Copy to: Mr. Margey

ml L.G.S.
MMargey:dh 8/18/44

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF PERSONS FOR WHOM ISSUANCE OF VISAS HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Natalie & Hans George Schimek	17 Place de la Republique Pau Basses-Pyrenees.	Mr. Herbert M. Picard, San Francisco, California	Oct. 9, 1941
Margaret Oichenbaum (Aychenbaum)	Maison des Quakers la Rouviere aux Accascias par la Valentine, Marseille, France.	Irving, Frances & Rose Gressinger, 155 South 4th St., Brooklyn, N.Y.	Nov. 7, 1941
Alfred Woeschel	Camp de Gurs, France		Oct. 1942.
Kurt Sabarsky	c/o M. Moth, Poste Restante, Montauban, Tarn et Garonne, France.	Eisig Sabarsky, Brooklyn, N.Y. Mrs. Anna Minkoff, Somerville, N. J.	After July 1, 1941
Marcus & Beila & Rachel Claudette Schlittner.	52 Rue Lacapelle, T.M.G. Montauban, France		After July 1 1941
Pauline and Edoard Siedlecki			July 1942
Jean Paul Wolff	c/o Family Hirsch, 2 Rue Matagren, Beziers, Dept. Herault.		After July 1. 1941
George Wolff, (brother of above)	Address same as above	Robert Wolff & Jacques Wolff, Louisville, Ky.	After July 1 1941
Friedericke Liesner	Hotel Levant, Marseilles	Mr. & Mrs. Fritz Schneidemuhl, New York City	Oct., 1941
Alice S. Blumenstock (alias Lily Blumenstock-Arlen)	Marseille Consular district		Oct. 29, 1941

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of authorization or issuance of visa.
Anne Marie Schlesinger	11 Bis Cours Berreat, Pension Lonjon, Grenoble, France.		July 10, 1942
Charles Stern	664ème Groupe Travailleurs Etrangers, Mauriac (Cantal) France.		April 27, 1942
Lily Steinberg	village near Marseille, France		Oct. 26, 1942
Charles (Karl) Schwab	57 Allee Jean Jaures, Toulouse, (Haute Garonne) France		Aug. 13, 1942
Richard Hans & Anny Bentner	3 Impasse des Zephyres, Roucas-Blanc, Marseille.		Aug. 31, 1942
Joseph Najman, Uca, Dragoljub and Iva Najman	21 rue du Bat-d'Argent, Lyon, France		Aug. 31, 1942
Johanna Baer	Camp de Gurs, France		June 19, 1942
Jenny Cahn	Camp de Gurs, France		July 13, 1942
Johanna Stern	Poland		May 14, 1942
Arnold Andre Hasse, Jacqueline Suzanne, nee Dubose and Danielle Hasse	Le Touvet (Isere), France		Nov. 7, 1941, reapproved July 31 1942.
Sabine Rosenbaum, Max, Clara & Richard Greilsamer.	Marseille Consular district		Nov. 7, 1941.
Alfred Meth and wife, Flora nee Appel	Marseille, France		Oct., 1941

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa
[illegible]o Gruen	Thonas, France		July 19, 1942
[illegible]ius, Irma, Manfred, [illegible]d Ilse Maier	Camp les Milles Camp Rivesaltes		July 1942
[illegible]tin Pollak	Camp les Milles, France		May, 1942
[illegible]ie and Bernard Freese	Camp de Gurs, B.P. France		Nov., 1941
[illegible]lomon, Melanie, and [illegible]ther Mann	Camp les Milles, Hotel Sempart, 4 traverse Beaulieux, Marseille, France		Sept., 1942
[illegible]go and Hanni Hauser	Champagne, Dordogne, France		July 1942
[illegible]ymann, Isabelle and Lucie	Marseille, France		July 1942, Oct. 1942.
[illegible]urice, Martha, Lether, [illegible]and Irene Saach.	75 Cours Richard Vitton, Lyon		Dec., 1941
[illegible]rthur Lipnowski	Camp les Milles, France		Nov., 24, 1941
[illegible]rs. Henny Levistein	Schuman Str. 36, Frankfort on Main, Germany		Aug., 1941
[illegible]avid Allmayer,	Rue des Sports Les Maurilcux Perymaux, France		Nov. 14,1941
[illegible]ules Brandes	Hotel Normandie, Rue d'Alsace Loraine, France		After July 1, 1941
[illegible]ichard and Jos[illegible]ine Butschowitz	Chemin Lescureuil, Villa Maria Therese, Marseille, Loreden, Fr.		August, 1942
[illegible]ans and Lina Barnnns	Theresienstadt Camp, Czecho Slovakia		May or June,1941
[illegible]oman Michael Gottfried	Camp les Milles France		Sept.18, 1942
[illegible]ugo Kelman	Bratislava Czecho Slovakia		Oct. 22, 1941
[illegible]avice Metzner	306 G.T.E. Chateau de Tombebone par Sainte Livrarde Lot et Garonne		Aug., 1942

AUG 17 1944

Dear Mr. Berle:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of August 5, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2207) in response to mine of July 7, 1944.

The procedure you outline is fully acceptable to us and I am hopeful that in operation it will afford a measure of protection against enemy persecution to the families of American citizens and aliens resident in this country.

Referring to persons in enemy territory holding documents issued in the names of American Republics, I call your attention to No. 5168 from Bern, dated August 10th. In this telegram, Minister Harrison states that there are approximately 4,000 such persons interned in Bergen-Belsen whose fate would seem to depend upon the taking place of an actual exchange of at least some of them. In a message from the Intergovernmental Committee transmitted from London by Minister Bucknell, under date of August 2, 1944 (No. 17252), the Commandant of the internment camp at Vittel is reported to have said that the recognition of Latin American documents would have no validity in the eyes of German authorities unless an exchange of persons holding such documents actually took place. In the light of the foregoing, I would appreciate your early advice as to whether it would be possible in the very near future to include in a list of persons whose exchange was desired, the names of some holders of documents issued in the names of Latin American Republics. For your information, a number of such names is appended to the message from the Intergovernmental Committee above referred to.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director.

Mr. A. A. Berle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of State,
Washington, D. C.

LSLesser:tmh 8-17-44 L.S.L.

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO -
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In reply refer to
VD

August 16, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

In Mr. Berle's absence I refer to your letter of August 10, 1944 enclosing a list of persons for whom visas are said to have been authorized by the Department since July 1, 1941 and asking that this be confirmed.

In accordance with your request the files of the Department are being examined and as the desired information becomes available you will be informed as promptly as possible. With a view to expediting the matter, the list will be searched in sections. The report, thereby, will not be delayed by holding it until the entire list has been checked.

It is noted that in a number of cases the full names of the persons concerned are not given. Moreover, in no instance are the dates and places of birth furnished. As many of the persons have common names and since some of the addresses given are insufficient for purposes of identification, it may not be possible to furnish the desired information in all of the cases. The search would have been expedited if the list had been arranged in alphabetical order. However, the desired information will be assembled and furnished as promptly as possible.

Sincerely yours,

Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

August 5, 1944.

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2207

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of July 7, 1944 suggesting that a special procedure be followed in the visa cases of aliens in enemy controlled territory who have nonquota or preference status under the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 by reason of their relationship to American citizens or alien residents in the United States Armed Forces. Such persons are the husbands, wives, parents, and unmarried minor children of American citizens and the wives and unmarried minor children of alien residents serving in the Armed Forces.

I realize the desperate situation of many of these persons and in order to be as helpful as possible, believe that a special procedure similar to that outlined in the Department's letter of July 20, 1944, in reply to your communication of July 4, 1944, can be adopted to cover the cases of the persons referred to in your letter of July 7. However, particular attention will, for security reasons, have to be given to the cases of male applicants of military age who may be permitted by the German authorities to depart from German controlled territory in view of the possibility that such departure may have been permitted for reasons detrimental to the interests of the Allied Nations.

As it may be unwise in the interests of the aliens to call attention to the fact that their husbands or fathers are in the United States Armed Forces, the procedure can be extended to cover the wives and unmarried minor children of all alien residents of the United States.

The

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

The Department is therefore prepared to inform consular officers that immigration visas may be issued to any alien who is the husband, wife, parent, or unmarried minor child of an American citizen and on whose behalf nonquota or first preference status has been established by the approval by the Department of Justice of a petition filed by such citizen relative, or who is the wife or unmarried minor child of an alien lawfully admitted into the United States for permanent residence and as such is entitled to second preference immigration status. The issuance of visas is subject to the proviso, however, that (a) such person other than a child under 16 years of age is found upon telegraphic or air mail reference to the Department for security check not to be the subject of an adverse report or to be open to reasonable suspicion because of the circumstances of the case such as those attending the release of a male applicant of military age, (b) such person is not affirmatively found by the consul to be inadmissible into the United States under the law, or (c) the consul does not consider that the case is one which should be recommended for consideration under the committee procedure.

I see no objection to informing the German Government through appropriate channels that consular officers have been authorized to issue an immigration visa to the alien husband, wife, parent, and unmarried minor child of an American citizen, and the wife and unmarried minor child of an alien resident of the United States who has been in an area controlled by Germany or any of Germany's allies, provided that such person presents himself to an American consular officer and is found not to be disqualified for a visa.

Sincerely yours,

A. A. Berle

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

JUL 25 1944

My dear Mr. Boyle:

[illegible] of July 20 (WB [illegible]) in response to mine of July 6. We believe that the proposed [illegible] in the spirit in which it was formulated, will afford a substantial measure of protection to its intended beneficiaries. We appreciate deeply the cooperation of the Department of State in this matter.

In this connection, reference is made to my communications to you dated July 7 and my letter to you of the same date, to neither of which have I as yet received any response. In view of recent official reports of the position now taken by the Hungarian Government (see, e.g., 4804 of July 18 from Bern) the matters considered in such communications are of the utmost urgency.

Very truly yours,

Executive Director.

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director.

Mr. A. A. Boyle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of State,
Washington, D. C.

LHLaszlo:lsb, 7-25-44

JUL 25 1944

Dear Ed:

Thank you for your note of July 17. Under date of July 20, a most satisfactory reply to our letter of July 4 was received from Mr. Berle. We are hoping for an early and equally satisfactory response to our letter of July 6.

These matters have taken on added significance in view of Hungary's statement to the Swiss - reported in 4404 of July 19 from Bern - that Jews holding entry permits from other countries will be permitted to leave Hungary.

Sincerely yours,

JS/John

J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director.

Mr. E. R. Stettinius, Jr.,
Under Secretary of State,
State Department,
Washington, D. C.

LMLesser:tmh 7-25-44 L. S. K.

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2202

July 20, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of July 4, 1944 concerning the persons in enemy controlled areas who on or after July 1, 1941 received American immigration visas or on whose behalf authorizations were sent to the consuls for the issuance of such visas.

The Department of course desires to be of every assistance to you consistent with the national security in the endeavor to rescue these victims of enemy oppression. I have noted your suggestions and believe that it may be possible to adopt a modified procedure which will facilitate action in these cases.

The provisions of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the regulations of November 19, 1941 were omitted from the recent revision of these regulations, as no longer necessary. The provisions exempting persons to whom immigration visas were issued after July 1, 1941 from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure were originally adopted as it was considered unnecessary to review the cases of persons so recently subjected to security checks. However, as additional information regarding suspected persons began to be received from various sources, the general practice was adopted of requiring an additional security check in cases in which visas had not been granted within a period of six months from the date of the previous approval. It is believed to be desirable from the security standpoint generally to recheck the cases of persons other than children under 16 years of age residing in enemy

controlled

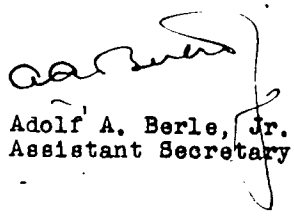
Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

controlled areas and subjected to possible enemy pressure although they may previously have been approved for visas. However, under authority contained in Section 58.55 (a)(16) of the regulations of November 19, 1941 (Section 58.60 (17) of the revised regulations) these persons may be exempted from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure unless consuls to whom such persons may apply recommend in individual cases that the applications be considered under the Visa Review Procedure.

The Department is therefore prepared to inform consular officers that new immigration visas may be issued to any person to whom an American visa was issued or for whom such visa was authorized after July 1, 1941, provided that (a) such person other than a child under 16 years of age is found upon telegraphic reference to the Department for security check not to be the subject of an adverse report dated subsequent to the previous approval, (b) such person is not affirmatively found by the consul to be inadmissible into the United States under the law, or (c) the consul does not consider that the case is one which should be recommended for consideration under the committee procedure.

In this connection, I see no objection to informing the German Government through appropriate channels that consular officers have been authorized to issue an immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued or for whom a visa was authorized subsequent to July 1, 1941 and who has been in areas controlled by Germany or any of Germany's Allies since December 8, 1941, provided that such person presents himself to an American consular officer and is not found to have become disqualified for the issuance of a visa.

Sincerely yours,



Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

THE UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON

July 17, 1944

Dear John:

Thank you for your memorandum of July 14 attaching a copy of your letter to Mr. Berle dated July 7 regarding formulation of a program of assistance for persons closely related to american citizens or resident aliens. I shall add this to the file you sent me on July 4 and shall review it carefully.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Mr. John W. Pehle,
Director, War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President,
Washington, D. C.

JUL 14 1944

PERSONAL AND [redacted]

TO: Mr. Stettinius

FROM: J. W. Pehle

Attached hereto is a copy of a letter to Mr. Earle, dated July 7, 1944, which deals with the formulation of a program of assistance for persons in enemy controlled territory who are so closely related to American citizens or resident aliens as to be entitled to non-quota or preference status under the immigration laws. This brings up to date the file which I transmitted to you on July 4.

The urgency of adopting some program of the kind suggested in my communications to Mr. Earle is indicated by [redacted]'s 1968 of July 10.

/s/ J. W. Pehle

DECLASSIFIED
State Dept. Letter, 1-14-72
By R. H. Parks Date SEP 5 1972

LSLessner:tmh 7-13-44

SECRET

July 7, 1944

Dear Mr. Berle:

Reference is made to your letter of June 8, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2191) in reply to my letter of May 2, your letter of June 12, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2198) in reply to mine of May [illegible] and my letter of July 4.

We are confident that the United States can within the letter and spirit of existing law, and without endangering the war effort, extend more generous consideration than your suggestion implies, to residents of enemy-controlled territory who because of their relationship to American citizens have either non-quota or first-preference status under existing immigration laws and regulations and the immediate families of aliens resident in the United States and now serving in its armed forces.

Concretely, we suggest that consideration be given to the following procedure to be followed in the case of persons who, by reason of their relationship to American citizens or to aliens resident in the United States, are eligible for non-quota or preference status: (1) That American or resident alien relatives of persons in enemy-controlled areas who, by reason of their identification with persecuted groups, are in imminent danger of death, be permitted to file the petitions and accompanying statements provided for by Sections 9(b), 9(c), and 9(d) of the Immigration Act of 1924, prior to the filing of applications for visas by such persons; (2) that the Secretary of State exercise his authority under Section 58.58 (a)(10) of the Regulations of November 18, 1941, as amended, to exempt persons who are the subjects of such petitions from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure; (3) that after the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization has made the affirmative findings contemplated by Section 9 (c) of the Immigration Act of 1924, and the Attorney General has given his approval, American consular officers be authorized, in accordance with the provisions of applicable statutes, to issue appropriate immigration visas to the subjects of such petitions providing they appear and make the necessary applications; (4) that the German government be advised through proper channels that American consular officers are authorized to issue immigration visas to such persons upon their personal appearance at an American consular office.

We suggest that the waiver of the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure with respect to the persons here under consideration is not inconsistent with the successful prosecution of the war. The persons are the children, wives, husbands and parents of American citizens, and the children and wives of aliens resident in the United States, as these relationships are defined in Sections 4 and 6 of the Immigration Act of 1924. Moreover, our suggestion with respect to the relatives of resident aliens is limited to the relatives of persons serving in the armed forces of the United States. Furthermore, all such persons are, by express limitation, so identified with persecuted groups as to be in imminent danger of death from our enemies. Under these circumstances, we believe that the successful prosecution of the war will not be impeded by the issuance of immigration visas to such persons without applying the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure to their cases, reserving final security checking until such time as they might arrive in this country. The issuance of visas pursuant to the authority which would be given to consular officers under this suggested program would, of course, be subject to the provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917.

In connection with this suggestion, we have been informed that the Swedish government has issued Swedish passports to non-Swedish relatives in Hungary of Swedish subjects, and has issued visas for entrance into Sweden to persons in Hungary having associations with Swedish business enterprises. Sweden, we are informed, has undertaken to intervene on behalf of the foregoing groups, as well as on behalf of relatives in Hungary of persons in Sweden, apparently without regard to whether the latter are Swedish subjects. That prompt action is of the utmost importance is indicated by the probable fate, as reported in News's 4225 of July 5, of the wife, daughter and sister of Private Joseph Frumkin, A.U.S., who were the subject of my memorandum to you of May 27, to which you replied under date of June 16.

I would appreciate the early receipt of your views.

Very truly yours,

/s/ J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

JUL 7 - 1944

Dear Mr. Berle:

Reference is made to your letter of June 3, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2191) in reply to my letter of May 2, your letter of June 12, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2196) in reply to mine of May 24, and my letter of July 4.

We are confident that the United States can within the letter and spirit of existing law, and without endangering the war effort, extend more generous consideration than your suggestion implies, to residents of enemy-controlled territory who because of their relationship to American citizens have either non-quota or first-preference status under existing immigration laws and regulations and the immediate families of aliens resident in the United States and now serving in its armed forces.

Concretely, we suggest that consideration be given to the following procedure to be followed in the case of persons who, by reason of their relationship to American citizens or to aliens resident in the United States, are eligible for non-quota or preference status: (1) That American or resident alien relatives of persons in enemy-controlled areas who, by reason of their identification with persecuted groups, are in imminent danger of death, be permitted to file the petitions and accompanying statements provided for by Sections 9 (b), 9 (c) and 9 (d) of the Immigration Act of 1924, prior to the filing of applications for visas by such persons; (2) that the Secretary of State exercise his authority under Section 58.55 (a)(16) of the Regulations of November 19, 1941, as amended, to exempt persons who are the subjects of such petitions from the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure; (3) that after the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization has made the affirmative findings contemplated by Section 9 (e) of the Immigration Act of 1924, and the Attorney General has given his approval, American consular officers be authorized, in accordance with the provisions of applicable statutes, to issue appropriate immigration visas to the subjects of such petitions providing they appear and make the necessary applications; (4) that the German government be advised through proper channels that American consular officers are authorized to issue immigration visas to such persons upon their personal appearance at an American consular office.

We suggest that the waiver of the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure with respect to the persons here under consideration is not inconsistent with the successful prosecution of the war. The persons are the children, wives, husbands and parents of American citizens, and the children and wives of aliens resident in the United States, as those relationships are defined in Sections 4 and 6 of the Immigration Act of 1924. Moreover, our suggestion with respect to the relatives of resident aliens is limited to the relatives of persons serving in the armed forces of the United States. Furthermore, all such persons are, by express limitation, so identified with persecuted groups as to be in imminent danger of death from our enemies. Under these circumstances, we believe that the successful prosecution of the war will not be impeded by the issuance of immigration visas to such persons without applying the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure to their cases, reserving final security checking until such time as they might arrive in this country. The issuance of visas pursuant to the authority which would be given to consular officers under this suggested program would, of course, be subject to the provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917.

In connection with this suggestion, we have been informed that the Swedish government has issued Swedish passports to non-Swedish relatives in Hungary of Swedish subjects, and has issued visas for entrance into Sweden to persons in Hungary having associations with Swedish business enterprises. Sweden, we are informed, has undertaken to intervene on behalf of the foregoing groups, as well as on behalf of relatives in Hungary of persons in Sweden, apparently without regard to whether the latter are Swedish subjects. That prompt action is of the utmost importance is indicated by the probable fate, as reported in Bern's 4223 of July 3, of the wife, daughter and sister of Private Joseph Frumkin, A.U.S., who were the subject of my memorandum to you of May 27, to which you replied under date of June 16.

I would appreciate the early receipt of your views.

Very truly yours,

Sent by hand 7/7/44

J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

L.S.L.

LSLesser:als 7/7/44

THE UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON

July 7, 1944

Dear John:

Thank you for your memorandum of July 4 on the visa question, which was on my desk when I arrived in Washington this morning and which I shall study with interest.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board.

JUL 4 - 1944

PERSONAL AND [redacted]

TO: Mr. Stettinius

FROM: J. W. Pehle

Attached hereto are copies of correspondence between myself and Mr. Berle dealing with the development of a program of assistance for persons to whom American immigration visas were issued or authorized on or after July 1, 1941, the date when presently existing rules, regulations, procedures and security checks went into effect.

I urge you to have someone on your staff look into this matter since I do not believe you will agree with the position currently being taken by your Department.

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

Attachments 7

DECLASSIFIED
State Dept. Letter, 1-11-72
By R. H. Parks Date SEP 5 1972

Taken from Mr. Lovett's files 1/2/45

LSL:JWPehle: 7/3/44

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2196

June 12, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

In reply to your letter of May 24, 1944 I may refer to the Department's communication of June 3, 1944 replying to your letter of May 2.

The information contained in the Department's communication applies to the categories of persons mentioned in both of your letters.

Sincerely yours,

(signed) A. A. Berle, Jr.

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,

Executive Director,

War Refugee Board,

Executive Office of the President.

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2191

June 3, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I have your letter of May 2, 1944 inquiring whether it would be possible to inform the German authorities through the Swiss Government that certain American visas issued on or after July 1, 1941 have been reissued or replaced and will be made available when the holders present themselves before qualified American consular officers provided that they are not subject to the physical and mental excluding provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917 and produce the documents required under Section 7(c) of the Immigration Act of 1924.

The provisions of Section 2(f) of the Immigration Act of 1924 require a consular officer before issuing an immigration visa to be satisfied that the applicant is not inadmissible into the United States under the immigration laws. It would therefore be necessary in communicating with the German authorities through the Swiss Government to state that visas would be issued to the holders of the expired American visas provided that they are found by the American consular officer to whom they apply, to qualify under the immigration laws. It would not meet the requirement of Section 2(f) of the Act of 1924 to restrict the consideration by a consular officer to certain standards of admissibility only.

If the contemplated plan as modified above should be carried out, the consuls would be requested to communicate with the Department immediately by telegraph regarding holders of expired visas who apply for new visas in order that consideration of their cases under the Interdeparmental Visa Review Procedure may be expedited.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) A. A. Berle, Jr.

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

COPY

May 24, 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

Please refer to my letter of May 2, 1944, in which there was submitted for the Department's consideration the suggestion that expired American immigration visas issued on or after July 1, 1941, to persons now in enemy-controlled territory be replaced or reissued under certain circumstances.

Since addressing my letter to you, it has occurred to us that there are several other categories of persons who might be aided by the adoption of similar techniques. These categories include:

(1) Successful applicants for immigration visas whose visas were not issued solely because they failed to appear therefor in person before American consular officers.

(2) Residents of enemy-controlled territory who because of their relationship to American citizens have either non-quota or first-preference status under existing immigration laws and regulations.

(3) Immediate families of aliens resident in the United States and now serving in its armed forces.

I would appreciate your early advice as to any views the Department may have with respect to the suggestion contained in my letter of May 2 and as to the availability of similar techniques which may be employed to aid persons in the categories herein listed.

Very truly yours,

(signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

MS:LSL:als 5/23/44

Urgent

MAY 2 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

Reference is made to my letter of March 16, 1944, regarding the possibility of reissuing and replacing visas previously issued to certain persons in enemy-occupied territories, and to your letter of March 28, 1944 (File VD 811.111 Refugees/2161), in reply thereto. The statement regarding the Swiss government in the second paragraph of my letter under reference contemplated a request that the Swiss government, as the power protecting American interests in Germany and German-controlled territory, advise the German government that certain American visas, expired by lapse of time, which were issued to persons now in German-controlled areas, have been replaced or reissued. The purpose of this proposal is to ascertain whether the reissuance or replacement of such a visa would facilitate its holder's departure from enemy-controlled territory or otherwise afford any protection to the intending immigrant.

The Board submits, for the Department's consideration and appropriate action, the suggestion that as a test of the proposal's feasibility, and on an experimental basis, expired United States visas issued on or after July 1, 1941, be replaced or reissued in a half dozen cases selected by the Department. The German authorities would then be informed through the Swiss government, that such expired American visas, issued on or after July 1, 1941, have been either reissued or replaced and will be made available when the holders present themselves before qualified American consular officers provided they are not subject to the physical and mental excluding provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917, and they produce such documents as may be required of them under Section 7(c) of the Immigration Act of 1924. This proposal is made on the theory that a person holding an expired visa which was issued on or after July 1, 1941, under the same statutes, regulations and security-check procedures as now prevail, may properly be presumed to continue to be admissible to the United States unless and until the contrary appears.

Your comments on this proposal would be appreciated.

Very truly yours,

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

WASHINGTON

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2161

March 28, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of March 16, 1944 in which you inquire regarding the possibility of reissuing or replacing visas previously issued to certain individuals in enemy-occupied territory who may seek to enter Switzerland.

The Department desires to be of assistance to you in dealing with these cases. However, it may be pointed out that in view of the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 requiring consuls to refuse immigration visas to aliens who they know or have reason to believe are inadmissible into the United States, it would not be possible to give assurance to the Swiss or other Government that the visas would be reissued or replaced until the individuals in question should have appeared before an American consular officer in a country in which visa services are available, and should have been found by such officer to be admissible into the United States under the law.

The Department can indicate to the Swiss authorities that the cases of refugees entering Switzerland from enemy-occupied territory would be sympathetically considered with a view to issuing new visas to the holders of previous visas if upon examination they should be found to be admissible into the United States under the law. In practice, this should accomplish the end you have in mind.

Sincerely yours,

For the Secretary of State:

(signed) Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Acting Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

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March 16, 1944

Dear Mr. Travers:

While one of the first decisions of the Board was to concentrate on projects for the rescue of groups of persons and not to seek out and rescue specific individuals, several cases have come to the attention of the Board of late which I feel should be taken up with the Department of State.

These cases involve individuals in occupied territory who prior to the occupation of the territory by the enemy had received visas for entry into the United States. We have been advised that it might be possible for these people to be brought out of enemy territory if their United States visas were reissued and if the Swiss Government were requested to notify the enemy authorities that the visas are presently valid.

I would appreciate being advised as to whether or not the reissuance or replacement of such visas is permitted under existing law and regulations, and if so, whether the State Department would give consideration to such reissuance or replacement in the type of case mentioned above.

Very truly yours,

(signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Acting Executive Director

Mr. Howard K. Travers,
Chief, Visa Division,
Department of State,
Washington, D. C.

JUL 4 - 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of June 3, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2191) in reply to my letter of May 2, and your letter of June 12, 1944 (VD 811.111 Refugees/2196) in reply to mine of May 24.

While we are fully appreciative of the limitations placed on consular officers by Section 2(f) of the Immigration Act of 1924, we feel that in the matter under consideration the Department of State can, within the confines of existing law, take measures, not inconsistent with the successful prosecution of the war, in addition to those you suggest, and which may help to save the lives of a number of persons in enemy-controlled areas who hold American immigration visas expired only by lapse of time.

At the outset, it should be remembered that the President has unequivocally declared that "it is the policy of this Government to take all measures within its power to rescue the victims of enemy oppression who are in imminent danger of death and otherwise to afford such victims all possible relief and assistance consistent with the successful prosecution of the war." Furthermore, because the War Refugee Board is by Executive Order "charged with the responsibility of seeing that the policy of the Government" thus stated "is carried out", it becomes our duty to call your attention to what we believe to be such measures.

Your suggestion is that the German authorities be informed that visas will be issued to the holders of expired American visas provided they are found by the American consular officer to whom they apply, to qualify under the immigration laws. We take it that the German authorities, no less than ourselves, will perceive in such a statement only the truism that visas will be issued to any applicant provided he is found to qualify under the immigration laws. This is implicit in your letter of June 12, 1944.

Your further suggestion is that American consuls be requested to communicate with the Department of State immediately by telegraph regarding holders of expired visas who apply for new visas in order that

consideration of their cases under the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure may be expedited. It would seem, however, that such persons would not be able to apply for visas until they had left enemy-controlled areas, and that no element of the "contemplated plan as modified" would be of assistance to them in securing such egress. Furthermore, in view of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations of November 19, 1941, as amended, regarding aliens entering, it would seem to be in accord with established policy to waive the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure with respect to persons to whom immigration visas had been issued after July 1, 1941, when the present system of security checking went into effect. This could be provided for under Section 58.55 (a)(16) of such Regulations, should the section previously referred to be narrowly construed so as to apply to the issuance of replace visas only during the quota year in which the original visas were issued.

In any event, it appears clearly from Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations that both the Secretary of State and the Attorney General are in substantial agreement with the point of view expressed in my letter of May 2, 1944 that "a person holding an expired visa which was issued on or after July 1, 1941, under the same statutes, regulations and security check procedures as now prevail, may properly be presumed to continue to be admissible to the United States unless and until the contrary appears." Of course, no consular officer may issue a new visa if it appears that since the date of the issuance of the original visa the applicant has ceased to possess the qualifications required by statute. On the other hand, in view of Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations, it would seem that the Regulations already recognize the existence of a presumption that he continues to possess those qualifications. We believe that the frank recognition of the existence of this presumption can be the basis for a concrete contribution toward saving a number of persons in imminent danger of death from the enemy who have already been found to be desirable immigrants to the United States.

Proceeding with such presumption as a basis, and keeping in mind that either under Section 58.55 (a)(8) of the Regulations or pursuant to action based on the same premise as such section, which may be taken under Section 58.55 (a)(16), the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure need not be followed in such cases, we suggest the following: (1) That American consular officers be authorized to issue a new immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued after July 1, 1941, with no more formality and no other requirements than are incident to the issuance of a replace visa as provided in Note 116 of Visa Supplement A of the Foreign Service Regulations, provided (a) such person is not affirmatively found to have lost, since the date of the issuance of his original visa, any qualification required by statute for the issuance of a visa, and (b) such person was situated in territory controlled by Germany or any of its

satellites continuously between December 8, 1941, and the date of such authorization; and (2) that the German government be informed through proper channels that this Government has authorized its consular officers to issue an immigration visa to any person to whom an American immigration visa was issued subsequent to July 1, 1941 and who has been in areas controlled by Germany or any of Germany's allies since December 8, 1941, provided such person presents himself to an American consular officer and is not found to have become disqualified for the issuance of a visa since the date of the issuance of his original visa. We believe that exactly the same technique may properly be employed with respect to persons in the first category referred to in my letter of May 24, 1944, namely, successful applicants for immigration visas whose visas were not actually issued solely because they failed to appear therefor in person before American consular officers, provided, of course, that their applications were approved after July 1, 1941, and that they have been in enemy territory continuously since December 8, 1941.

The issuance of visas pursuant to the authority which would be given to consular officers under both suggested programs would, of course, be subject to the provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917.

The foregoing, you will recognize, is separate and apart from the suggestions discussed at our meeting on June 3, and which prompted my memorandum of June 9, 1944, and the proposed forms of letters attached thereto. The latter suggestions dealt with the formulation of some document which might be transmitted through secret channels to assist the addressee in escaping clandestinely.

We suggest that this program be put into effect immediately and would appreciate your early advice. We will deal with the matter raised by my letter of May 24 and your response thereto dated June 12 in a subsequent communication.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

L.S.L.

LSLesser:als 6/30/44

OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 25

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

In reply refer to
SWP

June 16, 1944

To: Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Office of the President,
War Refugee Board.

From: Mr. Adolf A. Berle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary,
Department of State.

I refer to your memorandum of May 27, 1944 bringing to my attention the case of certain close relatives of an American soldier who are interned at Vittel in France.

I am not in possession of data which would enable me to judge the size of the problem involved in dealing with cases of the general category referred to in your memorandum. I am, however, sending a telegraphic inquiry to Bern which I believe will serve to elicit such data. It may also bring the attention of the protecting Power and the German Government to the problem of the exchange status of such individuals over and above that which they may possess because of documentation they carry. A copy of the telegram referred to is attached.

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Enclosure:

To Legation, Bern.

Interview with Mr. Lessing
1/20/45

CIRAR

Department

U. S. URGENT

MIGRATION

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Department informed that Anna Frumkin, Hermine Rose, Frumkin and Eugenie Gerlin, respectively wife, daughter and sister of an American citizen, are at present interned at Vittel.

Request Swiss Government to compile urgently list of such unaccompanied close relatives of American citizens interned in German-controlled areas in order that Department may consider feasibility of making such individuals eligible for inclusion in exchanges of United States and German nationals.

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2196

June 12, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

In reply to your letter of May 24, 1944 I may refer to the Department's communication of June 3, 1944 replying to your letter of May 2.

The information contained in the Department's communication applies to the categories of persons mentioned in both of your letters.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

Taken from Mr. Pehle's files
1/30/45

JUN 9 - 1944

TO: Mr. Berle

FROM: J. W. Pehle

Reference is made to our conference at your office on June 3.

Attached hereto for your consideration there are respectively (a) a proposed form of letter to be issued by the Minister of the Dominican Republic upon receipt of an application for a passport; (b) a proposed form of letter to be issued by an American consular officer upon the receipt of an application for the replacement of an immigration visa now expired by lapse of time; and (c) a proposed form of letter to be issued by an American consular officer upon the receipt of an application for an immigration visa.

I would very much appreciate your early comments with respect to the attached.

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

Attachments 3

LSLesser:als 6/8/44

Taken from Mr. Jones' files 1/20/45

(a)

_____
_____
_____
_____

This will acknowledge that an application for a passport of the Dominican Republic for you and the following members of your family: _____

_____

is registered with the Legation of the Dominican Republic in _____, such Legation being duly authorized for such purpose by the government of the Dominican Republic.

This will also acknowledge that, in view of the foregoing, the addressee and the above-named members of his family are deemed by the government of the Dominican Republic to be subject to all duties and obligations generally incumbent upon, and entitled to all rights and privileges and to the protection generally accorded to Dominican nationals residing abroad; provided, however, that the addressee hereof or one of the members of his family named above personally appears before a consular officer of the Dominican Republic no later than three years after the date hereof for the purpose of completing the formalities attendant upon said application.

Foreign governments and authorities are hereby requested to extend to the addressee hereof and to the above-named members of his family the treatment, facilities and courtesies to which Dominican nationals are entitled in the territory under the jurisdiction of said governments and authorities.

/seal/ /signature/

BAkzin:ar 6/8/44

(b)

This will acknowledge that application has been made on your behalf and on behalf of the following members of your family: _____

_____

_____

_____

for the replace ent of the United States immigration visa heretofore issued to you and which has expired by lapse of time.

Please be advised that most sympathetic consideration will be given to such application promptly upon your appearance before a consular officer of the United States for the purpose of completing the details attendant upon such application.

LSLesserials 6/8/44

(a)

This will acknowledge that application has been made on your behalf and on behalf of the following members of your family: _____

_____

_____

_____

for the issuance of a United States immigration visa.

Please be advised that most sympathetic consideration will be given to such application promptly upon your appearance before a consular officer of the United States for the purpose of completing the details attendant upon such application.

LSLesserials 6/8/44

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2191

June 3, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I have your letter of May 2, 1944 inquiring whether it would be possible to inform the German authorities through the Swiss Government that certain American visas issued on or after July 1, 1941 have been reissued or replaced and will be made available when the holders present themselves before qualified American consular officers provided that they are not subject to the physical and mental excluding provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917 and produce the documents required under Section 7(c) of the Immigration Act of 1924.

The provisions of Section 2(f) of the Immigration Act of 1924 require a consular officer before issuing an immigration visa to be satisfied that the applicant is not inadmissible into the United States under the immigration laws. It would therefore be necessary in communicating with the German authorities through the Swiss Government to state that visas would be issued to the holders of the expired American visas provided that they are found by the American consular officer to whom they apply, to qualify under the immigration laws. It would not meet the requirement of Section 2(f) of the Act of 1924 to restrict the consideration by a consular officer to certain standards of admissibility only.

If the contemplated plan as modified above should be carried out, the consuls would be requested to communicate with the Department immediately by telegraph regarding

holders

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

holders of expired visas who apply for new visas in order that consideration of their cases under the Interdepartmental Visa Review Procedure may be expedited.

Sincerely yours,

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

June 3, 1944

MEMORANDUM OF CONFERENCE

Mr. Berle's Office, Department of State

June 3, 1944, 11 A.M.

Present: Mr. Berle and Messrs. Pehle, DuBois, Lesser and Friedman.

A. Mr. Pehle mentioned the suggestions made in our letter of March 16 and our memoranda of May 2 and May 24 with respect to

(1) persons who had U. S. immigration visas issued to them after present controls adopted, but whose visas expired before they could leave.

(2) persons approved for visas after present controls adopted, but who were unable to call for them.

(3) relatives of U. S. citizens who have non-quota or first preference immigration status.

(4) immediate families of resident aliens serving in the U. S. Army.

After some discussion, it was agreed that we should arrange some sort of mechanism whereby application is made by agents for the renewal or reissuance of visas to persons in categories (1) and (2), and replying letters are issued to the applicant through secret channels which will be as strong as they possibly can be without committing the United States to the issuance of visas. While no specific mention was made of categories (3) and (4), nothing was said that would foreclose the adoption of similar procedures as to them.

B. Mr. Pehle next took up the matter of transit visas for Spanish Republicans in hiding in Portugal (the subject of conversation since March and of our memorandum of May 24) for whom Mexican immigration visas are available. Mr. Berle said (1) that he did not believe these people were in danger although twelve had been caught and returned to Spain to be shot; (2) he understood from Ambassador Messersmith that Mexican visas were not

available for these people; and (3) the project had been up several times and there had always been a suspicious reluctance to reveal the names of the people involved. Mr. Berle was advised that if these people were in no danger they were of no interest to us except to the extent that their removal would facilitate the reception of other refugees, but that on his own statement it would appear that they were in danger. He was also told of Sr. del Vayo's report of his talks with the Mexican president and of our information that the Mexican legation at Lisbon had been authorized to issue the visas. As to his third point, Mr. Berle was advised of the possible dangers believed to be involved by all those connected with the matter, if the names of the refugees came to the attention of the Portuguese police.

After some discussion it was agreed to request our Embassy at Lisbon to send us by pouch the names of Spanish refugees seeking to go to Mexico so that they can be cleared expeditiously, and at the same time, to advise the Embassy at Mexico City what we were doing.

C. Mr. Pehle next took up the matter of State's response (No. 659 of May 17) to Bogota's airgram (No. A-401 of April 28) concerning the Polish Minister's request with respect to representations to be made to the Colombian government about Poles in enemy territory holding Colombian passports. Mr. Berle appeared not to be familiar with this matter, but suggested that the Columbians were difficult to deal with and consequently unless there was a real problem involved, it was best not to approach them as we did other Latin American governments. It was agreed that efforts would be made to ascertain whether there were any such Colombian passports outstanding. When asked why this message went out as a cable, while our messages to Latin America on the same subject were sent out as airgrams because of an alleged security problem as to cable communications, Mr. Berle was at a loss for an answer.

D. The next subject of discussion was the project to secure Dominican passports. Summed up, Mr. Berle's position was (1) This Government could not ask the Dominicans to issue passports to non-citizens as that would be dishonest; (2) this Government could not tell the Dominicans that "it had no objection" to the issuance of such passports as that phrase connotes approval in diplomatic jargon; (3) if the Dominicans asked whether they should issue such passports, our answer might be that that is a question solely for the Dominicans to decide. There was then some discussion of the application-for-passport and letter-of-response proposal made in Mr. Berle's memorandum of May 31, and its deficiencies were made clear. Mr. Berle

then produced a more detailed memorandum of what the letter-of-response was to contain, which seemed to make the proposal somewhat better than indicated in Mr. Berle's may 31 memo. It was indicated that we did not think the procedure suggested was a good substitute for passports, but that it was worth while trying. It was agreed that we would get up a form letter-of-response. It was indicated that we might see whether the Dominicans would ask State about its position with respect to the issuance of passports.

LSLesserials 6/3/44

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WRB
XXXXXXXXXXXX

June 5, 1944

Mr. Warren:

Our passports are good for two years. They must, since we entered the war, be validated by our Consular Officers every six months, or three validations in all. The Swiss were permitted to make these validations. The Swiss were not permitted to issue new U.S. passports as such, when ours expired. They have simply issued Swiss certificates of identity. These are what our own citizens now carry, according to P.D.

MMV

File

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
WAR REFUGEE BOARD

INTER-OFFICE COMMUNICATION

DATE

TO Mr. McCormack

June 1, 1944

FROM L. S. Lesser

I would appreciate it very much if you would find out for me as soon as possible what the practice of the Department of State is with respect to the expiration of American passports held by persons within enemy-occupied areas. In other words, is the period of validity of such passports extended through the protecting power or is any other action taken? For your information, the answer to this question is relevant in determining whether we should ask the Latin American countries whose passports are held by persons in enemy-occupied areas to authorize their protecting powers to extend the validity of such passports after the expressed date of expiration has been passed.

LSL

AUG 10 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

The War Refugee Board has been advised that the Department of State, since July 1, 1941, has authorized the issuance of visas to the persons listed on the attached schedule, but that war conditions have prevented these persons from making use of the visas.

I would appreciate it very much if you would have the Visa Division go over the attached list and confirm whether the visas have actually been authorized in each instance. Since time is of the essence, we would appreciate your very early reply.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J. W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle,
Executive Director.

Mr. A. A. Berle, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of State,
State Department,
Washington, D. C.

Original signed by
Mr. Friedman

Copies to: Surgy
Stadel

Margoy:tmh 8-9-44

SCHEDULE OF PERSONS FOR WHOM ISSUANCE OF VISAS HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.	State Dept. File No.
Frederic or Friedrich Werber	Hotel du commerce, Buxieres-les-Mines/Allier Vichy-France.	Mrs. Adele Kline, Washington, D.C.	Feb., 1941	
Rosa Gluck Szmlyo, Margaret Fleischer Szmlyo, Albert B. Gluck	Budapest, Hungary	Miss Aranka Szmlyo, New York City.	After July 1, 1941.	811.111
Mrs. Bertha Schlem	Budapest, Hungary	Miss Charlotte Schlem, Newark, New Jersey.	Nov., 1941	
Mrs. Fanny Grunstein or Greenstein and 5 children.	Czechoslovakia (now Hungary)	Mr. Martin Greenstein, Chicago, Illinios.	Dec.11, 1941	V.D. 811.111 Grunstein, Fanny
Children of Max and Sarah Kohn.	Hungary	Mr. & Mrs. Max Kohn, New York City.	Nov. 1, 1941	V.D. 811.111
Moritz Ehrlich	Camp des Gurs, France	Mrs. Valery Weiminger, Norma, New Jersey.	Oct. 13, 1942	
Guillaume Grundler	25 Rue Masseena, Nice, France	Marcel Klarmann, New York City.	Nov., 1942	V.D. 811.111 Grundler, Guillaume
Sandor Friedmann and Child.	Nethlen u 12, Matesalka, Hungary.	Mrs. Esther F. Friedmann, New York City.	Nov.10,1941	V.D. 811.111 Friedmann, Sandor

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Affidavit or Assurance of Visa.
Erich Koenigsberger	c/o American Express, Marseille, France.	Mrs. Mannsen-Koenigsberger, Dr. Joseph Sizoo of Collegiate Church of St.Nicholas, N.Y.C.	Aug.5, 1942.
Edith Ley	Ferme Robert, Foet-Laval, Dep.Drome, France.	Mr. Karl Ley, 492 Lincoln Ave., Ridgefield, N.J. Mr. Robert E. Liebmann, 10 East 68th Street, N. Y. C.	July 9, 1942.
Mrs. Clothilde Magnus Levy	5 Avenue de Peilly #2, Nice, France	Dr. Adolf Magnus Levy, School of Medicine Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn. Mr. Daniel Schimm, 113 Monroe Street, Newark, New Jersey.	June 29, 1942
Bozn Myslivec Anna M. Myslivec	St. Jean de Valerischo, Cites des Reines, Fr.	Mr. Alois Zatecky, 512 E. 79th. Street, New York City Mrs. Marie Isaacs, 302 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N.Y.	Oct. 1, 1942.
Boris Proskouriakoff	5 Place du Marechal, Grenoble, Isere, France.	Mr. & Mrs. Alexy Brodovitch, 58 West 57th St., New York City. Mr. Folger W. Trest, P.O.Box 75 Cornwall, Connecticut.	April 4, 1942 .
Emma Raphael	Cotagn Fleuri, Chambon sur Lignon, Dept. Haute Loire, France.	Mr. Max Raphael, 228 E. 75th St. N.Y.C. Dr. Henry Hillel, Syracuse, N.Y. Mr. Hussemann, Flint, Michigan.	Sept. 10, 1942
Louis Vincent	34 Rue Abbee de l'Epee, Marseille, France	Mrs. Irene Vincent, 601 West 159th Street, Apt. 53, N.Y.C.	1942
Gertrud Wassermann	Hotel DuloVant, Marseille France	Prof. William Dennes, Univ. of Calif., Berkeley, California Prof. Kurt Von Fritz, Columbia Univ., N.Y.C.	Nov. 10, 1941
Jacques Henry Zinty	28 Rue Guiglia Nice, France.	Mrs. Charlotte Denny, 274 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass.	June 9, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Hans Hirschberg	Chateau de Chaumont, Mainsat (Creuse) France.	Dr. Gerald G.Hirschberg, Riverside Hospital, Newport News, Virginia Mr. Julius Goodman, Troy, New York	Dec. 9,1941.
Hans Heiplik	65 Place Forail, Tarbes, Hautes, Pyrenees,France.	Dr. Michael Miller, Lexington, Ky. Miss Margaret L.Price, Moylan, Rose Valley, Pa.	Nov. 6, 1942.
Max & Henry-Dora Neumann	Castera Verduzan Gers, Hotel des Thermes, Fr.	Dr. William A. Neilson, Brinton Hill, Falls Village, Conn.	June 17, 1942
Hertha Pariser	Camp de Gurs, France	Erich Neumann, 22 West 38th St., New York City	Aug. 20,1942
Fritz Gottschalk Herta Elsbeth Gottschalk	Camp des Milles, S. Fr. Hotel Centre de Bompard, Marseille,Fr.	Arthur Gottschalk, 64 Buthven St., Roxbury, Mass. Dr. Bruno Rosenhain, 69-67 108th St., Forest Hills, L.I. Dr. Erich Rosenheim, 33-51 64th St., Jackson Heights, L.I. Dr. Gertrude Rosenhain, 34-24 82nd., St., Jackson Heights, L.I. Mr.& Mrs. Herbert Wulff, 200 West 16th St., New York City.	Before July 21, 1942.
Carl Eckhaus	Camp des Milles, France.	Simche Kupfermann, 147 W.28th.St.,N.Y.C.	Before July 27, 1942.
Karl & Minna Bruchsaler	Hospital St. Juan de Dieu, Marseilles, France	Fred Brocksales, 4832 Grassmere Lanes, Dallas, Texas.	Before Sept. 2, 1942.
Rebecca & Alexander Alexandrowicz	Hotel Moderne, Agen,France.	Irving Rossbach, 219 E. 196 St.,N.Y.C.	Oct. 22,1942
Dr. Severin Balbus	18 Rue Chateauredon, Marseille, France	Mrs. Sofie Balbus, 4305 Byrd St., Flushing, L. I. Mr. Albert Siegel, 209 Sunset Road, Greenhaven, Rye, N.Y.	Sept.22,1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Bertha Baum	Camp de Gurs, France	Johanna Strauss, New York City Walter Baum, New York City	Sept.26,1942
Fritz & Gertrude Baumehl	10 Cours Jos.Thierry Marseilles, France.	Major Arnold Aukin of New York City Dr. Alfred Wilhelmi, New York City	June 1942
Paul & Adele Benefy	Beaulieu, Correse, France.	Mrs. Pauline O. Stern, New York City Mr. Wilfred Openhym, New York City	Oct., 1942
Frie[illegible] & Carola Berg	Camp Les Milles, France.	Otto Schwarz, New York City. A. A. Schayo, New York City	July 30,1942
Anna Besag	Camp de Gurs, France	Julius Flegenheimer, New York City. Lee Behrens, New York City	Sept. 22,1942
Herman Bikeles	Camp de Savigny par Valleiry Hts., Savoie, France	Edith Bikeles, New York City Philip Bikeles, New York City	Oct., 1942
Mossek, Florentine, Marguerite and Marcel Binestok	133 Cours Jean Jaurs Grenoble, France	Hordcha Langsam, New York City Livell Moss, New York City	Sept.,1942
Siegfried and Alice Birk	11 Rue Puits Gaillot, Lyon France.	Rita Menasse, New York City Louis Golofsky, New York City	June 19,1942
Flora Bloch, Paul Heumann, Berthe Heumann.	Rue Lecuele 7 Impasse Clermont - Ferrand, France.	Mathilde Bloch, New York City Mr. Finsman, New York City Simon Kramer, New York City	Oct., 1942.
Alfred Bodenheimer Alice Grumbach		William Wolf, Chicago, Illinois	Oct., 1942.
Moses and Mathilde Boettigheimer	Camp de Rivesaltes, France.	Hugo Weingartner, New York City Jacob Weingartner, New York City.	November, 1942
Leo, Liesl, Hanns, & Marietta Bonn.	St. Romain par Son Thiviers, France	Emil Klein, New York City Stella Klein, New York City	Oct. 10,1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa/
Bruno and Gertrude Breitbart	c/o Hall & Holtz, 190 Rubling Well, Shanghai, China	Charles Ullman, New York City Louis Germain, New York City	Nov.11, 1941
Sophie and Nora Brenner	599 Tongshan Road, House 74, Shanghai, China	Sigmund Brenner, New York City Nathan Miller, New York City	Nov. 13, 1941
Rachelle, Louis Isaac, Marie Louise Chich	22 Rue Amiralde Grasse, Nice, France	Miss Susanne Chich, New York City. Mrs. Alex Theringer, New York City.	June 30, 1942
Herman and Amalie Diamond, and Heinzi Levi Diamond	Chusan Road 55, Shanghai, China.	Mr. Jakob Diamond, Holland Farm, Oakdale, L.I. Mr. David Diamond, Lingcroft, N.J.	Nov.18, 1941
Herman and Charlotte Deiny	Camp de Gurs, France	Theodore Deiny, New York City Gertrude Deiny, New York City	Oct. 9, 1942
Baruch, Esther, Anna and Isaac Ein.	37 Rue Paul Bert St. Etienne, France.	Joe Feierstein, New York City Nanny Ring, New York City Max N. Ein, New York City	Sept. 4, 1942
Fritz Kunel Grete Marx	Camp de Gur, France " " " "	Adolf Berg, Doylestown, Pa. Chas. W. Berg., 6505 N. 12 St., Doylestown, Pa. Louis Manko, Melrose,Pk., Pa.	Oct. 1942
Sophie Epstein	Camp de Gurs, France	Leo Veit, New York City, Fannie Frank, New York City	July 1942
Julius, Irma, Albert, Erlebacher.	Villa Marianne a St. Raphael, France.	Gunther Erlebacher, Chicago, Ill.	Sept., 1942.
Clara Falk	Camp de Gurs, France	Elsa Lowenstein, New York City Karla Lowenstein, New York City	Sept., 1942.
Hedwig Falkenstein	Camp de Gurs, Ilot N. Bar.4, France	Justin Krauss, Chicago, Illinois Benj. Ross, 1030 Jancey St, Pittsburgh, Pa.	Nov. 2, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa
Betty Fernheimer	Camp de Gurs, France	Maurice Stern, New York City Benjamin Friedman, New York City	Dec. 4, 1941
Rudolfine Fetterer	Ilot M, Baraque 5, Camp de Gurs, France	Miss Friedl Weil, Jackson Heights, L.I. Mr. Joseph M. Maier, New York City	July 9, 1942
Jacob and Lina Frank	Camp des Milles-Ilot L-Baraque 5, Group A6, France	Cora S. Bondi, Galesburg, Illinois. Mrs. Hatti H. Sterin, Yonkers, N.Y.	Nov. 12, 1941
Helene Friedmann,	De Gur, France	Kurt Friedman, U.S.Army, Egypt Lionel Friedman, Philadelphia, Pa.	Dec., 1941 Nov., 1942
Kurt Friedheim	Gelos Pau, France	Henry Friedheim, New York City Alfred Friedheim, New York City	Oct., 1942
Frieda Fuerst	Camp de Gurs, Ilot M. Baraque 13 Basses Pyrenees, France.	Lore Fuerst, Brooklyn, New York Dr. Eric A. Reuss, Brooklyn, New York.	Oct. 21, 1941
Isidore and Dorothea D. Goldberg		Samuel Posen, New York City Isidore Gomberg, New York City Samuel R. Denchi	Oct.20, 1942
Erna Goldblum	19 Rue Pisancon, Marseille, France	Paul Goldblum, New York City Ben Blumin, New York City	Sept.4,1942
Rosel and Willi Goldschmidt	Camp de Gur, France	Fritz Goldschmidt, New York City Martin Linder, New York City	Oct. 1942
Adolf and Fanny Greif	Drome, France	Mrs. Lucie Lamenfeld, Phila., Pa.	Nov. 20, 1942
Ernst Griesbach	Marseille, France	Dr. Albert Griesbach, Flushing, L.I.	Dec., 10,1941
Chana Gross	Porte du Gers, Astaffort, Lot et Garonne, France	Lee Gross, West Somerville, Mass. Frederick Bernhard, New York City Benhamin Beidner, New York City	Oct.23, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Auth ization or in suance of vis
aul M., Angeline, hekla, Rudolphe and ari Gutmann.	Hotel Cheval Blanc, Megeve, France	Hugo Kaster, New York City Claire S. Weiner, New York City	Nov.,1941
ger Gutheim	Commune de C.Chervix, (Haute Vienne) France.	Walter Lusskeimer, New York City Lilo Luss, New York City	Oct., 1942
rancois and Rose alff.	Hotel Suisse, Cannes, France	Jules Kauffman, New York City Nestor Kauffman, New York City	Oct.14,1942
lvio, Martha Jennie, aude, Nicole Mosis	17 Blvd. Alexandre II Cannes, France.		
aja Halpern, Mrs.	Hotel Tonty, Leon, France	Samuel Halpern, Brooklyn, New York Isaac Halpern, Brooklyn, New York	Oct., 1941
ra Hanau	Camp de Noe Pres Toulouse Haute Garonne, France	Martha Hanau, Brooklyn, New York Bert Keller, Cleveland, Ohio	Sept.8,1942
rtha Heidelberger	Camp de Gurs, France	Mrs. Eugenie Way, Newark, N.Jersey Dr. Otto B. May, Newark, N.Jersey	July 15,1942
ter Pierre Heimrath	8 rue Bernard, Marseille, France	Victor and Friederike Heimrath, Woodbine, New Jersey, Sol and Hettie Sofer, New York City	Aug. 8,1942
anna Heinrich	Camp de Gurs, France	Jacob Ginsberger, New York City Kurt Heinrich, New York City	June 1942.
a Herrmann	Centre de Noe, Hts., Garonne Pavillion 84,Fr.	Juliette Heilbronner, New York City Ferdinand Hermann, New York City	Oct., 1942
hie Heymann	23 Rue Diam Lextour, Gers, France	Dr. Joseph A. Pincus, Brooklyn, N.Y. Mr. Julen Heyman, Asheville, N.C.	July 21,1942
lly Hiesiger	Camp des Milles, France.	Alex Sitkin, New York City Bernhard Hiesiger, New York City George Klein, New York City	Oct.6,1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Auth ization or in ouance of vis
Albert Wirsch	Baraque 85, Camp de Nos Hauts Garonne, France	Simon Adelheid, New York City Curt Meyer, New York City	Oct.12,1942
Josepy and Vadim Ischlondsky	Villa Les Mandarinettes Tourris sur Mer, France	Dr. Adam E. Ischlondsky, New York City Dorothy Thorp de Piolene, New York C.	Nov. 28,1942
Helga Itzkowitz	Camp de Gurs, France	Henry Itzkowitz, N.Y.C. Sylvia Itzkowitz N.Y.C.	Nov. 1942
Johanna Jakobsohn	#13954, Ilot B, Baraque 3, Camp de Rivesaltes, France	Jack and Denise Jacobson, N.Y.C. Isidore Waterman, Plymouth, Mass.	Oct. 13, 1942
Dr. Alfred Kahn and Etta Kahn		Dr. Erwin Kahn, N.Y.C. Abraham Kahn, N.Y.C. Gertrude Schachter, N.Y.C.	Nov.,1942
Alfred, Gerhardt, Flora, and Eva Kahn	Camp Les Milles and Camp de Rivesaltes, France	Hans Robert Kahn, N.Y.C. Jacob Weingartner	Nov.26, 1941
Max and Rosa Kahn	Camp Les Milles, Camp de Gurs, France	Flora Kahn, Bianca Kahn, Senta Kahn, New York City Emanuel Kahn, Chicago.	Nov.28,1941
Leja, Michel, Helene, Kaiser	Le Teil, France	Henry or Herzel Kaiser, Brooklyn Abraham Dunsiger, Brooklyn	June 18,1942
Amalie Kalberman & Berta and Else Kalberman.	Camp Gurs, Basses Pyrenees	Ludwig and Dina Kalberman, New Rochelle	Oct. 1, 1942
Golda Kapelovici	35 Rue Loupy-Pau, France	Wolf B. Gitelman, NYC Morris Gitelman, N.Y.C.	Feb. ,1942
Emanuel, Bertha, Rose Katz	Camp de Nos, Ht. Garonne, France.	Bennie K. Freudenberg, N.Y.C. Babett F. Grabenheimer, N.Y.C.	Jan., 1942
Siegfried & Selma Kaufman	Ilot K, Barrack 22, Camp de Gurs, Basse Pyrenees, France.	Walter Schterzheimer, Chicago, Ill.	Oct., 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization of issuance of visa
Marie Kitain, and Alexander Kitain	Place de Gare, Cannes, Fr.	Anatole Kitain, N. Y. C. Yvonne Vernecsch, N. Y. C.	Sept., 1942
Klippstein, Walter	Hotel Windsor rue Delpozzo, Nice, France	Mrs. Nina Neumann, Jersey City, N.J. Joseph L. Weintraub	Nov. 21,1941
Martha and Elizabeht	Hotel Terminus Forte, 59 Blvd. des Dames, Marseille France	Henry Kohern, N. Y. C. Paul Boehm, Greenwich, Conn.	Nov. 19,1941
Theodore and Augusta Koehler	Camp les Milles & Camp de Gurs France	Otto Koehler, 10848 Avenue, Chicago, Illinois	July 1942
Bertha Kohlmann	Camp de Gurs, France	Betty Kohlman, Chicago, Illinois	Aug., 1942
Max and Erna Kohn	Centre de'Hebergement, Ilot B, Baraque 30, Rivesaltes, P.O. France	Richard Kohn, Sunnyside, L.I. Eugene J. Morris, New Rochelle Jacob Kohn, Brooklyn	Sept. 21,1942
Helene and Jan Peter Jubicek and Cecilia, Kobler	Trensin, Hlinkova Mamestic 27 Slovakia	Andrew Kubicek, N. Y. C. Bella Schnee, N. Y. C.	Sept.11,1941
Johanna Landauer	36 Rue Fauchier, Hotel Levant Marseille	Elsie Hess, New York, Max Hess, New York, Dr. Landauer, New York	Oct., 1942
Jean, Gerda, Fern, Lausiere	3 Rue Peyssonnes aux en Province, France	Alfred Horowitz, New York City Dr. David L. Wilkoff, Pittsburgh, Pa.	Sept. 1942
Gaston and Marguerite Lehman	20 Rue Latapie, Pau Basses, Pyrenees, France	David G. Dornheim, N. Y., Max Wilner, New York	Aug., 1942
Julius, Ida, Max, and Lotte Lehman	22 Louis Blanc Blvd, Limoges, France.	Lina Kate, Emil Kate, Stanley Leiter, and Nina Leiter, N.Y.C.	Sept.18,1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of authorization or issuance of visa
Primet Leibel	c/o Camille Mayer, Lomagne 4 Square de la Poste, France.	Theodore Grunstein, Long Beach, NY Emanuel Grunstein, New York City	Oct. 20,1941
Jules & Deborah Levite	Hotel Hermitage, St. Raphael, France	John J. Abrahsen, Yonkers, N.Y. Mrs. Pauline Friedman, NYC	July 9, 1942
Irma & Ernst Levy	73 Rue de Paris, Perrigeux, France.	Daniel[illegible], Saub, Brooklyn New York Alexander Chedroff, same address.	Nov. 28,1941
Isac, Helene, Adele Jacques Lewin	Creissels, Aveyron, France.	Rose Cohen, New York Harry Cohen Helen Rabinowitz	Oct., 1942
Maurice Alfred Lindon	Hotel de Palmiers St. Maxime (Var) France	Jacques C. Linden, New York. Lucien Linden	Aug., 1942
Raymond, Therese, Jerome, Denis, Laurent and Helene Linden.	1 Rue Joseph Ravaison, Aix en Provence, France	Lucien Linden Edmund Weil	Aug., 1942
Blanka Lion	Camp de Gurs, Ilot I, Baraque 12 France.	Ludwig Lion, Westport, Conn.	Sept 1942
Emil Erwin Lion	Le Viallard de Josmat Par Paruhaguet, Hte. Loire, France.	Max Lyon, New York David Hoexter	August,1942
Emma Loeb	Hotel de France, Arudy, Basses	Alice Dreifuss, New York, Alfred Golding Herbert Steyel	Nov., 1941
Otto Loeb	Camp de Gurs, France	Loeb Moritz, New York, Hochberger, Fred	Oct., 1942
Rosa Lonnerstadter	Camp de Gurs, France	Mrs. Claire Stern, New York, Mr. Lothar Grohs, New York	Dec., 1941

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or Issuance of visa.
Julius and Emilie Mayer	Pavillon 71, Camp de Noe, Hte Garonne, France, Hotel Terminus des Ports, 89 Boulevard des Dames Marseille, France	Larry Maier, Bronx, New York Max Dreyfus, Brewster, New York	Nov. 27, 1941
Mrs. Hedwig Mayer	France	Marianne Mann, Philadelphia, Pa. Bloch Siegfried, San Francisco, Calif.	Nov. 11, 1942
Mrs. Hermine Mayer	Loire France	Max S. Mayer, Philadelphia, Pa.	July, 1942
Olga and Julius Mayer and children	Camp Rivesaltes Ilot B, Baraque 27, Centre de Herbergement, Fr.	Mrs. Martha Weinberger, New York City Mr. Rudolph Helft, Louisville, Ky.	Oct. 7, 1942
Selma & Josef Mayer	Camp de Gurs, France	Gertrude Mayer, New York Elfriede and Karl Manubach, New York	Nov. 5, 1942
Siegfried Mayer	Ilots Baraque 26, Camp de Gurs Basses Pyrenees, Fr.	Elsie Mayer, New York	Oct. 19, 1942
Susanna Sara Mayer	Ilot I, Baraque 8, Camp de Gurs, Basses Pyrennees, France	Miss Hilda Mayer, N.Y.C. Mrs. Thilla Sussel, Brooklyn, N.Y. Mr. Julius Simon, N.Y.C.	June 23, 1942
Isidor & Karoline Maier	Camp de Gurs, France	Blanche Meier, N. Y. Sara B. Kahn, New York	Oct., 1942
Herbert & Ruth Munrath	Chez Mme Therese, Taillanton, Benejacq par Nay, France	Walter R. Cahn, N. Y.	Oct., 1942.
Lothar Mens	Camp de Gurs, Baraque 18, Ilot B, France	Mr. Emil Mens, Phila, Pa. Mr. Julius Simon of Cosme & Lindley Avenues, Philadelphia, Pa.	Nov. 5, 1942
Paula & Emie Mens	Camp de Gurs, France	Friederich Laufer, N. Y.	Nov., 1942
Meyerhoff, Dora and Philip	Pavilion 61 & 81 Camp de Recebedou, Haute Garonne, France.	Fritz Siegfried Loeb, N. Y.	Nov. 5, 1941

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or Issuance of Visa
Jacob and Lotte [illegible]	Camp Les Milles, France	[illegible] Philadelphia, Pa. Julius & Blanch Wichel, Philadelphia, Pa.	October, 1941
Rudi Werner Weinberg	Camp Les Milles, France	Lister & Milton Smith, Philadelphia, Pa. Julius & Blanch Wichel, Philadelphia, Pa.	October, 1941
Jeanne, Nathan, Jeanne Michlewits	Ville Neuve sur Lot et Garonne, France	Alice Rosalie de Ford, Philadelphia, Pa. Eugene Victor Driven, Philadelphia, Pa.	December 13, 1941
Abraham and Betty Model	Hotel Aumage, Marseille, France	Martin Model, New York	September 4, 1941
Marcus Moritz	c/o Martin Mayer 25 Teufener Plaza, St. Gallen, Switz.	Jacob and Julia Adler, New York Helen Moritz, New York	October 2, 1942
Marthe, Silvio, Claude and Nicole Mosis	Cannes, France	Jules Kauffman, New York	October, 1942
Leo, Bueller	701 G.T.E. Miramas, Dept. Bouche du Rhone, France	Herman Muller, NYC Louis F. Rothschild, NYC	August 26, 1942
Pauline Nathan Horst Nathan	Camp de Noe, France Camp de Noe, France	Salomon Schops, New York Guenther Nathan, New York	October, 1941
Max, Rosa, and Ludwig Neumann	Camp de Gurs, France	Jacob Elias, New York Isaac Schorsch, New York	October, 1942
Moses Ludwig Marx	Camp de Gurs, France	Jacob Elias, New York Isaac Schorsch, New York	October, 1942
Babette, Gertrude, and Manfred Oppenheimer	40 Rue Louis, France	Isadore Schloss, New York	July, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or Issuance of Visa
David and Sara Oppenheimer	Camp des Milles, France Camp de Gurs, France	Aaron Mandel, New York Rocha Hartmann, New York	July, 1942
Ida, Oppenheimer	Camp de Rivesaltes, France	Dr. Max Oppenheimer, New York Dr. Edgar Oppenheimer, New York	October, 1942
Beate Maier	Hotel Terminus des Portes Marseille, France	Dr. Max Oppenheimer, New York Dr. Edgar Oppenheimer, New York	October, 1942
Frederike Kahn	Camp de Gurs, France	Dr. Max Oppenheimer, New York Dr. Edgar Oppenheimer, New York	October, 1942
Herman Oppenheimer	Camp les Milles, France	Dr. Max Oppenheimer, New York Dr. Edgar Oppenheimer, New York	October, 1942
Valdimir, Frieda, and Lydia Pais	Hotel du Commerce Pau-Bas Pyrenees	Dr. Isaac Pais, Chester, Pay.	
Arthur Popper Elvira Popper			October, 1942
Leopold Pulver	Camp les Milles, Group 8 a, France	Otto Loeb, Bronx, N.Y. Hilda Loeb, Bronx, N.Y. Erwin Loeb, NYC and Ronal Loeb, NYC	July 16, 1942
Morits Purein		Mrs. Betty Frankel, Chicago, Ill. Mrs. Hanna Purein, Chicago, Ill.	September, 1942
Melanie Rauh	Camp de Gurs, France	Paula Steinen, New York	November, 1941
Lipe & Resie Reichenstein	Thones, Haute, Savoie, France	Margaret Reichenstein, New York Hilda Reichenstein, New York	September, 1942
Malka Reiser		Leo Reiser, Chicago, Ill.	October, 1942

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Mrs. Bertha Rosenberg	Camp de Noe, France	Max Rosenberg, Newark, N.J.	October, 1942
Erwin, Margarete and Evelyn Rock	"Dusalieu" Chemin de Beau Soleil, Montauban, Tarnet Garonne, France	Israel Himelhoch, Detroit, Mich. Jacob Ross, NYC	October 12, 1942
Adolph Rosenthal	Brassal, France	Herman Rosenthal, Jackson Hgts, N.Y. Herbert Scharff, Davenport, Iowa	October 14, 1942
Nina Rosenthal	Brassal, France	Herman Rosenthal, Jackson Hgts, N.Y. Herbert Scharff, Davenport, Iowa	October 14, 1942
Johanna Roth	Camp de Gurs, France	Julius S. Held, N.Y. Walther Schiftan, N.Y.	September, 1942
Lina Rotheimer	Hotel Dupuy Tence, Dept. Haute, Loire, France	Hugo Roth, NYC	August, 27, 1942
Minna Wallach	Hotel Dupuy Tence, Dept. Haute, Loire, France	Hugo Roth, NYC	August, 27, 1942
Ida Rothschild	Camp de Gurs, France	Lisbeth Loewy, New York	October, 1942
Isidore Loewe	Camp de Gurs, France	Lisbeth Loewy, New York	October, 1942
Bronya and Icko Safir	Martin Rue, France.	Rebecca Saffir, N. Y. Gitel Elfenbein, New York.	October, 1942
Pinsha and Raya Safir	25 Rue Benjamin Constant, Toulouse, France.	Rachel Safir, N. Y. Mrs Florence Feil, N. Y. Mr. David Leibman, N. Y.	October, 1942

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Edith Salik	Chateau du Courret, St. Maruice, France	Jacob Salik, N. Y.	Oct. 1941 July 1942
Hermann Schartenberg	Camp de Gurs, I lot R. Baraque 37, France	Jack Schartenberg, Brooklyn, N. Y. Jesse A. Epstein, Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 9, 1942
Marianna Schartenberg	Camp de Gurs, I lot I, Baraque 16, France	Jack Schartenberg, Brooklyn, N. Y. Jesse A. Epstein, Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 9, 1942
Gustav Schreiber	Camp de Gurs, France	George Shdanoff, New York Elsa Shdanoff, N. Y. Moses Ehrlich, New York	January 22, 1942
Savina Maria Scott	Nice, France	Edward Goldman, New York	July 1942
Bertha and Julie Schwarz	Hotel Bearn, Nay France	Mrs. Gily Schwarz, Woodside, L. I. Mr. Julius Schwarz, Woodside, L. I., N.Y.	Aug. 5, 1942
Paul Emile, Jenny Yvonne and Fanny Seidman	Hotel Imperator, Boulevard Gambetta Hotel Denemark, Rue de France, Nice	Leon Naiditch, New York Louis K. Lubit and Charles Lipshitz, New York.	September 12, 1942
Adolf Siegel	Camp Les Milles, France	Manfred Siegel, New York Max Siegel, New York Alma Siegel, New York	Aug. 1942
Emilie Siegel	Hotel Du Levante, Marseille	Manfred Siegel, New York Max Siegel, New York Alma Siegel, New York	Aug. 1942
Bertha and Regina Sinsheimer	Camp de Noe, France	Ludwig Sinsheimer, N. Y. Albert Blumenthal, New York.	July 27, 1942
Morduchas Siela	18 Avenue Aber, Nice, France	Sam Wolinsky, New York Samuel Luke, New York.	July 1942.

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Betty Snopek	Camp de Gurs, France	Fred Karlebach, New York Eugene Karlebach, New York	Oct. 1942
Szeydi Kaplowitz Sofer	Camp de Gurs, France	Sam Kaplowitz, N. Y. Louis Gross, New York David Sedrich, N. Y.	Aug. 1942
Rolf Sammer	Chatteau Cormlis, Lescaillois near St. Marcelle, France	Mrs. Henny Gross, Phila, Pa. Miss Hilda Bloch, Phila., Pa.	Aug. 1942
Hans and Bertha Spira	Meuble Valbrise, 4 rue Halevi, Nice, France	Paul Rafalowicz, N. Y. C. Margit Rafalowicz, N. Y. C. Marion H. Miller, N. Y.	November 13, 1941
Albert & Liselotte Springer	Camp de Gurs, France	Alex Springer, Union City, N. J. Mr. A. S. Neuburger, N. Y.	October 28, 1942
Samuel Steifel	Camp d'Idron par Pau, France	Ernst & Malka Hausman, Philadelphia, Pa. Mrs. Watts, Phila., Pa.	Nov. 1942
Hans Steinitz	Baraque 7, 182 G.T.E., Camp de Gurs, France	Kurt & Ruth Roth, New York.	June 10, 1942
Sofie Stern	I lot K. Baraque 18, Camp de Gurs, Fr.	Frieda Stern, NYC. Jacob Frank, Newport News, Va.	Nov. 26, 1941
Julchen Loewenstein	I lot K. Baraque 18, Camp de Gurs, Fr.	Frieda Stern, NYC. Jacob Frank, Newport News, Va.	Nov. 26, 1941

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Abraham & Eva Teitler	46 Rue Consolet, Marseille, France	William Sorof, N. Y. Arthur Berger, N. Y. Gerta Teitler, N. Y.	Aug. 1942
Paula Tuteur	France.	Rudolf Tuteur, Chicago, Ill.	June 1942
Franz Vago	Lyon, France.	Nicholas Vago, N. Y. Julius Kahn, N. Y. Adolf Bardoes, New York.	Oct. 1942
Edith Valfer	Camp de Gurs, France	Mrs. M. Blumenthal, Ft. Elkins Pk. Pa. Mrs. Betty Wronker, Ft. Jackson Heights, New York	October, 1941
Herta and Theodore Vertes	France	Mrs. Ella Paschkes, Mantene, Ill.	November, 1942
Emilie Wachenheim	Lestelle Betharram, Basses Pyrenees, France	Paul S. Wachenheim, N. Y. Johanna Loeb, N. Y. Edgar Wachenheim, N. Y.	October, 1942
Sofie Weil	Camp de Gurs, France	Amelie Weil, New York	November, 1942
Mrs. Thekla Weil	France	Mrs. Alma Herbst, Chicago	August 1942
Fredericka Weinfeld	France	Mrs. Gertrude Bettelheim, Dorchester	June 1942
Dina Weissmann	Camp Recebedou (Pres. de Toulouse) France	George Swanson, N. Y. Paula Swanson	November, 1942
Theodor Guido, Anna Gustav, Anna, and Jean Pierre Weiss	5 Boulevard Georges Perrin Limoges, Dept. Haute Vienne, France	Peter Paul Weiss, N. Y. Italo A. Fugazy, N. Y.	December, 1941

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Henry and Marion Wenk	Camp de Gurs, France	Henry Wenk, NY Rudolf Hochstaedter	August, 1942
Max Meyer Wertheim	313 Cie T.E. 4e Section Saint Sauveur par Bellac (Hte Vienne)	Abraham Wertheim, N. Y. Irene B. Isaacs, Brooklyn, NY Richard H. Bock, Jersey City	
Emma, Max, Margot, and Irwin Wimpfheimer	Camp de Rivesaltes, France	Leopold Wimpfheimer, New York Julius Wimpfheimer Chas. Wimpfheimer	August, 1942
Jenny Windecker	Camp de Noe, France	Ernst Windecker, N.Y. Herman Gruenewald	June 12, 1942
Anna and Wladimir Woronow	Villa Marti, Nano, Hte Garonne, France	Eugenie Zaguskin, N. Y. Elia. Woronow, N. Y.	May, 1942
Bojas Wulfstat	c/o Henri Levin 44 Blvd Frederic Mistral, Perpignan France	Carl Bialle, N. Y.	October, 1942
Bella and Emile Zaretsky	France	Dr. Solomon Smolin, N. Y.	July, 1942
Walter, Caroline, and Danielle Marion Zerner	Place La Canale, Treignac, Correze France	Wilma Kleuber, N.Y. Irene and Marianne Zerner, NY	August, 1942
Andre, Yvette and Rene Ach	8 Rue des Arguerelles Montpelier, France	Dr. Louis Rapkine, N.Y.C.	November 3, 1942
Berl and Lea Aschkenasi	Le Bourbolej, France Hotel Beau Site	Clara Adler, Theresa, N.Y. Mark Wallach, Cleveland, Ohio	Aug. 1942

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Gabrielle and Jacqueline Aschenasi	Antibes, France	Baron Pierre deGunzburg, N.Y.C. Aline Strauss, N.Y.C.	June 22, 1942
Markus August	23 Rue du Chatelet Montluson, France	D. Leon Damon, Yonkers, N.Y. Davis S. Hammerman, Laurelton, L.I.	October 2, 1942
Adolph, J., and C. Avarane	Chateauvoux, France	David Liebowitz, N.Y.C.	November 1942
Denise Maragno	Chateauvoux, France	David Liebowitz, N.Y.C.	November 1942
Claire Bach	Hautes Pyrenees, France	Berthold Rotschild, Richmond Hill, N.Y. Leon Bach, N.Y.C.	November 26, 1941
Siglemond, Bella, and Madeline Baer	LaBourboule, France	Harold Baer, St. Louis, Mo. Walter D. Baer, Pittsburgh, Pa.	August 22, 1942
Rachel, Sarah, Anna and Chayim Bande	Marseille, France	Meyer Bande, Pittsburgh, Pa.	May 18, 1942
Marcus and Ettie Barber	Marseille, France	Alfred Barber, N.Y.C. Martha Barber	October 3, 1941
Paul, Gina, and Sylvia Benichon	Lyon, France	Samuel Sabin, N.Y.C. Louis Sorkin, NYC Abraham Faliek, NYC	March 12, 1942
Israel and Chana Benia	37 Rue d'Aubagne, Marseille, France	Samuel Kaufman, St. Paul, Minn.	September 22, 1942
David, Perla and Henri Berezowics	6 Rue Taisson Ales, France	Leopold Dubelsky, N.Y.C. Lena Bachwach, Portland, Oregon	March 10, 1942
Edgar and Jolan Bettelheim	Camp les Milles 58 Boulevais des Danes France	Richard Betts, N.Y.C.	June 22, 1942

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Marcel and Huguette Bliine	25 Blvd. Eugene Deriselle Lyon, France	Maurice Bliine, N.Y.C.	November 11, 1942
Charles F. Bloch	% Weiss, 47 Rue de Suez Marseille, France	Mrs. Arthur Weinberg, N.Y.C.	April 4, 1942
Jacob and Helene Bloch	Chateau Magellier Par Le Grand, Borgoreuse, France	Mrs. Helen Posner, N.Y.C.	October 24,1942
Lucien and Alice Bloch	Bellervie, Sur Allier, France	Henry Bloch, Galveston, Texas	October 1, 1942
Neta and Nathan Berney	Hotel Terminus 59 Blvd. des Dames Marseille, France	Miss Frieda Traub, Brooklyn, N.Y. Siegfried Ullman, N.Y.C.	September 15, 1942
Abraham, Betty, Herman Heins and Edith Stella Berger	1 Rue de la Grave St.Affrique Avernion, France	Emanuel Berger, New York City	June 13, 1942
Marcus and Lotte Breuer	47 Rue Paul Bert, Lyons, France	Mr. J. Breuer, N.Y.C. Bernhard Sand.	August 14, 1942
Karl and Minna Bruchsaler	Marseille, France	Fred Bruchsaler, Chicago, Ill.	September 2, 1942
Ovadia Camby	4 rue Defareilli Toulouse, France	Mrs. Isaac Capanto, N.Y.C. Dr. Hissim Ovadia, Brooklyn, N.Y. Ralph Philessoph, Brooklyn, N.Y.	June 1, 1942
Albert J. Gazes	48 Avenue de La Victoire Nice, France	Robert Wassing, N.Y.C.	July 27, 1942
Gaston, Rence, and Paul Gwitz	48 Avenue de La Victoire Nice, France	Robert Wassing, N.Y.C.	July 27, 1942

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Leon, Marcella and Jean Josms	48 Avenue de La Victoire Nice, France	Robert Hassing, N.Y.C.	July 27, 1942
Lucien, Regina, and Rene Cerf	Lyons, France	Irving Siegel, NYC Gaston Salomon, N.Y.C.	May 2, 1942
Anna Chazanoff	Mowy, near Aix, France	Edward A. Norman, NYC Wm. E. Jacobs, NYC	October 20, 1942
Herman, Sophie, and Hans Cohen	Herment Puy de Dome, France	Ruth Cohen, Harrison, N.Y.	April 28, 1944
Jules and Hilda Cohen	12 Rue Costo Beauregard Chambery Savoie, France	Hertha Cohen, NYC Abraham L. Kirstein, Bangor, Maine	November 27, 1941
Helene Copel	6 Avenue Gloria, Nice, France	Michael Copel, Brooklyn, N. Y. Morris Finkelstein, Brooklyn, N.Y.	April 27, 1942
Lazar Davidson	Hotel Cyrano, Nice, France	Annie Sandel, Cleveland, Ohio David Jacobson, Tulsa, Okla.	October 6, 1942
Wilhelm, Clara, Bertha and Leo Dreyfuss	Camp de Rivesaltes, France	Dr. W. Reutlinger, NYC J. Marshall, N.Y.C.	July 31, 1942
Friedrich Dukes	53 Camp les Milles, France	Alfred Dukes, Hartford, Conn. Leo Fraenkel, Chicago, Ill.	August 28, 1942
Wilhelm Einhorn	302 C.T.E. Sept.Fonds, France	Fred Faust, Camp Croft, S. Car.	September 12, 1942
Moise and Frieda Goldstein	3 Passage Moutin, Nice, France	Jacques Shapiro, NYC	April 8, 1942
Leib, Marie and Tobias Gottesmann	Terasse du Chateau Marmande (Hot Garonne)	Leopold Armer, NYC Frank Gottesmann, Atlanta, Ga.	March 25, 1942

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arles Gruber	25 Rue Mazagran, Marseille, France	Leopold Gruber, N.Y.C. Mrs. Julius Dulova, Stamford, Conn.	November 7, 1941
gnes Leo Feger	Marseille, France	Norbert Feger, Jackson Heights, N.Y.	November 12, 1942
ne Herrmann	France	Juliette Heilbrunner, N.Y.C.	November 13, 1942
gene Rosa Haas	Pyrennes, France	Walter Strauss, N.Y.C.	May 14, 1942
. Richard, Cecile, and Rene Jahiel	2 rue du Concres Nice, France	Prof. Gustave Cohen, New Haven, Conn. Aaron Florin, N. Y.	March 3, 1942
s, Jawets	Camp de Gurs, France	Rudolph Jawet, NYC Benjamin Fisher, NYC	September 10, 1942
rta and grandchildren eidel	Hotel Louvre Boulevard Victor Hugo Nice, France	Mrs. Selma G. Sunstein, Philadelphia, Pa.	August 11, 1941
nest and Susanne opperman	Hotel Louvre Boulevard Victor Hugo Nice, France	Mrs. Selma G. Sunstein, Philadelphia, Pa.	August 11, 1941
opold Jeremias	Camp les Milles, France	Jacob Stein, St. Louis, Mo. Howard I. Yong, St. Louis, Mo.	September 29, [illegible]
rnart, Martha and eorge Joseph	39 rue Verdi Nice, France	Joseph Kahn, Chicago, Ill. Ernest Kahn, Chicago, Ill.	October 23, 1942
dree and Constantin offe	38 Blvd. Rabatau Marseille, France	Mrs. May Rosenwald	September 24, 1941

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Alexi, Martha, Maurice, Jacques and Roger Joseph	76 Rue Clemenceau	Benedict J. Frankenheim	July 23, 1942
Alois and Margarete Jungermann	Camp de Gurs, France	Adolph Sternberg, N.Y.C. Rabbi H. Goldstein, N.Y.C.	October 22, 1942
Fritz Sokal	Camp de Gurs, France	Adolph Sternberg, N.Y.C. Rabbi H. Goldstein, N.Y.C.	October 22, 1942
Chaim Falek, Hentsche, and Ludwig Kampf	Fonte Restante Luchon Hte. Garonne, France	Cesar Kampf, NYC Toni Halpern, NYC	November 18, 1942
Leon, Eva, Cinette and Michel Kapelusz	23 Rue Marchand Chalenroux, France	David Lubell, N.Y.C.	March 26, 1942
Bernard and Meta Kahn	Hotel Bompard Marseille, France	Dr. Trude Kahn, Springfield, Mass.	October 30, 1941
Jacob and Sophie Kapelowitz	Camp de Gurs Basses Pyrenees, France	Abraham Jaffe, Brooklyn, N.Y. Bernard Jaffe, Brooklyn, N.Y.	July 15, 1942
Eugene Kellenbrun	Camp Les Milles, France	Mrs. Sabina Jones, Pittsburgh, Pa.	November 27, 1941
Berchard, Miksi and Eva Klamer	14 Fonte Utca, Budapest, Hungary	Anna Klamer Book, N.Y.C.	November 26, 1942
Florentine, Sigmund, Josefph, Herbert and Taube Klueger	40 Rue Dain, Marseilles, France	Jacob Klueger, Detroit, Mich.	September 12, 1942
Jacob and Sprynce Korman	25 Rue Friedland, Marseille	Lipa Spira, Brooklyn, N.Y.	November 18, 1941

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Edward and Julie Kruger	18 rue de Hauteville Nice, France	Stephen Kruger, Sharon, Pa.	November [illegible], 1942
Aron & Czarna Kurz	Grenada, France	Benjamin Kurz, N.Y.C.	October 15, 1942
Siegmund, Margaret, Renee and Alfred Kaplan	Isle Hte. Vienne France	Eric Colton, Baldwin, L.I.	December 8, 1942
Chaskel, Karoline, Doriana and Eduardo Kurz	Nice, France	Benjamin Kurz, NYC Michael M. Reise, Orange, N.J.	May 2, 1942
Ruben, Fania, Paul and Pauline Itkin	13 Ave. Shakespeare Nice, France	Dr. Alex Lerner, Chicago Mrs. Nadine Melkincoff, N.Y.C.	October 29, 1942
Lothar and Ella Lerner	Brive, France	Dr. Fred Linden, NYC	May 24, 1942
Josephine, Siegfried, Herta and Paul Schindler	16 Rue d'Alembert, Agen Lot et Garonne, France	Otto Schindler, Bronx, N.Y.	November 13, 1942
Ida Schwager		Ferdinand Epstein, Rochester, N.Y.	November 10, 1942
Anna and Anneliese Seeligmann	59 Blvd. des Dames, Hotel Terminus, Marseille	Carl Neumann, Hardstown, Ky. Paul Mark, San Francisco, Calif.	November 13, 1942
Chaja Silberbusch	Camp de Rivesaltes Pyrennes Orientales, France	Gisela Silberbusch, Bronx, N.Y. Frieda Weibel, Atlanta, Ga.	August 20, 1942
Augusta Spira	Hotel Lambert Rue Thubaneau, Marseille	Leopold Spira, N.Y.C.	
Francois, Madelin, Bernhard and Charlot Sternfeld	24 Rue Banada, Pau, France	Mrs. Max Metzling, Bronx	May 7, 1942

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Selma and Walter Oberlander	Centre de Hanevgemut de Rivesaltes, France	Henry Oberlander, N.Y.C. Lee J. Schwartz	August 21, 1942
Irma Dehlbert	Camp de Gurs, France	Fritz Bohr, Astoria, L.I. Richard L. Blum	August 1, 1941
Margaret Dicherbaum	Marseille, France	Dora Grossinger, Bklyn., N.Y.	September 8, 1942
Rene Perkaete	Boulogne Sur Gusse Haute Garrone, France	Louis Broido, Pittsburgh, Pa.	May 12, 1942
Berthold Toni Pfeifer	Camp de Gurs, France	Robert Pfeifer, N.Y.C.	May 20, 1942
Ilse Ruth Preis	1 Lot B.B.17 Rivesaltes, France	Erna Daniel, N.Y.C. Edward Preis, N.Y.C.	May 26, 1942
Norbert and Jolan Sternschuss	20 rue Bardoux Clermont Ferrand, France	Benedikt Sternschuss, N.Y.C.	October 9, 1942
Sally and Mary Speier	Camp de Noe Pavillon 71, France	Mrs. Tilly Kahn, New Rochelle, N.Y.	August 13, 1942
Emma Stricker	11 Bis Bd Gambetta Nice, France	Fred Stricker, N.Y.C.	October 28, 1942
Arthur Stroh	Camp les Milles, France	Mina Stubel, N.Y.C. Camil Stroh, Miami Beach, Fla.	August 27, 1942
Benjamin, Sophie, Jules and Joseph Susmann	25 Ave. de la Liberte Aurillac, France	Dr. Martin Grunschlag, N.Y.C.	September 18, 1942
Moise Szaftel	AA.Francois 62 Rue St. Ferreal, Marseilles	Arthur Szaftel, Forest Hills, L.I.	May 15, 1942

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Chaim and Bronislaw Szwarc	11 Ave. Petit Nice Lourdes, France	Samuel Schwartz, Bronx	March 17, 1942
Theresa Steindecker	Hotel des Roches Blanches, Cassis, France	Chas. Steindecker, N.Y.C.	October 31, 1941
Laura Tillinger	Marseille, France	Henry Tillinger,	April 6, 1942
Jacob Teutsch and Gertrude Teutsch	Marseille, France	Edw. Teutsch, N.Y.C.	June 30, 1942
Max and Fanny Valper	Camp les Milles, France	Ludwig Maier, N.Y.C. Karl Valper, Chicago, Ill.	July 28, 1942
Jacob and Bertha Veis	Camp de Gurs, France	Julius Veis, N.Y.C. Flora Veis, N.Y.C.	October 1, 1941
Dr. Rose Walk	Mirmonde, Drome, France	Dr. E. Kronold, N.Y.C. Dr. Savonne Haigh, N.Y.C.	October 29, 1942
Israel and Sophie Weil	Camp les Milles, France Hotel Levant, Marseille	Louis Wile, Milwaukee, Wisc. Leo Wile, LaCrosse, Wisc.	August 5, 1942
Gesa and Elisabeth Adler	Cikka Munkacs Szent Intram X Budapest		December 8, 1941
John, Eva Adler and Susan Neumann	Szeged, Hungary		December 8, 1941
Robert Ludwig Adler	Camp de Gurs, Basses Pyrenees, Baraque		December 2, 1941
Simon Alexander	France		

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Theodore and Florentine Baer	Camp Recebedou, Southern France		August 10, 1942
Ludwig, Clara, Hennelore Baum	Villa Abri Leciotat Marseille		November 8, 1941
Helenie Antonie Stern	Villa Abri Leciotat Marseille		November 8, 1941
Lina, Levy, Moise Baum	2 Rue Vochave Limoges, France		December 1, 1941
Mrs. Martin, Bejor	Dohany ucca 12, Budapest		October 8, 1941
Anne Berman	4 Place de la Major, Arles, France		June 30, 1942
Jacob Bibo	Camp Les Milles Unoccupied France		December 8, 1941
Ludwig Blum	Villa "Les Citises" La Bourboule Puys des Dome Unoccupied France		October 21, 1942
Dr. Leo Braun	308 G.T.E. Chateau de Tombelcue Lot-et-Garonne, France		July 25, 1942
Cecylia Buchholz	Camp de Gurs Basses, Pyrenees		September 28, 1942
Josef Friedmann Sara Friedmann	Camp de Gurs Basses, Pyrenees		September 28, 1942
Elise Cann	Camp de Gurs, France		December 6, 1941
Marguerite De Gunsburg	Hotel du Palais, Pau B P, France		October 27, 1942

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Lore Dreyfus	Marseilles, France		July 27, 1942
Klara Dreyfuss	Gabeston, Basses Pyrenees, France		December 4, 1941
Margot Dreyfuss	Matricule 8151, Ilot B Barque 30 Centre d'Hebergement Camp de Rivesaltes Pyrenees Orientales, France		September 2, 1942
Willy and Frieda Driesen	Seyne-les Alpes (Basses Alpes) Hotel des Trois Bois (Unoccupied France)		November 17, 1941
Oscar Lore Dreyfus	Camp de Recebedon, H aute Garen, France		December 8, 1941
Berta Durlacher	Camp de Cure		October 30, 1941
Adolf Edenheimer	France		November 13, 1942
Bruno Finger	2 bis Rue Paul Berouledes, Niece a-m France		September 1, 1942
Julius and Selma Fleishaker	Camp de Milles, France		July 7, 1942
Salomon and Babette Frank	Rue Pees, Maison Laborde, Nay Basses Pyrenees, France		October 24, 1942
Eva Frankel	BerlinW 30, Massenstrasse 8B c/o Rehfeld		August 9, 1942
Israel Mayer Freuder	21 Rue Hotel de Ville Lyon, France		July 22, 1942

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Hans Werner Glaser	8 Rue Jean de Paniceaud, Limoges, France		September 22, 1942
Ally and Heins Gluck	Nice France, 1 Rue Barden		August 7, 1942
Else Gogg	Nice		October 6, 1942
Ernestine Goldschmidt	Camp Rescheden par Portel sour Garronne (Haute Garonne) ..France Pavillon 62		September 5, 1942
Frohman, Max-Ida	Camp de Noe, Pavillon 37 Haute Garonne, France		June 19, 1942
Gardel, Berthe	35 Av. Bertrand Barere, Tarbes, France		May 29, 1942
Grunebaum, Betty	Camp de Gurs, France		July 1, 1942
Rudolf, Clara and Reins Goldschmidt	Camp les Milles and Marseilles-Hotel Levent		October 13, 1942
Albert Gourgey	65 Rue Richelieu, Aix en Province		December 1, 1941
Leo Gruenberg	44 Rue Gringuan, Marseille		November 17, 1941
Hilda and Eleanore Gruenebaum	I lot B-Bar, 65 Hebergement de Rivesaltes Unesc, France		September 12, 1942
Else Guggenheim	Ilot N.Baraque 25, Camp de Gurs France		November 27, 1941
Alice Haas	Select Gambetta 43 Beul Gambetta-Grenoble, Isere, France		May 8, 1942
Berta Hahn	Camp Recebeden, Toulouse, France		May 15, 1942
Berta Hahn	Camp Recebedon, Toulouse, Station Portet Pavilion 67 France		December 10, 1942

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Bruno, Sally and Ruth Heilbrun	96 Rue Louis Blanc, Perigueux,		November 18, 1941
Frans and Gertrude Heinsheimer	Camp les Milles France Hotel Terminus, Marseille		October 13, 1942
Alphonse and Elise Hers	Hotel du Midi Montpellier, France		September 10, 1942
Gunther Hirsch	c/o Trude Ballack, Route de Nevers, Bellac Ilte Vienne France		October 15, 1941
Isidor Hirsch and Elise Kahn	Camp Les Milles France		August 19, 1942
Isidor Hirsch and Elise Cahn	Ilot G. Barraque 3, Section Allemande Camp de Gurs Ilot L. Barraque 19, Camp de Gurs Marseille, France		December 6, 1941
Jacob and Wilma Hirschhorn	Camp les Milles, France		June 5, 1942
Ludwig Hollander	Camp les Milles, France		October 3, 1942
Isaak and Malitta Hobel	France		July 13, 1942
Dr. Schaje Leib Hoffman	Poste Restante, Marseille, France		August 30, 1941
Ludwig and Selma Homburger	Rue Venturis, Perealquier Unoccupied France		October 20, 1942
Raymond Horvilleur	Poste Restante [illegible] Ilsido Alpes Maritimes, France		September 4, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa
Johanna Imber	Camp de Gurs, Unoccupied France		August 17, 1942
Dr. Harry Isay	Camp de Transitaires, Les Milles Bouches-duRhone, France		November 6, 1942
Isidor and Paula Israel	Ilot 1 Barraque 10 Camp de Gurs France		September 7, 1942
Gustave, Erna and Edmond Israel	Rue Henri 8th Montpellier, France		November 21, 1941
Jacob, Andree and Liliene Israel	Villa Bellevue Avenue Monaco, Marseille		May 15, 1942
Lutz Israel	Centre d'Evacuation 3 et 6 18 Quai de Portes, E.J.F. Moissac, France		April 7, 1942
Emma Jacob	Camp de Gur, France		December 10, 1941
Bernhard Joseph and family	Nice France		October 16, 1942
Julius and Dina Juer	Camp Les Milles 16 rue Chauvain Hotel de la Poste, Nice		October 26, 1942
Edna Kahn	Camp Rieucros Par Mende Lozere, France		July 14, 1942
Emilie Kahn	Marseille		October 12, 1942
Ernestine & Amelieee Kahn	Hotel Bompard, Marseille		November 5, 1941
Louis-Anne Marcell, Pierre Louis and Jean Louis Kahn	73 Daumier St., Marseille, France		September 4, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Susanna Kahn	Marseille		August 12, 1942
Oskar and Helene Kalb	Marseilles, France		December 1, 1941
Rosa Kauffman	Hotel Savoy, Cannes France		October 13, 1942
Hilde Kaufmann	St. Orse (Dordogne) France		July 7, 1942
Alfred & Tillie Kaufmann	St. Orse (Dordogne) France		July 7, 1942
Maier Kaufmann	Camp les Milles		October 15, 1942
Lina Kaufmann	Camp de Gurs		October 15, 1942
Adolf and Sofie Kehr	Camp Noe, France		June 24, 1942
Tobia Kelsen	Terasse du Chateau Marmande (Lot Garonne) France		July 2, 1942
Heinrich Klein	Camp des Milles		August 1, 1942
Melanie Klein	Camp de Gurs, France		August 1, 1942
Hilde Sophie Klein	Camp de Gurs, France		August 1, 1942
Ignaz Koenigsberg	Romanche-Thorins Saone-et-Loire, France		July 22, 1942
Samuel Heinrich, Regina Koenigsberg	Nice, France		November 4, 1942
Ignatz, Hermine Koerner	c/o Thomas Cook & Sons Lyon, France		June 9, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Arrival in or Departure from France
Moschel and Rosa Kohn	44 Blvd. Rabatau, Marseille		June 30, 1942
Moschul Kohn	44 Blvd. Rabatau, Marseille		June 30, 1942
Leib Kohn	Camp les Milles		August 29, 1942
Leo Leib Kohn	Camp les Milles		August 29, 1942
Stephen Koranyi	1 Rue Spitalieri, Nice		April 30, 1943
Charles & Helene Krenik	Unoccupied France		October 24, 1942
Moses Kurz	Marseille, France		June 26, 1942
Theodor Landau	Hotel Nishibei, Yokohama, Japan		November 17, 1941
Hugo, Ruth, Peter Lamb Eva Frankel (niece)	Berlin W 30, Maassenstrasse 28 c/o Bahfeld		August 9, 1941
Mrs. Jeanne and Gustave Leven	Hotel Splendide Annecy Unoccupied France		November 3, 1941 August 18, 1942
August-Agnes (Baehr) Levi	Pavillion 72-37 Camp de Mon pres Toulouse Haute Garonne, Unoccupied France		
Elizabeth nee Sussmol Levi	Camp Rosebedon, Haute Garonne Pavillon 64, France		July 18, 1942
Lina Levi	c/O Mme, 8 Blvd Francois Grosso Nice, France		October 19, 1941
Meier-Julius Levi	Hôt G.R. Allemagne, Camp de Gurs, France		October 28, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Arrival in the United States
Albert, Blanche & Jean Levy	3 Rue Fauchere Marseilles, France		November 14, 1942
Johanna Levy	Camp de Gurs		October 14, 1942
Johanna Levy	Camp de Gurs Ilot L, Baraque 1 Unoccupied France		July 10, 1942
Jonathan & Mathilde, Alfred Andre & Irma Frank Levy	Lyon, France		December 4, 1941
Leopold & Clemence Levy	No. 1 rue du Lycee Roanne (Loire) France		October 14, 1942
Marc, Martha Kate, Michael-Marc Levy & Jacqueline-Raguette Levy	c/o Charles Newman 6 Place de l'hotel de Ville St. Etienne, France		April 24, 1941
Mathilde B. Lewin			September 16, 1942
Meise-Lina Bann Levy	2 Rue Vouhave, Limoges, France		November 1, 1941
Paul & Georgette, Claude & Blech, Bertha Levy	19 Rue du Chapitre, Nimes, France		April 28, 1941
Philippe Lazare Levy	2 Rue Jacques Bragermand, Montpellier, France		April 7, 1942
Leo Lewinsohn	Camp de Gurs, France		August 29, 1942
Lina & Fred Lew	Avenue de la Gare, Eglotons, Gerrage France		November 8, 1941

Name	Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Anna and Mina Lion	Camp de Gurs, France		August 3, 1942
Jacob and Hanchen Lion	Camp Les Milles		October 20, 1941
Salomon Lobbenberg	45 Liebigstr. Frankfurt A/M		September 18, 1942
Emily Seidenberg, Fritz and Rudolf Loeb	16 Rue Jean Richepin Carcasonne Aude Unoccupied France		October 24, 1942
Ferdinand & Toni Loebman	Camp de Gurs, France		August 31, 1942
Herman, Erna & Hanna Scharff Loew	Marseille		September 28, 1942
Arain & Regina Deiches Lowinsohn	Hotel National, Marseille, France		October 15,
Erna & Ludwig Lusheimer	Camp de Recebedou, Portet sur Garonne, France		October 21, 1942
Max Maier	Marseilles, France		June 30, 1942
Jack Mandelblatt	4 Rue St. Louis, Pau France		October 8, 1942
Arthur-Marien & Anna Mandeles	Marseilles		October 7, 1941
Ernst & Suzanne & Edith-Michele Marks	137 rue de Rome, Marseille		November 26, 1941
Alice Marx	Camp Recedebou, Unoccupied France		September 2, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Babette Marx	Ilot 1, Baraque 17 Camp de Gurs		October 1, 1940
Sigmund Marx	Ilot H. 17 Camp de Gurs		August 4, 1942
Zoltan & Bronia Mate	Ulloi Utca 89B Budapest, Hungary		September 22, 1941
Johanna Mayer	Centre de Sejour, Camp de Noe, Baraque 36, Haute Garonne, France		August 31, 1942
Adele Maymann	26 Ave Marechal Foch Marseille, France		November 1, 1941
Friedrich Meier	Camp des Milles, France		August 26, 1942
Nelly and Amalie Meier	Camp de Gurs, France		August 26, 1942
Madeleine, Louise & Irene Marie Mendelssohn	17 Boulevard Victor Hugo Nice, France		March 7, 1942
Emanuel and Luise Merklinger	Camp de Gurs, France		July 9, 1942
Bertha Rumstein Merl	Ilot M. Baraque 14 Camp de Gurs, France		October 22, 1942
Hedwig Meyer	France		November 16, 1942
Frieda, Elizabeth and Charlotte Meyerhoff	Camp de Gurs, France		August 12, 1942
Mrs. Rosa Michel	Ilot 1, Baraques 15 Camp de Gurs, France		October 26, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Wilhelm Moch	Camp des Milles, Unoccupied France		August 29, 1942
Gerta Moch	Camp des Femmes Marseille, France		August 29, 1942
Sophie-Helen Morducovitch (Lehman-Annamarie)	Villa Paradis Blvd, d'Italie, Cannes France		May 29, 1942
Sarah Moskovitz	St. Istvan Kt. 24 Budapest, Hungary		November 26, 1941
Bertha Moskowitz	Hotel Poste, Montauban Tarn Garonne France		November 26, 1941
Fernand-Margot & Robert Moyse	7 Rue du Guidon Louhans, Saone et Loire, France		May 28, 1942
Albert, Marie and Clara Muhlhauser	Camp de Gurs, France		October 22, 1942
Leo Muller	Camp les Milles, Unoccupied France		August 26, 1942
Joseph-Bertha & Jeanne Nacht	Marseille, France		September 4, 1942
Mrs. Fanny Nadel	8 rue du Marche Evian-les-Bains		April 23, 1942
Herbert Nathan	Hongchew, Shanghai		November 8, 1941
Mrs. Emma Neuberger	Camp de Gurs, France		May 18, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Caroline Neuberger	Camp de Recebeden Haute Garonne France		November 17, 1941
Dr. Max Neumann	Hotel de Thermes- Castera Verdazan, Gers, France		June 22, 1942
Mendel, Dora & Lotte Niederhoffer	Hotel Continental Nice, France		May 18, 1942
Miss Loute Nouneberg (Nunberg)	Nice, France		March 18, 1942
Jeanne, Marguerite Oberlander	Ginoles Les Bains (France)		March 19, 1942
Fanny-Vitalis Polack	Marseilles		March 25, 1942
Leopold M. Pollak	Lyon, France		October 23, 1942
Mrs. Gitz, Tamara & Irene Ponevejsky	Kobe, Japan		October 27, 1941
Rudolf Ray	5 Rue Galleau, Nice, France		November 17, 1941
Johanna Rennert	Ilot K 23, Camp de Gurs		July 31, 1942
Bertha Rindsberg	Camp Rivesaltes Ilot B Baraque 29 France		July 8, 1942
Kamilla Roos	Camp de Gur, Marseille, France		July 16, 1942
Abraham-Estera and Paula Rosenbaum	Cook Tourist, Shanghai		December 1, 1941

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of authorization or issuance of visa.
Lina & Wallach, Minna Tence Rothheimer	Haute Loire France		August 27, 1942
Hermine Rothmuller	32 Boulevard de Strasbourg Agen Lot et Garonne Unoccupied France		December 8, 1941
Clara, Gerturde and Paula Rothschild	Hotel Bonapart Traverse Beaulieus, Marseille		November 7, 1941
Helene Ruben	Camp de Gurs, France		September 11, 1941
Marguerite E. Rueff	4 Traverse Ste. Anne, Aix-enProvence B.D. RH Near Marseille, France		June 22, 1942
Anna-Hedwig Salomon	Havana, Cuba		June 22, 1942
Joseph Salomon	Recebedon, Haute Garonne Pav. 4, France		June 2, 1942
Joseph-Klara Salomon	Camp de Gurs, France		May 15, 1942
Friedirch-Regina, Joseph and Alfred Schabes	146 Rue Paul Bert Lyon, France		November 18, 1941
Hanna Schnerf	Marseille		September 28, 1942
Isac N. and Rachel Schatz	13 Rue de La Poste Perpignon, France		July 28, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or Issuance of Visa.
Louis Schatz and	Camp les Milles		December 10, 1941
Nellie Schatz Alexander	Marseille		December 10, 1941
Simon Alexander	Camp les Milles		December 10, 1941
Ruth Alexander	Marseille		December 10, 1941
Rosa Scheuer	Camp de Nos Haute Garonne Pavillon 37, France		September 24, 1942
Nanette Scheuffele	Camp de Gurs, France		May 2, 1942
Iri Schneehlag	Yokohoma Hotel Nichibai, Japan		December 4, 1941
Chaja Klara Schreiber	Camp Dargelese Surmer.9/2 Baraque 4, Dep Pyr Otales, France		July 18, 1942
Sophie Schwarz	Budapest		December 4, 1941
Karl and Rosa Segal	Marseille, France		December 4, 1941
Ottos and Gisela Schoenbach	Marseille, France		December 4, 1941
Kurt Simon Martha Jeanine Simon	Camp les Milles Aix en Provence 32 Rue Roux Alpheran France		March 4, 1943 March 4, 1943
Gustav Simon Paula Gutman	Camp de Gurs, France		July 21, 1942
Singer, Nojzess-Dr. Agate Francoise-Paulette	Clermont, Ferrand, France		October 8, 1944

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization for Issuance of visa
Karoline Einsheimer	Marseille		October 21, 1942
Henri and Esther Rifka Soil	Lyon, France		September 30, 1942
Albert Springer and wife	France		November 18, 1942
Emerich and Ida Turteltaub Steiner	Vilmosesasser Utca 41 Budapest, Hungary		December 8, 1941
Mrs. Esther Stern	Marseille, France		July 31, 1942
Karoline Strauss	19 rue Sousouzien Tarbes, France		August 5, 1942
Paula Tuteur	Hotel Bompard, Marseille, France		June 25, 1942
Salig Vladmir and family	France		November 16, 1942
Theresia Vollweiler	Ilot Baraque 25 Camp de Rivesaltes, France		June 15, 1942
Berthold and Else Weil	Marseille, France		July 3, 1942
Fanny Weil	Camp de Recebedou par Portet, sur Garonne, Haute Garonne France		July 1, 1942
Nete Weiler	Villa les Pommiers Barbazan Ht. Garonne, France		October 14, 1942
Berta Weinsweig	Camp de Gurs, Ilot L., Baraque 17 Basses Pyrenees, France		July 15, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Arrival Station or Lev. Number, if date.
Gertrude Reis	Ilot B Barraque 18 Camp de Gurs		October 8, 1942
Abraham & Adolf Reisman	3 Rue de Helain, Marseille, France		December 1, 1941
Alice Reiss	Siberia, Russia		September 27, 1941
Jakob-Fanny Rertheimer	Camp de Gurs, France		July 27, 1942
Rositta Rertheimer	Ilot 1 Barraque 22 Camp de Gurs, France		August 26, 1942
Max and Margarete Rillner	Camp du Vernet/Ariege Group C 47 Unoccupied France		September 30, 1942
Lilli Rosterfeld	Pavillon 37 Camp de Rce Hte. Garonne Unoccupied France		July 29, 1942
Synche and Sara Rincelberg	Camp de Rce Camp de Gurs		October 7, 1942
Alberg-Jacob and Karoline Rolf	Camp de Gurs Baraque 14 Basses Pyrennes, Unoc. Fr.		September 3, 1942
Ludwig Rolf	Camp des Milles, France		December 9, 1941
Max Rolf	Camp des Milles RSD.Rh Group 4 France		October 11
Dr. Leo Rolff	Camp de Gurs Ilot J. Infirmary		December 4, 1941

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa
Berke Yurysoycki	14 Avenue St. Roch Toulon France		April 27, 1942
Vladimir and Sara Zeilig	1 Boulevard Dumoulin Cannes, France		October 28, 1942
Malka Dobs Davidovics, Lazar, Rosa, Ester, and Margita Zelmanovits	Tecco, Maramaros Magye, Hungary		December 6, 1941
Moses & Heinzje Blits Zonlight	Southern France - unoccupied area		December 4, 1941
Maximilian - Katerina Zipper	Nice, France		October 2, 1942
Klara Zwada	Budapest		December 1, 1941
Yojne Rolf Zylberszstein	Marseille, France		December 3, 1941
Louise and Charlotte Kulik	Nice, France Chalet Provencal St. Sylvestre		June 1942
Fanny Alter	Hotel des Anglais, Cannes, A. M.		May 27, 1942
Hans and Sophie Henriette Arp	Marac, Hte, Gar., France		February 4, 1942
Thomas, Albert and Marta Barnes	c/o Amer. Friends Service Comm., 29 Blvd. d'Athenes, Marseilles, France		July 9, 1942
[illegible]	[illegible]		Oct. 27, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Joseph Beer	Maison Familiale 37 Ave. Clemenceau, Nice, France		Oct. 28, 1942
Waldemar Bolze	Camp de Gurs, B.P. France		Oct. 13, 1942
Ivan and Vera Bunin	Villa Jeannette, Grasse, A. M., France		Sept. 17, 1942
Klaus Doeblin	Centre Americain de Secours, Marseilles, France		July 1942
Walter and Hilde Dupre	Hopital de Puy, Puy de Dome, France		Oct. 10, 1942
Prof. Friedrich Epstein	Salernes, Var, France		Oct. 13, 1942
Walter, Ruth and Annette-Irene Fabian	Lavater Str. 37, Zurich, Switz.		July 1941
Alfred and Margot Falk	Villa Suzette, Blvd. de la Mer, Frejus/Var, France		Oct. 10, 1942
Ladislas Farago	27 rue Sousbarry, Cagnes sur Mer, France		Oct. 28, 1942
Hanno and Sonja Feldmann	Camp 8 Bar. des Aristes Argeles, sur Mer, France		Sept. 2, 1942
Conrad, Eva and Sybille Flatau	16 Ave. Baumettes, Nice, France		Oct. 4, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or Issuance of Visa
Prof. Wilhelm, Gertrude and Regina Friedmann	Osse en Aspe, B. P., France		Nov. 2, 1942
Jacob Gerssuni wife, child	c/o Arbeiterhilfswerk, Lavater Str. 37, Zurich, Switz.		Oct. 29, 1942
Wolfgang Heinz Hirsch	17 Schneckenmannstr., Zurich, Switz.		July 31, 1942
Alice Jugie	Hotel de l'Arcade, Vichy, France		April 20, 1942
Kalman, Frieda and Jacqueline Juris	Annillac par St. Bartheleny, Lot et Gar., France		August 21, 1942
Annelieze, Betty Krotoschiner and Fritz Kohler	c/o Madeleine Bigar, 12 rue St. Victor, Geneva, Switz.		Sept. 18, 1942
Mrs. Johanna Wessel van Kupper	Grand Hotel des Archers 15 rue des Archers, Lyon, France		Oct. 14, 1942
Richard Kaempfer	Kampten bei Wetzikon, Zurich, Switz.		Oct. 13, 1942
Sophie Kramsztyk	Sanatorium, Hauteville, Ain, France		Jan. 31, 1942
Hanina, Fritzi and Judith Leonore Lehr	4 Birsigstr., Basles, Switz.		Sept. 29, 1942
Otto Friedrick Lissauer	Le Monastere, rue de l'Immortelle Bandol, Var, France		Sept. 18, 1942
Rainer Litten	Stadttheater, Luzern, Switz.		Sept. 1941
Karl and Simone Mosser three children	Pharmacie Estang. (Gers) France		Oct. 13, 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or issuance of visa.
Baryes and Ella Nissenbaum	Camp de Rivesaltes, Pyr. Or., France		June 1942
Alex, Genevieve and Eugenie Poniszofsky	Le Veyrier du Lac, Hte. Sav., France		Oct. 28, 1942
Adolf Razdowits,	4 Birsigstr., Basles, Switz.		Sept. 1942
E. A. Rheinhardt	Villa Les Chenes, La Lavandon (Var) France		June 17, 1942
Ite Schaeffers	c/o Centre Americain de Secours, Marseilles, France		May 27, 1942
Rudolf and Charlotte Silbermann	Quintino Sella 20, Rome, Italy		Oct. 12, 1942
Dr. Hellmuth Simons	Camp Ausgsterthal, Switz.		July 20, 1942
Victor Sonnenschein	Claragraben 76, Basel, Switz.		June 28, 1942
Fritz Sonnenschein	Camp Chambery, Valais, France		July 27, 1942
Theophile and Herta Vertes	Camp Les Milles, B. D. Rh., France		Oct. 10, 1942
Otto and Jeanne Weinreich	16 rue Dr. Rollet Villeurbanne, France		May 29, 1942
Bruno and Friedel Wolff	Camp Langlade, France		Nov. 8, 1942
Alfred Wolfenstein	Nice, France		August 3, 1942
Berta and Emil Zuckerkandl	30 Ave. Georges Clemenceau, El Biar, Algiers, North Africa		August 1942

Name	Last Known Address	Sponsor	Date of Authorization or the month of visa
[illegible]	N. Lithuania	Norton and Agnes Leopold, Chicago, Illinois.	Nov., 1941
[illegible]		Dr. George Geal and Mr. Ethel Geal, 4414 W. Maplewood Ave. Magnus Kuhn, Chicago, Illinois.	Oct.,1941
[illegible]		David Marcowitz, Chicago, Ill.	Dec., 1941
[illegible]	Switzerland	Henry Kuhn, Chicago, Illinois. Mrs. Rena Weil, Chicago, Ill.	Oct.,1941
[illegible]	Group Travailleurs Etranger 702, Les Mees, Basses Alpes France	Richard Braun, New York Karoly Braun, Conn.	Nov., 1941
[illegible]	Camp Riversalten, Ilot B., Baraque 27, Centre de Nerbergement, France	Mrs. Martha Rosen-Weinberger, Ky. Rudolf Wolff, Louisville, Ky.	Oct., 1942

MAY 27 1944

TO: Mr. Berle

FROM: J. W. Pehle

Reference is made to my letter of May 24 suggesting additional categories of persons with respect to whom the employment of techniques similar to that suggested in my letter of May 2, 1944 might be helpful.

While the Board is unable to handle matters involving specific individuals, the following case, deserving of all possible consideration, has recently been called to our attention.

We are informed by Private Joseph Frumkin, ASN 42052452, Company E, 13th ASF Training Regiment, Camp Lee, Virginia, that his wife, Anna, and their minor daughter, Hermine Rose, as well as his sister, Eugenie Gorlin, are presently interned at Vittel. The fact of their internment at such camp appears to be substantiated by a letter addressed to Private Frumkin on January 27, 1944 by Lt. Colonel Edwin J. Carpenter, Assistant Director, Prisoner of War Division, Office of The Provost Marshal General. Furthermore, we have seen letters from Mrs. Frumkin to her husband, of very recent date, which appear to have come from Vittel. Mrs. Frumkin, her daughter and Mrs. Gorlin have Chilean passports (photocopies of which are in our files) issued by the Chilean Consul at Kobe, Japan, on May 19, 1941, while Private Frumkin was in Japan on his way from Poland to the United States. Private Frumkin, a native of Poland, was admitted to United States citizenship on May 20, 1944 by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia. Needless to say neither his wife, their daughter nor his sister have any connection with Chile aside from the possession of their Chilean passports. While I can't pretend to pass upon the legal questions involved, it appears to me that they are probably Polish citizens.

Private Frumkin believes that he is to be sent overseas soon.

I would appreciate your early advice as to what specific action can, in your opinion, be taken to safeguard the lives of the wife, daughter and sister of this American soldier.

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

LSLesser:als 5/26/44

MAY 27 1944

TO: Mr. Berle

FROM: J. W. Pehle

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(Signed) J.W. Pehle

L.S.L.

LSLesser:als 5/26/44

MAY 24 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

Please refer to my letter of May 2, 1944, in which there was submitted for the Department's consideration the suggestion that expired American immigration visas issued on or after July 1, 1941, to persons now in enemy-controlled territory be replaced or reissued under certain circumstances.

Since addressing my letter to you, it has occurred to us that there are several other categories of persons who might be aided by the adoption of similar techniques. These categories include:

(1) Successful applicants for immigration visas whose visas were not issued solely because they failed to appear therefor in person before American consular officers.

(2) Residents of enemy-controlled territory who because of their relationship to American citizens have either non-quota or first-preference status under existing immigration laws and regulations.

(3) Immediate families of aliens resident in the United States and now serving in its armed forces.

I would appreciate your early advice as to any views the Department may have with respect to the suggestion contained in my letter of May 2 and as to the availability of similar techniques which may be employed to aid persons in the categories herein listed.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

L.S.L.
MS:LSL:als 5/23/44

MAY 2 1944

My dear Mr. Berle:

Reference is made to my letter of March 16, 1944, regarding the possibility of reissuing and replacing visas previously issued to certain persons in enemy-occupied territories, and to your letter of March 28, 1944 (File VD 811.111 Refugees/2161), in reply thereto. The statement regarding the Swiss government in the second paragraph of my letter under reference contemplated a request that the Swiss government, as the power protecting American interests in Germany and German-controlled territory, advise the German government that certain American visas, expired by lapse of time, which were issued to persons now in German-controlled areas, have been replaced or reissued. The purpose of this proposal is to ascertain whether the reissuance or replacement of such a visa would facilitate its holder's departure from enemy-controlled territory or otherwise afford any protection to the intending immigrant.

The Board submits, for the Department's consideration and appropriate action, the suggestion that as a test of the proposal's feasibility, and on an experimental basis, expired United States visas issued on or after July 1, 1941, be replaced or reissued in a half dozen cases selected by the Department. The German authorities would then be informed through the Swiss government, that such expired American visas, issued on or after July 1, 1941, have been either reissued or replaced and will be made available when the holders present themselves before qualified American consular officers provided they are not subject to the physical and mental excluding provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917, and they produce such documents as may be required of them under Section 7(c) of the Immigration Act of 1924. This proposal is made on the theory that a person holding an expired visa which was issued on or after July 1, 1941, under the same statutes, regulations and security-check procedures as now prevail, may properly be presumed to continue to be admissible to the United States unless and until the contrary appears.

Your comments on this proposal would be appreciated.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

Mr. A. A. Berle
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

R.S.L.

LSLmaterials 5/1/44

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
WAR REFUGEE BOARD

INTER-OFFICE COMMUNICATION

DATE April 19, 1944

TO Mr. Lesser

FROM Miss Hodel

I have discussed the attached correspondence with Mr. Pehle. He suggests that we try to get State to ascertain on a test case basis whether any of these people would be allowed to leave occupied territory if assurances were made that United States visas would be issued to them. In this connection, he suggests that we ask State to indulge in the assumption that ten or twelve of these people are still admissible to the United States. He suggests a letter to State with a draft of a cable to Bern.

Correspondence is holding several letters we have received concerning specific individuals in the category under consideration.

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W. R. B.
Filing Authority
To: Files
Ans.
No. Ans. Req.
Initial
Date

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 25

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2161

March 28, 1944

My dear Mr. Pehle:

I refer to your letter of March 16, 1944 in which you inquire regarding the possibility of reissuing or replacing visas previously issued to certain individuals in enemy-occupied territory who may seek to enter Switzerland.

The Department desires to be of assistance to you in dealing with these cases. However, it may be pointed out that in view of the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 requiring consuls to refuse immigration visas to aliens who they know or have reason to believe are inadmissible into the United States, it would not be possible to give assurance to the Swiss or other Government that the visas would be reissued or replaced until the individuals in question should have appeared before an American consular officer in a country in which visa services are available, and should have been found by such officer to be admissible into the United States under the law.

The Department can indicate to the Swiss authorities that the cases of refugees entering Switzerland from enemy-occupied territory would be sympathetically considered with a view to issuing new visas to the holders of previous visas if upon examination they should be found to be admissible into the United States under the law. In practice, this should accomplish the end you have in mind.

Sincerely yours,

For the Secretary of State:

Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Acting Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

FOR VICTORY BUY UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS AND STAMPS

File

April 19, 1944

Mr. Lesser

Miss Hodel

I have discussed the attached correspondence with Mr. Pehle. He suggests that we try to get State to ascertain on a test case basis whether any of these people would be allowed to leave occupied territory if assurances were made that United States visas would be issued to them. In this connection, he suggests that we ask State to indulge in the assumption that ten or twelve of these people are still admissible to the United States. He suggests a letter to State with a draft of a cable to Bern.

Correspondence is holding several letters we have received concerning specific individuals in the category under consideration.

Taken from Mr. Lesser file 1/20/45

FH:lab 4/19/44

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

WASHINGTON

In reply refer to
VD 811.111 Refugees/2161

March 28, 1944

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Sincerely yours,

For the Secretary of State:

(signed) Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary

Mr. J. W. Pehle,
Acting Executive Director,
War Refugee Board,
Executive Office of the President.

MAR 16 1944

Dear Mr. Travers:

While one of the first decisions of the Board was to concentrate on projects for the rescue of groups of persons and not to seek out and rescue specific individuals, several cases have come to the attention of the Board of late which I feel should be taken up with the Department of State.

These cases involve individuals in occupied territory who prior to the occupation of the territory by the enemy had received visas for entry into the United States. We have been advised that it might be possible for these people to be brought out of enemy territory if their United States visas were reissued and if the Swiss Government were requested to notify the enemy authorities that the visas are presently valid.

I would appreciate being advised as to whether or not the reissuance or replacement of such visas is permitted under existing law and regulations, and if so, whether the State Department would give consideration to such reissuance or replacement in the type of case mentioned above.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Acting Executive Director

Mr. Howard K. Travers,
Chief, Visa Division,
Department of State,
Washington, D. C.

FH:lab 3/13/44

To : Mr. Lesser

From : Myles Standish

Subject: Bearers of Expired American Immigration Visas

In accordance with the suggestions contained in Miss Hodel's memorandum of April 19, 1944, to you, I have drafted the attached letter to Mr. Berle and the cable to the American Legation, Bern, on a text-case basis.

I feel, however, that by employing actual names for submission to the German authorities we may be placing at least a few of the persons involved in even greater danger. It is logical to assume that most of the people, particularly Jews, who failed to leave Europe during the validity of their American visas were unable to do so because of travel restrictions imposed upon them by the Germans. They are now being relentlessly sought by the Germans and many are in hiding. By submitting their names to the German police, we should, in many cases, be only spurring the authorities to greater zeal in their search. It is possible, too, that the police may stumble upon secret hiding places and even uncover underground escape routes. We may be doing great harm to those we wish to help. It is my opinion, therefore, that this matter should be presented to the Germans on the same general basis as that of persons holding certificates for Palestine. The Germans appear willing to grant exit permits to Jews who have immigration permits for any country outside Europe; this proposal of ours will ascertain if this is still true.

CC: Lesser, Hodel, Files

DRAFT OF A LETTER TO MR. BERLE.

My dear Mr. Berle:

In further reference to my letter of March 16, 1944, regarding the possibility of reissuing or replacing visas previously issued to certain persons in enemy-occupied territory, and your letter or reply thereto of March 28, 1944, there has apparently been a misunderstanding. The reference made to the Swiss Government in the second paragraph of my letter contemplated an approach to that government as the power protecting American interests in Germany and German-controlled territory. While it would be desirable for the persons in question to enter Switzerland, the Board did not wish to restrict its efforts to assist holders of expired immigration visas to escape to Swiss territory only.

The Board submits, for the Department's consideration and appropriate action the suggestion that the German authorities be informed through the good offices of the Swiss Government, that expired American visas, issued on or after July 1, 1941, will be either reissued or replaced after the holders present themselves before qualified American consular officers and that persons whose entry into the United States was approved

on or after that date, will be issued immigration visas under the same conditions. It would appear consistent with the principles of American jurisprudence to assume that the bearers of expired visas issued on or after July 1, 1941, or persons whose entry was approved under the present security system may be presumed to continue to be admissible into the United States under existing law and regulations, until the contrary appears.

If the security aspects of these cases were satisfactory at the time of approval, it is unlikely that the persons concerned have changed in their attitude toward or relationship with the enemy, particularly in light of their probable adverse treatment at enemy hands since entry was approved.

The Board wishes to ascertain by employment of specific cases, whether the German authorities will permit the emigration from the territories under their control of persons who hold either valid or expired visas for this or any other country outside Europe.

It is believed that the Department's files will contain the names of ten to twelve persons whose cases may be used as a test.

If any degree of success is attained in these cases of persons previously approved for entry into the United States, the Board plans approaching several appropriate governments with a request for parallel action through their own protecting power.

The German practice of favorable treatment of holders of Palestine immigration certificates would seem to indicate success in this direction.

With this in mind, there is enclosed the draft of a suggested telegram to the American Legation at Bern.

Very truly yours,

J. W. Pehle
Executive Director

The Honorable,
Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
Assistant Secretary of State,
Department of State,
Washington, D.C.

Enclosure.

DRAFT OF TELEGRAM TO AMERICAN LEGATION, BERN

While the War Refugee Board is not attempting the rescue of specific individuals from enemy-occupied territory, it is endeavoring to assist, on a test-case basis, in the emigration from German-occupied territory of the persons whose names and last-known addresses are given below. You are authorized, therefore, to request the Swiss Government, as the protecting power of the United States, to approach the German authorities informing them that all persons whose entry into the United States was approved on or after July 1, 1941, and who appear in person before a qualified American consular officer, will have their immigration visas reissued or renewed, or will receive immigration visas, provided that the bearers or applicants are still not subject to the physical and mental excluding provisions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917. Persons whose cases fall within this classification are:

(Names and Addresses)

In each of the above cases you should prepare the following certificate issued by the Legation bearing its seal and the signature of the diplomatic officer designated by you UOTE To Whom It May Concern paragraph This is to inform all appropriate authorities that (name of person) whose address is (last known address) will be accorded a visa for entry into the United States of America if he appears in person before a qualified American consular officer and presents 1) evidence that he is still not subject to the physical and mental excluding pro-

visions of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917, and 2) such public documents required of intending immigrants into the United States by Section 7 (c) of that Act as may be available to him. UNQUOTE Please request that the certificates be transmitted to the German authorities along with the above information.

You may also inform the Swiss Government that the cases of persons whose entry into the United States was approved by the Department on or after July 1, 1941, and who enter Switzerland from enemy-occupied territory, will be sympathetically considered with a view to issuing new visas. You should instruct appropriate American consular officers that they should submit to the Department by telegraph, at the applicant's expense, the name, place and date of birth, quota-country, and consulate which either issued visa or to which application for visa was made, of all persons whose cases fall within purview of this telegram.

File

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MAR 16 1944

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Very truly yours,

(Signed) J.W. Pehle

J. W. Pehle
Acting Executive Director

Mr. Howard K. Travers,
Chief, Visa Division,
Department of State,
Washington, D. C.

FH:lab 3/13/44